

MEETING of Audit and Risk Committee

AGENDA

Time:	3:00 pm
Date:	Wednesday, 15 November 2023
Venue:	Waiata House, 27 Lincoln Road, Masterton

MEMBERSHIP

Chair Philip Jones (Chairperson)

Mayor Gary Caffell Councillor Bex Johnson Councillor Craig Bowyer Councillor Brent Goodwin Councillor David Holmes Councillor Tom Hullena Councillor Stella Lennox Councillor Tim Nelson Iwi Representative Ra Smith Councillor Marama Tuuta

Values

- 1. **Public interest:** members will serve the best interests of the people within the Masterton district and discharge their duties conscientiously, to the best of their ability.
- 2. **Public trust:** members, in order to foster community confidence and trust in their Council, will work together constructively and uphold the values of honesty, integrity, accountability and transparency.
- 3. **Ethical behaviour**: members will not place themselves in situations where their honesty and integrity may be questioned, will not behave improperly and will avoid the appearance of any such behaviour.
- 4. **Objectivity:** members will make decisions on merit; including appointments, awarding contracts, and recommending individuals for rewards or benefits.
- 5. **Respect for others:** will treat people, including other members, with respect and courtesy, regardless of their ethnicity, age, religion, gender, sexual orientation, or disability. Members will respect the impartiality and integrity of Council staff.
- 6. **Duty to uphold the law:** members will comply with all legislative requirements applying to their role, abide by this Code, and act in accordance with the trust placed in them by the public.
- 7. **Equitable contribution:** members will take all reasonable steps to ensure they fulfil the duties and responsibilities of office, including attending meetings and workshops, preparing for meetings, attending civic events, and participating in relevant training seminars.
- 8. **Leadership:** members will actively promote and support these principles and ensure they are reflected in the way in which MDC operates, including a regular review and assessment of MDC's collective performance.

These values complement, and work in conjunction with, the principles of section 14 of the LGA 2002; the governance principles of section 39 of the LGA 2002; and our MDC governance principles:

Whakamana Tangata	Respecting the mandate of each member, and ensuring the integrity of the committee as a whole by acknowledging the principle of collective responsibility and decision-making.
Manaakitanga	Recognising and embracing the mana of others.
Rangatiratanga	Demonstrating effective leadership with integrity, humility, honesty and transparency.
Whanaungatanga	Building and sustaining effective and efficient relationships.
Kotahitanga	Working collectively.

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1 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Members are reminded of the need to be vigilant to stand aside from decision making when a conflict arises between their role as a member and any private or other external interest they might have.

2 APOLOGIES

The Chair invites notice from members of apologies, including apologies for lateness and early departure from the meeting.

3 PUBLIC FORUM

4 ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

The Chairperson will give notice of items not on the agenda as follows:

Matters requiring urgent attention as determined by resolution of the Council

- The reason why the item is not on the agenda; and
- The reason why discussion of the item cannot be delayed until a subsequent meeting.

Minor matters relating to the general business of Council

No resolution, decision or recommendation may be made in respect of the item except to refer it to a subsequent meeting of Masterton District Council for further discussion.

5 REPORTS FOR DECISION

5.1 ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY

File Number:

Author:Matt Steele, Senior Policy AdvisorAuthoriser:Kym Fell, Chief Executive

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to seek endorsement from the Audit and Risk Committee of the revised Asset Management Policy (Attachment 1).

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Audit and Risk Committee:

- i) notes a review of the Asset Management Policy has been completed;
- ii) notes the revised Asset Management Policy was approved by the Strategic Leadership Team on 2 November 2023; and
- iii) endorses the revised Asset Management Policy included as Attachment 1.

CONTEXT

The purpose of the Asset Management Policy is to outline Masterton District Council's (MDC's) commitment to asset management and set a consistent framework for asset management at MDC. It is applied across all Council asset management activities in alignment with the Council's vision, strategic priorities and community outcomes.

The Policy articulates the policy context that MDCs asset management processes operate within. It also illustrates the relationship between the Policy, the Infrastructure Strategy, the Long-Term Plan, and the various levels of asset management. Council's goal is to ensure sustainable, long-term asset management for community benefit.

The Policy applies to all MDC infrastructure assets. MDC manages infrastructure assets like water, sewerage, stormwater, roading, community facilities, and senior housing to serve residents, businesses, and visitors. Asset management is a significant part of Council's budget, covering creation, operation, maintenance, renewal, and disposal of assets.

REVIEW PROCESS

MDC has committed to reviewing the Asset Management Policy every three years, as part of the LTP process. The review was completed over September/October 2023. As part of the review process, staff involved in asset management provided input on the Policy and desktop research was undertaken to compare with other local government asset management policies. The Policy was also checked against relevant legislation and central government guidance.



No changes have been made to the purpose or scope of the Policy.

As a result of the review, the following changes have been made:

Addition of further context and update of formatting

The Policy now includes a section on the strategic context. This section sets out how the Policy relates to a number of Council's other strategic and statutory documents which outline Council's roles, services and operations.

As part of the review tables have also been added covering the scope of the Policy, lifecycle management, and roles and responsibilities. This information has been put into table format to improve clarity and readability.

Updated requirements on condition assessment reporting

The Policy previously committed MDC to report annually to the committee about the condition of all assets via the annual report. This is not a legislative requirement. Given it is not a legislative requirement, and reporting on the condition off all assets annually would require significant resource and investment, this commitment has been removed from the Policy. The Asset Management Plans that are peer reviewed and published every three years include information on condition assessment so information will still be available on a three yearly basis.

Amendments to roles and responsibilities

The role of the Chief Executive was not previously included in the Policy. The roles and responsibilities have been updated to include the Chief Executive, with the following responsibilities:

- Take charge and lead the charge in promoting dynamic asset management among the staff, Council, and the community.
- Collaborate with senior management to promote a cross-functional approach to asset management.
- Monitor compliance with this asset management policy.

There has also been a change of role description from Asset Management Advisor to Asset Planning Engineer. This reflects the current staffing at MDC.

AUDIT AND RISK ENDORSEMENT

The Asset Management Policy is an internal policy that is approved by the Strategic Leadership Team (SLT) and is endorsed by the Audit and Risk Committee, as it is one of the polices that is monitored by this Committee. The policy was approved by SLT on 2 November 2023.

Once endorsed by the Audit and Risk Committee, the Policy will be due for review in November 2026, unless there are any significant legislative drivers that would trigger an early review.

OPTIONS CONSIDERED

A summary of the options considered is included in the tale below.



Option	Advantages	Disadvantages
	The revised policy reflects current legislation. The revised policy reflects current asset management practice and is consistent with Council's strategic and statutory documents.	No disadvantages identified.
Option 2: Retain the 2017 Asset Management Policy with no changes.		Policy does not include the updated roles and responsibilities. Policy commits Council to annual reporting on the condition of all assets.

RECOMMENDED OPTION

Option 1 is recommended. The revised Policy reflects current legislation, asset management practice, and Council's strategic and statutory documents.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

The revised Policy reflects the associated legal frameworks regarding asset management, and current asset management practice.

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

The policy does not trigger criteria under the Significance and Engagement Policy to require community engagement or consultation. It is an internal Policy that has been reviewed by internal staff and SLT.

Financial Considerations

There are no specific financial considerations associated with the revision of this Policy.

Implications for Māori

There are no implications for Māori associated with the revision of this Policy.

Communications/Engagement Plan

There are no decisions for this report that require either a communication or engagement plan.



Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

There are no environmental/climate change impacts or considerations arising out of the report provided.

Next steps

Following endorsement from the Audit and Risk Committee, the Policy will be updated on our website and promulgated to staff.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Asset Management Policy 🗓 🛣

Asset Management Policy

Applicable to:	MDC Staff	Policy Number:	MDC023
Issued by:	Chief Executive	Last Approved:	XX November 2023
Contact Person:	Manager Assets and Operations	Review Date:	XX November 2026

Purpose

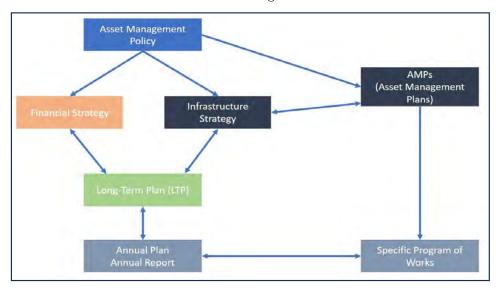
The purpose of the Asset Management Policy is to state Masterton District Council's/Te Kaunihera ā- rohe o Whakaoriori (MDC's) commitment to asset management and set a consistent framework for asset management at MDC.

Policy Context

Masterton District Council (MDC) manages infrastructure assets like water, sewerage, stormwater, roading, community facilities, and senior housing to serve residents, businesses, and visitors. MDC is committed to systematic asset management for efficiency and costeffectiveness. Asset management is a significant part of Council's budget, covering creation, operation, maintenance, renewal, and disposal of assets. Council's goal is to ensure sustainable, long-term asset management for community benefit.

Strategic Context

A number of internal strategic and statutory documents outline the Council's roles, services, and operations. These documents must align to ensure the efficient and effective delivery of asset-related functions, services, and activities.



The relationship between this Asset Management Policy, the Infrastructure Strategy, Long-Term Plan and the various levels of asset management is set out below:

1



Scope

This policy applies to all MDC infrastructure assets. In general terms the categories of assets and associated asset types that Council owns, or controls, and are covered by this policy are:

Activities	Example of Assets	
Parks and open spaces	Public open space, street and park trees, stadium, cemeteries, playgrounds, lakes	
Community facilities and property	Recreation Centre, Library, Public toilets	
Roading	Roads, bridges, culverts, footpaths, kerb and channels, shared paths, cycle lanes, cycle paths, streetlights, signs, traffic signals, road markings and bus shelters	
Water Supply ¹	Treatment plants, pipelines, reservoirs, and connections (laterals, tobies and meters)	
Solid Waste	Landfill and transfer stations	
Stormwater ¹	Pipelines, open drains, and land drainage scheme	
Wastewater ¹	Treatment plants, gravity pipelines, rising mains, and pump stations	

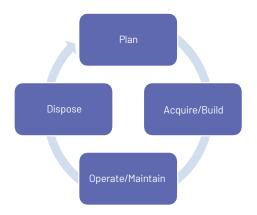
Council contractor assets are exempt from this policy.

Principles of Asset Management

Council takes an integrated and multi-disciplinary approach to asset management. Assets are managed with the primary purpose of providing a desired level of service, in the most cost-effective manner, to meet present and future needs.

A systematic, whole of life approach is taken to manage assets, as illustrated by the asset lifecycle following.

¹Three Waters assets are part of the council, but they will be transferred to the National Transition Unit (NTU) of DIA before July 1, 2026. So, it might not be an asset to the council after that period. NTU is responsible for the Three Waters AMP, and all the geospatial data related to Three Waters is sent to NTU.



All asset management decisions will be made in accordance with the following principles:

- Assets will be created or acquired for their service delivery potential. Service delivery needs and levels of service will be defined in consultation with the community, also taking into consideration relevant demographic, social, environmental, technical and financial factors.
- Asset management planning will be fully integrated with all activities across MDC.
- Asset management decisions will be made in line with service provision determined through the Long-Term Plan and Section 17A reviews.
- Assets will be managed to effectively and efficiently meet the needs of the community now and in the future.
- Responsibilities for the control and management of assets will be defined.

Asset Management Plans

Asset Management Plans (AMPs) document the activities, resources and timeframes required for assets to achieve MDC's objectives. MDC develops AMPs for all key asset and activity areas, namely:

- Parks and open spaces;
- Community facilities and property;
- Roading;
- Water Supply;
- Solid Waste;
- Stormwater; and
- Wastewater.



Each of the key asset and activity areas will be assigned an Asset Manager, responsible for the development and implementation of the AMP. AMPs should be updated regularly, in line with budget and planning decisions, with a strategic review every three years, in line with the LTP development.

Lifecycle Management

Asset lifecycle management is the process used to ensure we get the full life out of assets via planning and maintenance to boost productivity, extend asset lifespans, and reduce costs. The four major stages of an asset's lifecycle are plan, acquire, operate/use, maintain, dispose.

MDC will effectively manage its assets throughout the lifecycle. This is further detailed below:

Lifecycle stages	Lifecycle activities	
Plan	 Identify an asset's necessity, its technical requirements, and potential solutions for procurement. Evaluation, prioritisation and selection of capital investment proposals will be based on lifecycle cost-benefit analysis. Budget for new assets and asset renewals will be considered and approved through the Long-Term Plan (LTP) and Annual Plan process. 	
Acquire/Build	 Organisation and control of the purchase of new, updated or renewed assets. All purchases should follow the principles and objectives of the MDC Procurement Policy. 	
Operate and Maintain	 Assets will be used for the purposes set out in the planning stage. Operation of assets is tracked with regular evaluation of function and use. Infrastructure assets will be managed, at a minimum, in accordance with the Core Asset Management Practices as defined in the New Zealand Asset Management Support's (NAMS) International Infrastructure Management Manual 2020. Detailed asset registers will be maintained for all MDC-owned or controlled assets. 	
Dispose	 All assets will be assigned an 'economic life' and valuations and depreciation will be defined in accordance with all relevant MDC financial policies. Any disposals will be undertaken as per any contractual terms, consideration of mana whenua, and in accordance with relevant MDC policies. 	



Audit & Reporting

An independent peer review of the AMPs will be completed every three years, in addition to audits of the AMPs by the Office of the Auditor General as part of the LTP process.

Roles & Responsibilities

Roles	Responsibilities	
CEO	 Take charge and lead the charge in promoting dynamic asset management among the staff, council, and the community. Collaborate with senior management to promote a cross-functional approach to asset management. Monitor compliance with this asset management policy. 	
Senior Management Team	 Ensure that asset managers are equipped with all the essential skills, training, resources, and assistance required to achieve their asset management goals successfully. Act as a review panel for asset management plans and projects. Ensure approved AMPs are implemented within budget and service parameters. Ensure that accurate and reliable information is presented to Council for decision making. Ensure agreed work programme relating to AMPs is delivered. Monitor and review organisational performance in achieving the asset management strategy. Ensure community consultation is undertaken at appropriate times and in accordance with the Local Government Act 2002 and MDC's Significance and Engagement Policy, and that other legal and statutory obligations are met. 	
Asset Managers (Individuals)	 Assist in the development of appropriate policy, strategy and guidelines/processes as required. Ensure their asset group data is accurate and current. Develop AMPs for their asset group in accordance with the requirements of this policy. 	

	 Implement improvement plans for their asset group. Implement approved AMPs for their asset group. Deliver levels of service for their asset group
	 to agreed risk and cost standards. Review AMPs to agreed timeframes, in consultation with the Asset Planning Engineer.
	Engineer.
Asset Planning Engineer	 Develop and enhance asset management functions within MDC.
	 Raise awareness of the value of asset management within MDC.
	 Coordinate and review asset management systems and processes, objectives and guidelines.
	 Coordinate AMP development, implementation and review.
	- Audit and report on asset management.
	- Seek external expertise as needed.

Review of Policy

This policy will be reviewed in conjunction with the LTP every three years.

Definitions

Asset: Any item, thing or entity that has potential or actual value to an organisation.

Asset Management: The combination of management, financial, economic, engineering and other practices applied to physical assets with the objective of providing the required level of service in the most cost-effective manner.

Lifecycle Cost Analysis: A method of determining the cost-effective option to purchase, operate, maintain and dispose of an asset, when each available option is equally appropriate to be implemented on technical grounds.

Related Documents

- Asset Management Plans (published each LTP cycle)
- <u>Masterton District Council Long-Term Plan</u>
- Masterton District Council Procurement Policy
- <u>Masterton District Council Significance and Engagement Policy</u>

References

Local Government Act 2002



Version Control

Version	Date	Summary of Amendments	Approved By
1.0	11/7/2017	Removal of procedural content.	Senior Management Team
			Endorsed by Council 20/09/2017
2.0	XX/XX/2023	Addition of further context and update of formatting.	Senior Leadership Team approved
		Updated requirements on condition assessment reporting.	2/11/2023
		Inclusion of CE in roles and responsibilities.	
		Change of role description from Asset Management Advisor to Asset Planning Engineer – to reflect current staffing.	

5.2 NON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2023/24 QUARTER 1 REPORT

File Number:

Author:	Tania Madden, Principal Advisor Strategy and Governance
Authoriser:	Karen Yates, Manager Strategy and Governance

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to advise the Audit and Risk Committee of performance against nonfinancial measures year to date. The figures in this report are for the period from 1 July 2023 to 30 September 2023.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the first non-financial performance report for Year 3 (2023/24) of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan (LTP).

Results against performance measures are reported for seven activity areas. The activity areas are:

- Roads and Footpaths
- Water Supply
- Wastewater
- Stormwater
- Solid Waste
- Community Facilities and Parks
- Regulatory Services

In total there are 43 measures across the seven activity areas, with 36 available to report in Quarter 1 of 2023/24.

Of the 36 measures reported, 76.7% (33 measures) were achieved or expect to be achieved, and 7.0% (3 measures) were not achieved or not on track to be achieved at year end. Seven measures were not available to report, with the majority of these being measures that are only reported at year-end. Further information is provided in Attachment 1.

For comparison, at the end of Quarter 1 of the 2022/23 financial year, 62.8% (27 measures) were achieved/on track, and 20.9% (9 measures) were not achieved or not expected to be achieved at year end. Seven measures were not available to report.

Results for Quarter 1 of the 2023/24 financial year are an improvement on the same quarter last year. In particular, wastewater and stormwater results have seen an increase in the number of measures that have been achieved compared to the equivalent period last year. Quarter 1 results for these activity areas last year were impacted by heavy rain exacerbated by high groundwater tables.

Q1 Results – Current Year vs Previous Year

	Q1 2023/24 (current year)	Q1 2022/23 (previous year)
Achieved/Expect to Achieve	76.7% (33)	62.8% (27)
Not Achieved/Not Expected to be Achieved at Year End	7.0% (3)	20.9% (9)

Not Available to Report	16.3% (7)	16.3% (7)
Total:	43	43

The number of measures achieved compared to Q1 of the previous year:

Number of Measures Achieved:	Q1 2023/24 (current year)	Q1 2022/23 (previous year)
Roads (6 measures - 4 reported at year end)	2	2
Wastewater (6 measures)	6	3
Stormwater (5 measures)	5	4
Water Supply (9 measures – 2 reported at year end)	5	7
Solid Waste (3 measures)	3	2
Community Facilities & Activities (6 measures – 1 no longer available to report)	5	5
Regulatory (8 measures)	5	4

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Audit and Risk Committee

- i) Receives the Quarter 1 non-financial performance report for the 2023/24 financial year.
- ii) Recommends Council confirm the Year 3 (current year) targets for the two water measures that are reported annually as follows:
 - Percentage of Real Water Loss target for Year 3: no more than 32.5%.
 - Average Consumption target for Year 3: no more than 578/litres/person/day.

CONTEXT

The Local Government Act 2002 requires Councils to include performance measures and targets for activity areas in its Long-Term Plan. This is the first non-financial performance report for Year 3 of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan (LTP).

The performance measure framework was last reviewed and revised as part of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan process .

There are some mandatory measures identified by the Department of Internal Affairs (DIA) that all Councils must report on. These primarily relate to infrastructure services and have been included in the performance measure framework. They are identified as Mandatory Measures in Attachment 1.

The measures that were adopted as part of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan apply from 1 July 2021.

Council is required to report on progress against the measures and targets at least annually.

Confirming Water Measure Targets for Year 3 (the current financial year)

There are two water measures that are reported annually: Percentage of Real Water Loss and Average Consumption. For those measures we indicated in the 2021-31 LTP that the target would be set annually to align with water meter installation and associated data.

In August 2023 staff recommended new targets for these measures that aligned with how measures had been set in previous years – i.e. that the result would be no more than what was achieved in the year prior:

- Percentage of Real Water Loss Proposed target for Year 3: no more than 32.4% (i.e. real water loss in Year 3 is no more than the Year 2 result).
- Average Consumption Proposed target for Year 3: no more than 578/litres/ person/ day (i.e. consumption in Year 3 is no more than Year 2 target, noting that this target was not achieved in 2022/23).

The Audit and Risk Committee recommended more ambitious targets for Year 3 of:

- Percentage of Real Water Loss target for Year 3: no more than 30%
 - In Year 2 the target was no more than 32.5% and the result was 32.4%.
 - In Year 1 the target was no more than 34% and the result was 32.5%, which became the Year 2 target.
- Average Consumption target for Year 3: no more than 530/litres/person/day
 - In Year 2 the target was no more than 578/litres/person/day and the result was 586/l/p/d so not achieved.
 - In Year 1 the target was no more than 586/litres/person/day and the result was 578//p/d which became the Year 2 target.

It was subsequently advised that staff would report back to Council with more information regarding the context for the measures proposed.

At the time these water measures were set through the 2021-31 LTP it was anticipated that a water meter charging regime would be introduced in the urban area; and that this would influence

consumption and water loss – i.e. people would reduce water use given the charging regime and meters would assist people to identify and remedy water leaks on private property.

Given that, the 2021-31 LTP signalled an opportunity to review measures annually to enable elected members to take the impact of the water meters and associated charging regime into consideration, however with the Three Waters review pending, the introduction of water meter charging was deferred.

Targets should be set at a level that is realistic taking into account previous results and the level of service and investment for that activity. As water meter charging has not yet been introduced, and there has been no change in levels of service or budget for water services since the 2021-31 LTP was adopted, there is no current driver to substantially change the targets for these measures. Staff do not recommend setting aspirational targets that are unlikely to be achieved.

The targets proposed by staff for Year 3 align with how measures have been set in the past and signal a desire for continual improvement in alignment with the previous year's results -i.e. we aim to do better this year than we did last year.

It is therefore recommended that the targets proposed by staff be confirmed for the current year (Year 3 of the 2021-31 LTP), noting Council will have the opportunity to set new targets for non-financial performance measures through the 2024-34 LTP.

Highlights in Quarter 1 include:

Roading

The two measures available to report have been achieved; and there has been a decrease in the number of urgent (40 vs 96) and non-urgent (261 vs 340) complaints compared to the same period last year, noting that Q1 last year was impacted by weather.

Three Waters

As noted in previous reports to Audit & Risk, rain and weather events since February 2022 have impacted results for Council's wastewater and stormwater services over the past 18 months. However, for Quarter 1 of this year, the majority of measures that are available to report have been achieved.

- Wastewater complaints are significantly lower with 28 complaints compared to 137 for the same period last year. At this level, the number of complaints is more comparable with results prior to the February 2022 rain event. (19 complaints in Q1 of 2021/22). Attendance and resolution times for the quarter have also improved compared to the same quarter last year.
- Stormwater complaints have also decreased from 31 for Q1 last year to 14 this year. Most complaints related to wastewater/stream maintenance.
- One port-a-loo was deployed in Q1 compared to 81 for the same period last year. This is the lowest number of port-a-loos deployed since the February 2022 rain event.



• No flooding events were reported.

Two water measures are reported as not achieved. These relate to compliance with Part 4 and Part 5 of the Drinking Water Standards. The data requirements for these measures have changed, resulting in a technical non-compliance. This has been addressed but will mean, given the non-compliance in this quarter, that these measures will not be achieved in the current year.

Community Facilities and Parks

Quarter 1 results for community facilities and parks were positive. All five measures that were available to report were achieved, as they were last year.

Trust House Recreation Centre gym usage is tracking up compared to the previous two years, while swim and stadium use is comparable to last year. Stadium events have declined from 2,124 in the same period last year to 507 this year. This is primarily a reflection of the B-Legends childcare programme that previously used the stadium frequently closing down.

In the Library, all categories of library use are trending up compared to the same periods last year and the year before. The number of in-person visits is also trending up, while housebound and digital visits are at a level comparable with 2021/22 year (an increase on last year).

Regulatory

Five of the eight regulatory measures were achieved, and two were not achieved in Q1 but are expected to be achieved at year-end. The measure that is not expected to be achieved based on current projections is the number of swimming pool inspections completed. In Year 3 of the 2021-31 LTP this target increases from 50% to 80%. Currently the team have inspected 53% of all known pools.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

Under legislation, Council is required to identify performance measures and targets for its activity areas and periodically report on these. Council must also report on those measures that are identified as mandatory for all councils.

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

The recommendation to receive this report does not trigger criteria under the significance and engagement policy.

Financial Considerations

There are no specific financial considerations associated with this update.

Implications for Māori

There are no considerations or implications specific to Māori arising out of the receipt of this report.

Communications/Engagement Plan

Not applicable.



Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

There are no environmental/climate change impacts or considerations arising from the receipt of this report.

ATTACHMENTS

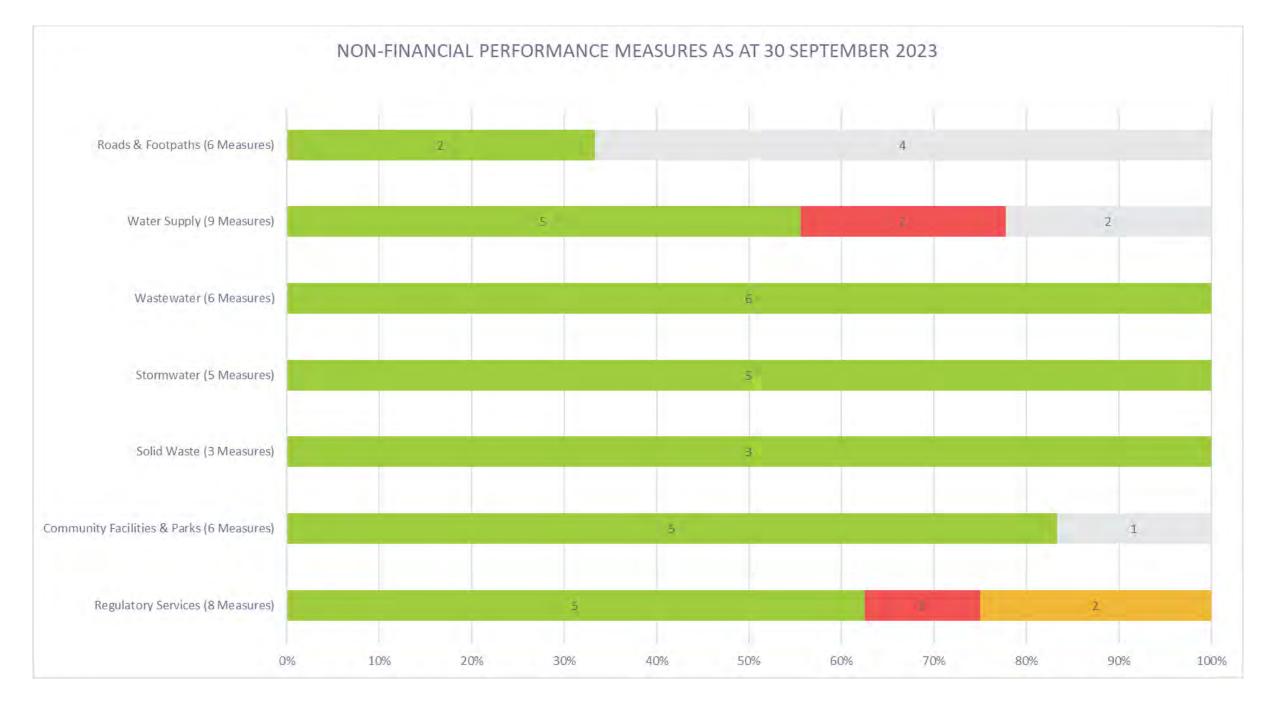
1. Non-Financial Performance Measures for 2023/24 Quarter 1 🗓 🛣



ATTACHMENT 1: Non-Financial Performance Measures for 2023/24 Quarter 1

The graph below shows the percentage of measures against each activity area that:

- have been achieved as at 30 September 2023 (green);
- have not been achieved as at 30 September 2023 but expect to be achieved at year end (orange):
- have not been achieved as at 30 September and not expected to be achieved at year end (red);
- Are not applicable and/or information is not available as at 30 September 2023 (grey).



	CUF	RENT YEAR END RESULT	ſS	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Roading						
Number of fatalities and serious injury crashes on the local road network. (Mandatory Measure)	No more than the 5 year average.	Reported at Year End	Not Available to Report	No fatalities and nine serious injury crashes.	One fatality and twelve serious injury crashes.	
Average quality of ride on a sealed local road network, measured by smooth travel exposure.	Maintain or improve on 90%	Reported at Year End	Not Available to Report	94% network smooth travel exposure (as at 30/6/23)	94% network smooth travel exposure (as at 30/6/22)	
(Mandatory Measure)						
Percentage of sealed local road network that is resurfaced.	Maintain within 5-7%	Reported at Year End	Not Available to Report	1.9% Resurfaced 10.05 km of the total 535 km sealed local road network.	5% Resurfaced 28.5km of the total 534.5km sealed local road network.	
(Mandatory Measure)			-			
Percentage of footpaths where the condition falls within the level of service defined in MDC's Asset Management Plan	90% of footpaths are rated excellent, good or fair	Reported at Year End	Not Available to Report	91.7% 196.2km of 214km of the footpath network surveyed to June 2023 was condition rated excellent, good and Average. (Other condition ratings are poor, very poor and unknown)	92% 193km of 210km of the footpath network surveyed to June 2022 was condition rated excellent, good or fair.	
(Mandatory Measure)						
Percentage of urgent customer service requests responded to within 2 days.	95% within specified timeframe	97.5% 39 of 40 urgent requests were responded to within two days.		98.9% 270 of 273 urgent requests were responded to within two days.	99.6% 283 out of 284 urgent requests were responded to within two days.	Year End Result: 97.5% 39 out of 40 urgent requests ha within specified timeframes.
(Mandatory Measure)			Achieved	Q1: 100% (96/96) Q2: 100% (62/62) Q3: 97.3% (72/74) Q4: 97.6% (40/41)	Q1: 100% (79/79) Q2: 97.8% (44/45) Q3: 100% (101/101) Q4: 100% (59/59)	2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 97.5% (39/40)

2023/24 Quarter 1 Non-Financial Performance Measure Results

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ts have been responded to s.

	CUR	RENT YEAR END RESULT	'S	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	COMMEN
Percentage of non- urgent customer service requests responded to within the timeframes specified in MDC's Asset Management Plan and placed on appropriate maintenance programme. Specified response times for non-urgent requests vary by category, ranging from 7 days to 30 days.	70% within specified timeframe	82.4% 220 out of 261 non- urgent requests were responded to within the timeframe.	Achieved	82.9% 978 out of 1167. Q1: 81.5% (276/340) Q2: 87.5% (175/200) Q3: 79.2% (240/303) Q4: 88.6% (287/324)	91.5% 762 out of 833 Q1: 100% (173/173) Q2: 81.3% (161/198) Q3: 89.3% (217/243) Q4: 96.3% (211/219)	Year End Result: 82.4% 220 out of 261 non-urgent requ to within specified timeframes. 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 82.4% (220/261) The variability in results for non responded to on time reflects th complex nature of requests in th request is responded to but not
Water Supply						
Number of complaints received about drinking water clarity, taste, odour, pressure or flow, continuity of supply, or MDC's response to any of these issues. (Mandatory Measure)	Less than or equal to 6 complaints/ 1000 connections	0.5 complaints/1000 connections Actual Complaints: 5	Achieved	4.88 complaints/1000 connections Actual Complaints: 48 Q1: 0.711/1000 (7) Q2: 0.61/1000 (6) Q3: 2.03/1000 (20) Q4: 1.52/1000 (15)	2.37 complaints/ 1000 connections Actual Complaints: 23 Q1Result:0.41/1000(4) Q2 Result: 0.52/1000 (5) Q3 Result: 0.72/1000 (7) Q4 Result: 0.72/1000 (7)	YTD: 0.5 complaints/1000 conn Year to date: Actual Complaints 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 0.5/1000 (5 complaints)
Response time to call or	uts to a fault or unplar	nned interruption to MDC's no	etworked reticulati	on system:		
a) attendance at urgent call outs (from notification to arrival on site) (Mandatory Measure)	60 minutes or less	23 minutes	Achieved	50 minutes Q1: 50 minutes Q2: 54 minutes Q3: 32 minutes Q4: 47 minutes	38 minutes Q1: 39 minutes Q2: 30 minutes Q3: 38 minutes Q4: 28 minutes	YTD: 23 minutes 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 23 minutes

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equests have been responded es.
non-urgent requests ts the broad variety and often in this category. Often a not resolved.
onnections
aints: 5

	CUF	RRENT YEAR END RESULT	rs	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	COMMEN
b) resolution of urgent call outs (from notification to confirmation of resolution) (Mandatory Measure)	480 minutes or less	177 minutes	Achieved	113 minutes Q1: 125 minutes Q2: 155 minutes Q3: 85 minutes Q4: 113 minutes	137 minutes Q1: 196 minutes Q2: 142 minutes Q3: 78 minutes Q4: 58 minutes	YTD: 177 minutes 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 177 minutes
c) attendance at non- urgent call outs (from notification to arrival on site) (Mandatory Measure)	7 days or less	57 minutes	Achieved	69 minutes Q1: 102 minutes Q2: 68 minutes Q3: 61 minutes Q4: 59 minutes	53 minutes 2021/22 Qtly Results: Q1: 22 minutes Q2: 67 minutes Q3: 49 minutes Q4: 34 minutes	YTD: 57 minutes 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 57 minutes
d) resolution of non- urgent call outs (from notification to confirmation of resolution) (Mandatory Measure)	3 months or less	94 minutes	Achieved	108 minutes Q1: 130 minutes Q2: 188 minutes Q3: 100 minutes Q4: 182 minutes	115 minutes Q1: 53 minutes Q2: 94 minutes Q3: 137 minutes Q4: 71 minutes	YTD: 94 minutes 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 94 minutes
Council's drinking water	supply complies with): 				
a) part 4 of the Drinking Water Standards (bacteria compliance criteria). (Mandatory Measure)	Fully compliant	Partially Compliance	Not Achieved	Fully compliant	Fully compliant	Changes to DWQAR in 2022 h non-compliance. Data is collec requirement to now continually has required installation of new now installed and future years
b) part 5 of the Drinking Water Standards (protozoal compliance criteria). (Mandatory Measure)	Fully compliant	Partially Compliant	Not Achieved	Fully Compliant for 98.9% of days (361 out of 365 days). There were 4 days where filtered turbidity exceeded the standard for more than 1% of the time.	Fully compliant	Changes to DWQAR in 2022 h non-compliance. Data is collec requirement to now continually has required installation of new now installed and future years

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2 have resulted in technical lected but there is a new ally monitor parameters. This new technology. Systems are
ars will be compliant. 2 have resulted in technical lected but there is a new
ally monitor parameters. This new technology. Systems are ars will be compliant.

	CUF	RENT YEAR END RESULT	ſS	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Percentage of real water loss from MDC's reticulation system (calculated using minimum night flow). (Mandatory Measure)	Year 2: No more than 32.5% Note: The Year 3 Target is to be established (to align with water meter installation and associated data).	Reported at Year End	Not Available to Report	32.4%	32.5%	
Average consumption of drinking water per day per resident within the district. (Demand management). (Mandatory Measure)	Year 2: No more than 578 litres/person/day Note: The Year 3 Target is to be established (to align with water meter installation and associated data).	Reported at Year End	Not Available to Report	586 litres/person/day	578 litres/person/day	

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	CUF	CURRENT YEAR END RESULTS			SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Wastewater						
Number of complaints received about sewerage odour, system faults, system blockages, MDC's response to issues with its sewerage system. (Mandatory Measure)	Less than or equal to 8 complaints/ 1000 connections.	2.83 complaints/ 1,000 connections Actual Complaints: 28	Achieved	26.56 complaints/1000 connections Actual Complaints: 257 Q1: 14.16/1000 (137) Q2: 4.3/1000 (42) Q3: 4.44/1000 (43) Q4: 3.62/1000 (35) The higher number of complaints this year were primarily related to a continuation of issues with the wastewater network resulting from groundwater tables that have remained high since the February 2022 heavy rain event.	 15.95 complaints/1000 connections Actual Complaints: 152 Q1: 1.99/1000 (19) Q2: 1.26/1000 (12) Q3: 11.43/1000 (109) Q4: 1.26/1000 (12) During the February 2022 record rain event water infiltrated the sewer system leading to overflows. As a result, there were an increased number of complaints. Port-a-loos were provided to impacted properties, and overflows were cleaned up once the water subsided, which took several days. The increased number of complaints, and the time it took for water to subside, also impacted results for attendance and resolution, as noted below. 	YTD: 2.83 complaints/1000 co YTD Actual Complaints: 28 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 2.83/1000 (28 complaints) The result for Q1 of this year is results prior to the February 20 the past 18 months have been high groundwater. Work is being progressed to m rainfall on our wastewater netw that have experienced challeng of time.

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is more comparable with 2022 rain event. Results over en impacted by heavy rain and

mitigate the impact of heavy etworks, especially in areas enges for an extended period

	CUF	RRENT YEAR END RESULT	s	PREVIOUS YEAR END RE	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Median response time t	o sewerage overflows	s resulting from a blockage or	other fault to MD	C's sewerage system:		
a) attendance (from time of notification to the time service personnel arrive onsite) (Mandatory Measure)	6 hours or less	32 minutes	Achieved	YTD: 52 minutes Q1: 75 minutes Q2: 50 minutes Q3: 37 minutes Q4: 35 minutes	Year End: 131 minutes (2.18 hours) Q1: 30 minutes Q2: 47 minutes Q3: 2829 minutes (47.15 hours) Q4: 48 minutes The February 2022 flooding event happened afterhours. The volume of complaints received resulted in longer attendance times despite staff working extra hours and over the weekend.	YTD: 32 minutes 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 32 minutes
b) resolution (from	12 hours or less	135 minutes		102 minutes	1084 minutes (18.07 hours)	YTD: 135 minutes
time of notification to the time service personnel confirm resolution) (Mandatory Measure)			Achieved	2022/23 Quarterly Results: Q1: 159 minutes Q2: 75 minutes Q3: 59 minutes Q4: 136 minutes	Q1: 161 minutes (10:07 fields) Q2: 147 minutes Q3: 3950 minutes (65.83 hours) Q4: 105 minutes The clean-up of overflows in Q3 following the February 2022 flood event could not be completed until the water subsided. This took several days, impacting resolution times.	2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 135 minutes
Number of dry weather sewerage overflows from MDC's sewerage system (Mandatory Measure)	Less than or equal to 2/1000 connections	0.4 complaints/1000 connections (4 complaints)	Achieved	0.41/1000 connections Actual: 4 complaints Q1: 0.10/1000 (1) Q2: 0.10/1000 (1) Q3: 0.10/1000 (1) Q4: 0.10/1000 (1)	1.15/1000 connections Actual: 11 complaints Q1: 0.31/1000 (3) Q2: 0.21/1000 (2) Q3: 0.42/1000 (4) Q4: 0.21/1000 (2)	YTD: 0.4 complaints/1000 con YTD Actual: 4 complaints 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 0.4/1000 (4 complaints)

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	CUR	RENT YEAR END RESULT	S	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	PREVIOUS YEAR END RESULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)		
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ	
Compliance with MDC's resource consents for discharge from its sewerage system, measured by the number of abatement notices, infringement notices, enforcement orders or convictions received by MDC in relation to those consents. (Mandatory Measure)	100% - no consent breaches	100% compliant	Achieved	One abatement notice served. An Abatement Notice was served on MDC on 25/8/22, requiring compliance with consent conditions. This related to a breach of Resource Consent conditions due to occasional high E-Coli results detected in the final treatment pond (not the wastewater discharge).	One infringement received An infringement was received in Quarter 2 due to an overflow (with limited effects) that resulted from a sewer line blockage. The blockage was caused by foreign material being flushed into the sewer. The blocked line was in the process of being upgraded and work has now been completed on that section.	YTD: 100% compliant Q1: 100% compliant	
Alternative system provided where loss of service exceeds 24 hours	Less than or equal to 1/1000 connections	0.1/1000 connections (1 port-a-loo provided)	Achieved	YTD: 16.53/1000 connections (160 port-a-loos required) 2022/23 Quarterly Results: Q1: 8.37/1000 (81 required) Q2: 2.79/1000 (27 required) Q3: 2.99/1000 (29 required) Q4: 2.38/1000 (23 required) The high number of port-a- loos provided in Q1 were primarily a result of issues with the wastewater network resulting from groundwater tables remaining high following the heavier than usual rainfall through before and during Q1. The groundwater conditions and heavy rainfall continued to impact through the year.	 6.4/1000 connections (61 port-a-loos required) Q1: 0/1000 Q2: 0/1000 Q3: 6.2/1000 (59 required) Q4: 0.21/1000 (2 required) Port-a-loos were provided to properties that experienced wastewater overflows as a result of the February 2022 rain event in Q3. The two port-a-loos reported in Q4 related to the flooding event in Q3. Service requests for these two port-a-loos were completed in Q4. 	YTD: 0.1/1000 connections (1 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: 0.1/1000 connections (1 re Results over the past 18 montheavy rain and high groundwa year is more comparable with 2022 rain event.	

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onths have been impacted by lwater. The result for Q1 of this ith results prior to the February

	CUF	RENT YEAR END RESULT	ſS	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕІ
Stormwater:						
Number of flooding events that occur in the district (Mandatory Measure)	10 events or less	No Flooding Events reported	Achieved	5 Flooding Events Q1: 3 flooding events Q2: 2 flooding events Q3: No flooding events Q4: No flooding events	2 Flooding Events Q1: No flooding events Q2: No flooding events Q3: 2 flooding events Q4: No flooding events	YTD: No Flooding Events Rep Q1: No flooding events
For each flooding event, the number of habitable floors affected (Mandatory Measure)	Less than or equal to 1/1000 connections	0/1000 connections. No habitable floors affected	Achieved	0/1000 connections. No habitable floors affected Q1: No habitable floors affected Q2: No habitable floors affected Q3: No habitable floors affected Q4: No habitable floors affected	 0.33/1000 connections. 3 habitable floors affected Q1: No habitable floors affected Q2: No habitable floors affected Q3: 2 habitable floors affected Q4: 1 habitable floors affected The habitable floor reported in Q4 was related to the flooding event in Q3. The service request was completed in Q4. 	YTD: 0/1000 connections. No l
Compliance with MDC's resource consents for discharge from its stormwater system, measured by the number of abatement notices, infringement notices, enforcement orders or convictions received by MDC in relation to those consents. (Mandatory Measure)	100% compliance	100% - no consent breaches	Achieved	100% - no consent breaches	100% - no consent breaches	YTD: 100% - no consent bread

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	CUF	RENT YEAR END RESULT	ſS	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)		
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ	
Number of complaints received about the performance of MDC's stormwater system (Mandatory Measure)	Less than or equal to 3/1000	1.6 complaints/1000 connections Actual Complaints at Year End: 14	Achieved	10.11 complaints/1000 connections Actual: 91 complaints Q1: 3.44/1000 (31) Q2: 1.33/1000 (12) Q3: 2.22/1000 (20) Q4: 3.11/1000 (28) The higher number of complaints are primarily related to groundwater tables remaining high following the heavier than usual rainfall since February 2022.	 4.11 complaints/1000 connections Actual: 37 complaints Q1: 0.56/1000 (5) Q2: 0.67/1000 (6) Q3: 2/1000 (18) Q4: 0.89/1000 (8) The February 2022 rain event in Q3 contributed to an increased number of complaints in that quarter. 	YTD: 1.6 complaints/1000 cor YTD Actual: 14 complaints Q1: 1.6/1000 (14 complaints) The number of complaints rec compared to last year, but is s to the February 2022 rain eve to wastewater/stream mainter	
Median response time to attend a flooding event (from time of notification to the time service personnel arrive onsite) (Mandatory Measure)	60 minutes or less	N/A – no flooding events reported	Achieved	21 minutes 2022/23 Quarterly Results: Q1: 47 minutes – 3 flooding events reported Q2: 16 minutes – 2 flooding events reported Q3: N/A – no flooding events reported Q4: N/A – no flooding events reported	 6531 (109 hours) Q1: No flooding events Q2: No flooding events Q3: 6530 minutes Q4: 25 minutes The volume of complaints relating to flooding and wastewater issues over the period of the rain event in Q3 resulted in longer response times, despite staff working extra hours and over the weekend. The response time reported in Q4 was related to the flooding event in Q3. The service request was completed in Q4. 	YTD: N/A 2023/24 Quarterly Results: Q1: No flooding events	

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eceived has reduced still higher than results prior ent. Most complaints related nance.

	CURRENT YEAR END RESULTS			PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕІ
Solid Waste						
Number of call backs due to non-collection of official rubbish bag in each weekly collection	No more than 52 call-backs per annum.	6 call backs	Achieved	8 Call Backs Q1 Result: 2 Q2 Result: 3 Q3 Result: 3 Q4: Result: 0	9 Call Backs 2021/22 Quarterly Results: Q1 Result: 1 Q2 Result: 1 Q3 Result: 2 Q4 Result: 5	YTD: 6 Call Backs Q1 Result: 6
Tonnage of waste transferred to landfill per head of population	Reduction on previous year (0.513 tonne per head of population) Note: When the new bylaw is implemented, a new baseline will be established for reporting purposes.	0.472 tonne per head of population (Q1 annualised) (<i>est. population as at</i> <i>30/6/23: 29,000</i>) 3,420 tonnes of waste transferred ex Masterton in first 3 months (last year 4,031 tonnes)	Achieved	0.513 tonne per head of population (Q4 annualised) (<i>est. population as at 30/6/22:</i> 29,000) 14,882 tonnes YTD of waste transferred ex Masterton	 0.599 tonne per head of population (<i>est. population as at 30/6/21: 28,200</i>) 16,883 tonnes of waste transferred (16.6% increase on previous year) Result excludes 277 tonnes of recyclable materials that were damaged and dumped as a result of a fire in the MRF in August 2021. 	YTD Result: 0.472 tonne per h (annualised) –3,420 tonne of w Q1 – 0.472 tonne per head of p 3,420 tonne of waste transferre <i>Results are based on estimate</i> <i>30/6/22.</i>
Urban and rural transfer stations, recycling, composting facilities and landfills operate within approved resource consent conditions	100% compliance	100% compliance	Achieved	100% compliance	100% compliance	

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of population (annualised) – erred
ated population of 29,000 as at

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	CURRENT YEAR END RESULTS			PREVIOUS YEAR END RE	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Community Facilities	and Parks					
Number of people using our library and archive reflected by: Overall library usage and number of visits to the library and archive.	Library Usage: No less than 5 year average for overall library usage Usage consists of: Physical issues Digital issues Computer/ Wi-Fi sessions	YTD Library Usage: 87,840 Physical issues: 50,531 Digital issues: 15,993 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 21,316	On Track to Achieve	Library Usage: 324,662 Physical issues: 187,344 Digital issues: 52,431 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 84,887 The 5 year average for Library usage was: 290,315 made up of: Physical issues: 214,591 Digital issues: 16,614 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 59,110 Q1 Library Usage: 79,668 Physical issues: 46,211 Digital issues: 13,369 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 20,088 Q2 Library Usage: 80,294 Physical issues: 46,517 Digital issues: 11,745 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 22,032 Q3 Library Usage: 76,205 Physical issues: 46,777 Digital issues: 13,000 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 16,428 Q4 Library Usage: 88,495 Physical issues: 47,839 Digital issues: 14,317 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 26,339	Library Usage: 278,960 Physical issues: 182,546 Digital issues: 44,838 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 51,576 The 5 year average for Library usage was: 318,686 made up of: Physical issues: 231,430 Digital issues: 12,958 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 74,298 Q1 Library Usage: 53,666 Physical issues: 40,529 Digital issues: 8,751 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 4,386 Q2 Library Usage: 63,777 Physical issues: 47,147 Digital issues: 47,147 Digital issues: 11,844 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 4,786 Q3 Library Usage: 71,517 Physical issues: 46,638 Digital issues: 10,400 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 14,479 Q4 Library Usage: 87,326 Physical issues: 48,226 Digital issues: 12,073 Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 27,027	The 5 year average for Library equates to a quarterly average • Physical issues: 20,636 • Computer/Wi-Fi sessio YTD Library Usage: 87,840 • Physical issues: 50,53 • Digital issues; 15,933 • Computer/Wi-Fi sessio Quarterly Results: Q1 Library Usage: 87,840 • Physical issues: 50,53 • Digital issues: 15,993 • Computer/Wi-Fi sessio All categories of library use ha Q1 in the previous two years. Tachieved at year end.

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ry Usage is: 277,238 (this ge of 69,310) made up of:

520 ions: 54,082

531 ions: 21,316

531 ions: 21,316

nave increased compared to . This result is on track to be

MEASURE	CUF	RENT YEAR END RESULT	S	PREVIOUS YEAR END RE	PREVIOUS YEAR END RESULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)		
	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	COMME	
	Library Visits: No less than 5 year average for number of visits to the library and archive Visits consists of: In Person Visits Digital Houseboun d Note: Digital visits include website, OPAC and social media.	YTD Library Visits: 71,756 Visits consists of: • In Person: 28,409 • Digital: 43,123 • Housebound: 224	On Track to Achieve	Library Visits: 329,929 Visits consist of: In Person: 99,132 Digital: 229,709 Housebound: 1,088 The 5 year average for Library visits was: 233,332 made up of: In Person Visits: 128,351 Digital Visits: 104,178 Housebound Visits: 803 Q1 Library Visits: 59,240 In Person: 24,748 Digital: 34,168 Housebound: 324 Q2 Library Visits: 71,457 In Person: 23,405 Digital: 47,740 Housebound: 312 Q3 Library Visits: 78,484 In Person: 24,021 Digital: 54,249 Housebound: 214 Q4 Library Visits: 98,216 In Person: 26,709 Digital: 71,269 Housebound: 238	Library Visits: 363,490 Visits consist of: In Person: 83,400 Digital: 278,944 Housebound: 1,146 The 5 year average for Library visits was: 215,501 made up of: In Person Visits: 148,062 Digital Visits: 66,745 Housebound Visits: 694 Q1 Library Visits: 64,440 In Person: 20,798 Digital: 43,412 Housebound: 230 Q2 Library Visits: 54,911 In Person: 21,469 Digital: 33,041 Housebound: 401 Q3 Library Visits: 58,268 In Person: 19,361 Digital: 38,675 Housebound: 232 Q4 Library Visits: 185,871 In Person: 21,772 Digital: 163,816 (social media only measured at year end) Housebound: 283	 The 5 year average for Library equates to a quarterly average In Person Visits: 113,15 average) Digital Visits: 131,524 (2000) Housebound Visits: 901 Digital visits include website, O YTD Library Visits: 71,756 In Person: 28,409 Digital: 43,123 Housebound: 224 Quarterly Results: Q1 Library Visits: 71,756 In Person: 28,409 Digital: 43,123 Housebound: 224 Overall visits have increased in to the previous two years. In p trend up (compared to Q1 of th reflecting people returning to th previous years with COVID-19 There has also been an increased to Q1 of last year. The number comparable with Q1 in 2021/22 This measure is on track to be 	

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ry Visits is: 245,616 (this ge of 61,404) made up of:

191 (28,298 per quarter

4 (32,881 per quarter average) 01 (225 per quarter average)

OPAC and social media.

l in Q1 of this year compared person have continued to the previous two years), likely the library in person after 19 concerns and restrictions. ease in digital visits compared per of digital visits is 22.

e achieved at year end.

	CUI	RRENT YEAR END RESULT	S	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)		
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ	
Percentage of Council parks and open spaces urgent customer service requests that are resolved within 4 work hours.	90% resolved within 4 work hours.	100% responded to within 4 hours. 5 urgent requests received. All 5 were responded to within 4 hours.	Achieved	 93.8% responded to within 4 hours. 46 out of 49 urgent requests received were responded to within 4 hours. Q1: 90% (18/20) Q2: 90% (9/10) Q3: 100% (11) Q4: 100% (8) 	 96% responded to within 4 hours. 54 out of 56 urgent requests were responded to within 4 hours. Q1: 100% (7) Q2: 100% (14) Q3: 100% (10) Q4: 92% (25) 	Year to Date: 100% responder 5 out of 5 urgent requests rece within 4 hours. Q1: 100% (5/5 urgent requests	
Number of people using the recreational trails that are part of our parks and reserves network	Utilisation = at least the 2 year average The 2 year average (as at 30/6/20) equates to: 289,612 See note regarding targets in commentary column.	This measure was set as part of the 2021-31 Long- Term Plan process. At that time, data loggers were recording the number of people using the recreational trails. However, over the past two years we have been unable to report results due to ongoing issues with the data loggers that have not been permanently resolved.	Not Available to Report	Year End: Results unable to be reported due to issues with data loggers through the year.	Year End: Results unable to be reported due to issues with data loggers through the year.	Work to resolve the Trail Coun attempted but has not produce reporting period. Despite being unable to report consistent positive feedback a	

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ded to within 4 hours.

eceived were responded to

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ounter functionality has been uced reliable results over the

ort usage, staff have received about the trails.

	CUF	RRENT YEAR END RESULT	ſS	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Number of people using the Trust House Recreation Centre	No less than 5 year average for overall Trust House Recreation Centre usage total Usage consists of: • Swim • Gym • Stadium Sports • Stadium Events	Trust House Recreation Centre Usage: 33,693 Usage consists of: • Swim: 22,878 • Gym: 8,729 • Stadium Sports: 1,579 • Stadium Events: 507	On Track to Achieve	Usage:152,095 made up of: Swim: 106,191 Gym: 27,687 Stadium Sports: : 5,830 Stadium Events: 12,387 The 5 year usage was: 121,703. This consists of: Swim: 79,983 Gym: 30,152 Stadium Sports: 3,367 Stadium Events: 8,202 Q1 Usage: 34,476 Swim: 24,333 Gym: 6,244 Stadium Sports: 1,775 Stadium Events: 2,124 Q2 Usage: 39,272 Swim: 28,490 Gym: 6,715 Stadium Events: 2,930 Q3 Usage: 44,213 Swim: 28,728 Gym: 7,972 Stadium Sports: 1,760 Stadium Events: 5,753 Q4 Usage: 34,134 Swim: 24,640 Gym: 6,756 Stadium Sports: 1,158 Stadium Events: 1,580	Usage: 99,899 made up of: Swim: 65,357 Gym: 25,214 Stadium Sports: 3,717 Stadium Events: 5,601 The 5 year usage was: 106,018. This consists of: Swim: 70,348 Gym: 25,695 Stadium Sports: 2,761 Stadium Events: 7,215 Q1 Usage: 21,716 Swim: 14,247 Gym: 5,002 Stadium Sports: 787 Stadium Events: 1,680 Q2 Usage: 23,697 Swim: 15,241 Gym: 6,653 Stadium Sports: 757 Stadium Events: 1,046 Q3 Usage: 28,413 Swim: 18,721 Gym: 7,844 Stadium Sports: 724 Stadium Events: 1.124 Q4 Usage: 26,063 Swim: 17,148 Gym: 5,715 Stadium Sports: 1,449 Stadium Events: 1,751	The 5 year average for Trust H usage is: 123,364 (equating to 30,841). This consists of: Swim: 82,366 (quarterly Gym: 28,383 (quarterly Stadium Sports: 3,844 (Stadium Events: 8,771 YTD Usage: 33,693 Swim: 22,878 Gym: 8,729 Stadium Events: 507 Q1 33,693 Swim: 22,878 Gym: 8,729 Stadium Sports: 1,579 Stadium Events: 507 Compared to the same quarter increased but other categories in numbers. The biggest differ This is a reflection of the closur childcare programme that is no Overall usage is comparable w year, and is tracking slightly ah average for all categories exce
Compliance with the healthy homes standards for Council owned rental units and houses.	Applies to all Council rental units/houses: All units/houses comply with the healthy home standards (or have exemptions).	Proportion of new/renewed tenancy agreements where the unit/house rented is compliant (or has an exemption) at the time of lease: 100% (1/1)	Achieved	100% Five units were let and all five were fully compliant at the time of lease	83.3% Six units were let and five were fully compliant at the time of lease. The non-compliance was addressed within the same quarter.	 YTD: 100% - 1 unit has been L at the time of lease. Q1: 100% - 1 unit was let. That All Council housing is now fully standards, ahead of schedule (the legal deadline for complian)

ENTARY

House recreation Centre to a quarterly average of

rly average: 20,591) ly average: 7,096) 4 (quarterly average: 961) 71 (quarterly average: 2,193)

er last year, gym usage has es of use have seen a decline erence is in stadium events. sure of the B-Legends no longer operating.

with the same quarter last ahead of the 5 year quarterly cept stadium events.

Let. That was fully compliant

nat unit was fully compliant.

Illy compliant with new e (31 December 2022) and ance (1 July 2024).

	CUF	RENT YEAR END RESULT	rs	PREVIOUS YEAR END RE	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Regulatory:						
Response time to attend Priority 1 urgent call outs (e.g. dog attacks).	90% attended within one hour	86.4% (38 out of 44 urgent call- outs attended on time)	Not Achieved in Q1 but expect to achieve at year-end.	Year End: 95.3% 162/170 attended on time Q1 – 93.54% (29/31) Q2 – 90.39% (47/52) Q3 – 100% (48/48) Q4 - 97.5% (38/39)	Year End: 94% 141/150 attended on time Q1 – 98.08% (51/52) Q2 – 90.62% (29/32) Q3 – 86.21% (25/29) Q4 – 92.11% (35/38)	 YTD: 86.4% (38/44 attended of Q1 – 86.4% (38/44) Priority 1 call outs include dog protected wildlife and stock, as worrying, welfare and police as Ten of the 44 call outs in Q1 w and all of these call outs were During this quarter Animal Ser reduced staff, impacting respondent publicised so our community were duction in service levels.
Response time to attend noise control call outs.	90% attended within one hour	93.8% (122/130 complaints attended within one hour)	Achieved	Year End: 93% 573/616 attended on time Q1 – 95.83% (115/120) Q2 – 91.38% (159/174) Q3 – 89.1% (139/156) Q4 – 96.4% (160/166)	Year End: 93.7% 687/733 attended on time Q1 - 95.6% (132/138) Q2 - 96% (264/275) Q3 - 92.5% (149/161) Q4 - 89.3% (142/159) The increased number of call outs in Quarter 2 is likely to reflect seasonal change – i.e. moving into spring/early summer with more people socialising outdoors, using	YTD: 93.8% (122/130 attended Q1 – 93.8% (122/130)
Number of animal control community education and engagement activities.	A minimum of 6 per annum related to high priority issues or concerns	No Education/ Engagement Activities	Not Achieved in Q1 but expect to achieve at year-end.	YTD: 8 education/ engagement activities Q1 – No education/ engagement activities Q2 – 5 Q3 – 3 Q4 – No education/ engagement activities	power tools etc. 8 education/engagement activities Q1 – No education/ engagement activities Q2 – 2 Q3 – 4 Q4 - 2	YTD: No education/engageme Q1 – No education/engagemen The team still anticipate compl the year to meet the annual tar

IENTARY
d on time)
og attacks on people, animals, , as well as rushing's, stock e assistance.
1 were for attacks on people, are attended within time.
Services were operating with sponse rates. This was y were aware of the temporary
ded on time)
ment activities
ment activities
npleting six activities through target.

	CUF	RRENT YEAR END RESULT	rs	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	СОММЕ
Percentage of resource consents processed within statutory timeframes	90%	97.7% (42 of 43 resource consents were processed within statutory timeframes)	Achieved	92.2% 142 of 154 resource consents were processed within statutory timeframes Q1: 90% (28/33) Q2: 97.5% (39/40) Q3: 94.1% (32/34) Q4: 91.5% (43/47)	93% 210 of 226 resource consents were processed within statutory timeframes Q1: 98% (52/53) Q2: 100% (72/72) Q3: 90.2% (46/51) Q4: 89.7% (35/39)	YTD: 97.7% (42/43) Q1: 97.7% (42/43)
Percentage of building consents processed within statutory timeframes	90%	91% (42/43 consents issued were processed within statutory timeframes)	Achieved	83% 538 of 649 consents issued were processed within statutory timeframes. The average processing time was 16.5 working days. Q1: 73% (141/194) / 17 days Q2: 77% (124/161) / 19 days Q3: 94% (130/138) / 15 days Q4: 92% (143/156) / 15 days	65% 442 of 685 consents issued were processed within statutory timeframes. The average processing time was 20 working days. Q1: 52% (93/178) – 22 days Q2: 74% (102/138) – 15 days Q3: 87% (144/165) - 16 days Q4: 75% (156/207) – 17 days	Quarter 1: 158 of 174 building statutory timeframes. The aver working days. YTD: 91% (158/174 / 14 workin Q1: 91% (158/174) / 14 workin There were a higher number of compared to Q3 and Q4 of 202 processing were still achieved improvement compared to Q1 reflects growth in the team.
Percentage of code compliance certificates processed within statutory timeframes	90%	94% (133 of 141 certificates were processed within statutory timeframes)	Achieved	90% 520 of 577 certificates were processed within statutory timeframes. The average processing time was 15 working days. Q1: 83% (130/156)/20.9 days Q2: 87% (130/156)/20.9 days Q2: 87% (159/183) /13 days Q3: 97% (95/98) /16 days Q4: 97% (136/140) /10 days.	79% 453 of 573 code compliance certificates were processed within statutory timeframes. The average processing time was 17 working days. Q1: 72% (118/163)/15 days Q2: 95% (137/145)/9 days Q3: 85% (97/114)/14 days Q4: 85% (139/163)/13 days	Quarter 1: 141 code compliand with 94% processed within star average processing time was 7 YTD on time: 94% (133/141) / Q1: 94% (133/141) / 15 workin Results are comparable with C
Percentage of commercial Building Warrant of Fitness' (BWOFs) that have been reviewed within 20 days of their due date.	At least 90% of BWOFs have been reviewed within 20 days of their due date.	92%	Achieved	 100% reviewed within 20 days of the due date. Q1: 100% Q2: 100% Q3: 100% Q4: 100% 98% compliance across 398 Building Warrant of Fitness. 	 100% reviewed within 20 days of the due date. Q1: 100% Q2: 100% Q3: 100% Q4: 100% 90% compliance across 387 Building Warrant of Fitness. 	92% current compliance across Fitness due this quarter, 8 ove Overdue means that the buildin has not provided a BWoF in the date, and MDC are following u YTD: 92% reviewed within 20 o Q1: 92% - 101 BWOFs were d

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ng consents were issued within verage processing time was 14
rking days)
king days
r of consents received 2022/23, but targets for ed by the team. This
1 in the two previous years
ance certificates were issued, statutory timeframes. The s 15 working days.
) / 15 working days
king days
n Q3 and Q4 of last year.
oss 109 Building Warrant of verdue.
lding owner (or their agent) the month of their anniversary g up.
0 days of the due date.
e due in Q1 – 8 are overdue.

	CUR	RENT YEAR END RESULT	ſS	PREVIOUS YEAR END RES	SULTS (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
MEASURE	2023/24 Annual Target	Quarter 1: Result as at 30/9/23 (Year 3 of 2021-31 LTP)	Status at 30/09/23	Year End Result as at 30/06/23 (Year 2 of 2021-31 LTP)	Year End Result as at 30/06/22 (Year 1 of 2021-31 LTP)	COMMEN
Proportion of known residential swimming pools that have been inspected.	The year 3 target is 80% The year 1 target was 25%. The year 2 target was 50% Target changes from Year 4: Years 4-10: cycle to be repeated but ensuring 100% of pools have been re-inspected by the end of Years 6 and 9.	53% of total pools inspected 45% of total pools compliant YTD: 60 inspections undertaken	Not Likely to Achieve By Year End	48% inspected 508 inspections undertaken Q1: 233 inspections undertaken over 190 pools = 23% inspected and 13% of total pools compliant Q2: 44 inspections undertaken over 26 pools = 27% inspected and 19% of total pools compliant Q3: 87 inspections undertaken over 87 pools = 37% inspected and 30% of total pools compliant Q4: 144 inspections undertaken over 144 pools = 48% inspected and 39% of total pools compliant	3% inspected 28 inspections undertaken. Q1: No inspections. Q2: No inspections. Q3: 15 inspections. Q4: 13 inspections. Pool inspections scheduled for 2021/22 were impacted by a lack of resource in the team due to a resignation.	 YTD: 60 inspections undertake with 27 of those pools remaining inspected. 33 pools included or located upon site inspection and database. Q1: 60 inspections undertaker total pools inspected and 45% Based on current results, the teachieve the target of 80% of point spection and/or the pool is constant of the site existing when staff visit the site

Every year Council produces an Annual Report that informs our community about what has been achieved and how well we performed against the plans and budgets that were set for that year. In addition, there is regular reporting to the Senior Leadership Team and Council on progress with work and projects in this activity group, and once every three years Council undertakes a Community Satisfaction Survey that includes questions abou Council's leadership and reputation.

AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA **15 NOVEMBER 2023**

INTARY

ken over 60 recorded pools, ning on our database* of pools on the database were not and were removed from the

en over 27 pools = 53% of % of total pools compliant

team do not expect to pools inspected by year end.

mmissioned following confirmed as no longer ite.

6 **REPORTS FOR INFORMATION**

6.1 MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING HELD ON 23 AUGUST 2023

File Number:

Author: Harriet Kennedy, Governance Advisor

Authoriser: Karen Yates, Manager Strategy and Governance

PURPOSE

For the Audit and Risk Committee to receive the minutes of the previous meeting held 23 August 2023.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The minutes of the Committee held on 23 August 2023 were confirmed by Council at its meeting on 13 September 2023 and are being brought to the Committee for their receipt.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the minutes of the previous meeting held 23 August 2023.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Minutes 23 August 2023 🗓 🛣



MINUTES

Audit and Risk Committee Meeting Wednesday, 23 August 2023





Order Of Business

1	Conflict	ts of Interest	3				
2	Apologi	ies	3				
3	Public F	Public Forum					
4	Items n	Items not on the Agenda					
5	Reports	s for Decision	4				
	5.1	Non Financial Performance 2022/2023 Quarter 4/Year End Report	4				
6	Reports	s for Information	5				
	6.1	Minutes of the Previous Meeting held on 24 May 2023	5				
	6.2	Service Provision Reports: Aratoi and Nuku Ora	. 5				
	6.3	Destination Wairarapa Quarterly Report (1 April 2023 to 30 June 2023)	. 5				
	6.4	Key Policies Monitored by the Audit and Risk Committee	. 6				
	6.5	Treasury Management Report	. 6				
	6.6	Insurance Update	. 7				
	6.7	Rates Receivable Report as at 30 June 2023	. 7				
	6.8	Interim Financial Result for 2022/23	7				
	6.9	2024-2034 Long Term Plan Update	. 8				
7	Public E	Excluded	. 8				
	7.1	Minutes of the Audit and Risk Committee Meeting held with the public excluded on 24 May 2023	9				
	7.2	Health and Safety Quarterly Report	. 9				
	7.3	2022/23 Quarter 4 Risk Management Update Report	. 9				
	7.4	Initial Cyclone Recovery Risk Report	10				
	7.5	SLT Risk Discussion	10				





MINUTES OF MASTERTON DISTRICT COUNCIL AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE MEETING HELD AT THE WAIATA HOUSE, 27 LINCOLN ROAD, MASTERTON ON WEDNESDAY, 23 AUGUST 2023 AT 3:00 PM

PRESENT: Philip Jones (Chair), Mayor Gary Caffell, Councillors B Johnson, C Bowyer, B Goodwin, D Holmes, T Hullena, T Nelson and M Tuuta

IN ATTENDANCE: Interim Chief Executive, Manager Finance, Acting Manager Strategy and Governance, Manager Community Facilities and Activities, Manager Assets and Operations, Manager Communications and Engagement, Manager People and Culture, Policy Manager, Senior Policy Advisor, Governance Advisor.

1 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

No conflicts of interest were declared.

2 APOLOGIES

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/21

Moved by Councillor B Johnson Seconded by Councillor B Goodwin

That the apology received from Councillor Stella Lennox be accepted

CARRIED

3 PUBLIC FORUM

There was no public forum.

4 ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

The meeting was advised of the following items for inclusion in the agenda: 2024-2034 LTP update

This item had not been available for inclusion with the agenda and could not be held over until a later meeting.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/22

Moved by Councillor D Holmes Seconded by Councillor T Nelson

That in terms of section 46A(7) of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 the item: 2024-2043 LTP Update be dealt with at this meeting.

CARRIED





5 REPORTS FOR DECISION

5.1 NON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2022/2023 QUARTER 4/YEAR END REPORT

The report advising the Audit and Risk Committee of performance against non-financial measures for the period from 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023 and recommending that Council confirm the Year 3 targets for the two annually reported water measures (Percentage of Real Water Loss and Average Consumption) was presented by the Acting Manager Strategy and Governance.

The recommendation to Council in relation to the water measures was discussed. Staff advised that at the time the targets were set it was indicated that they would be reviewed annually, noting water meters were being installed. The proposed target for Real Water Loss was to be no more than the previous year. The current target for average consumption hadn't been achieved so it was proposed to also set that target at no more than the previous year, that approach was consistent with how measures had been set the previous year,

Some members supported reducing the targets for percentage of real water loss and average consumption rates to encourage people to use less water and to recognise that water meters had already had an effect by providing the ability to monitor water use.

An amendment to the staff recommendation was proposed to reduce the Percentage of Real Water Loss – target for Year 3 to no more than **30%** and to reduce the Average Consumption - target for Year 3 to no more than **530**/litres/person/day.

Those who did not support the proposed changes thought that the targets shouldn't be picked out of thin air, and that if the target was to be reduced, asked what strategies were in place to achieve that, and, that staff should be asked to report back on an achievable target.

[Note to Minutes: Staff will report back to the November Audit and Risk Meeting on achievable targets for the percentage of real water loss and average consumption.]

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/23

Moved by Councillor B Goodwin Seconded by Councillor T Nelson

That the Audit and Risk Committee

- 1. Receives the Quarter 4/year end non-financial performance report for the 2022/23 financial year.
- 2. Recommends Council confirms the Year 3 targets for the two water measures that are reported annually as follows:
 - i. Percentage of Real Water Loss target for Year 3: no more than 30%.
 - ii. Average Consumption target for Year 3: no more than **530**/litres/person/day.

CARRIED





6 **REPORTS FOR INFORMATION**

6.1 MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING HELD ON 24 MAY 2023

For the Audit and Risk Committee to receive the minutes of the previous meeting held 24 May 2023 which were confirmed by Council at its meeting on 28 June 2023.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/24

Moved by Councillor C Bowyer Seconded by Councillor B Johnson

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the minutes of the previous meeting held 24 May 2023.

CARRIED

6.2 SERVICE PROVISION REPORTS: ARATOI AND NUKU ORA

The report providing the Committee with the quarterly report against key result indicators for Aratoi Regional Trust, and the six-month report against key initiatives for Nuku Ora was introduced by the Manager Community Facilities and Activities.

Sarah McLintock (Director) Aratoi and Chloe Fredericksen (Partnership Manager, Masterton) and Marcus Sherwood (GM Delivery) from Nuku Ora were in attendance to present their reports.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/25

Moved by Councillor B Johnson Seconded by Councillor B Goodwin

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the Service Provision Reports: Aratoi and Nuku Ora, which cover:

- the summary results of the key result indicators for the quarter 1 April 30 June 2023 from Aratoi Regional Trust
- (b) the summary results of the key initiatives for the six months 1 January 30 June 2023 from **Nuku Ora**.

CARRIED

6.3 DESTINATION WAIRARAPA QUARTERLY REPORT (1 APRIL 2023 TO 30 JUNE 2023)

The report providing the Audit and Risk Committee with the fourth quarter (1 April 2023 – 30 June 2023) progress report on key deliverables for Destination Wairarapa was presented by Anna Nielsen, General Manager, Destination Wairarapa.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/26

Moved by Councillor C Bowyer Seconded by Councillor D Holmes





That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the fourth quarter report (1 April 2023 – 30 June 2023) from Destination Wairarapa.

CARRIED

6.4 KEY POLICIES MONITORED BY THE AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

The report providing a status update of policies that are monitored by the Audit and Risk Committee was presented by the Policy Manager.

The Chair requested the review of the Asset Management Policy be completed by the next Audit and Risk Committee meeting in November.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/27

Moved by Councillor T Hullena Seconded by Councillor C Bowyer

That the Audit and Risk Committee:

- 1. **notes** that the following policies are monitored by the Audit and Risk Committee:
 - Asset Management Policy
 - Fraud, Dishonesty and Corruption Control Policy
 - Workplace Health and Safety and Staff Wellbeing Policy
 - Procurement Policy
 - Revenue and Financing Policy
 - Risk Management Policy
 - Significance and Engagement Policy
 - Sensitive Expenditure Policy, and
 - Treasury Management Policy.
- 2. **notes** that a status update for each of these policies in this Report; and
- 3. **notes** that further work will be undertaken to identify any further policies that should be monitored by the Audit and Risk Committee.

CARRIED

6.5 TREASURY MANAGEMENT REPORT

The report providing Council with detailed information on 30 June 2023 position with respect to the Council's investments and debt was presented by the Manager Finance, who noted that the impact of the rates smoothing in the last LTP was becoming clear in the gradual decline in Council's investment funds.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/28

Moved by Councillor T Hullena





Seconded by Councillor D Holmes

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the Treasury Management Report as at 30 June 2023.

CARRIED

6.6 INSURANCE UPDATE

The report providing the Audit and Risk Committee with confirmation that all insurance cover has been renewed from 1 July 2023 and providing information about the cost increases of that insurance was presented by the Manager Finance.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/29

Moved by Mayor G Caffell Seconded by Councillor B Goodwin

That the Audit & Risk Committee receives the report and notes the information regarding the Council's insurances.

CARRIED

6.7 RATES RECEIVABLE REPORT AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

The report providing Council with detailed information on its 30 June 2023 position with respect to rates collection and arrears was presented by the Manager Finance.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/30

Moved by Councillor C Bowyer Seconded by Councillor B Johnson

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the Rates Receivable Report to 30 June 2023.

CARRIED

6.8 INTERIM FINANCIAL RESULT FOR 2022/23

The report providing the Audit and Risk Committee with interim financial reporting for the twelve months to 30 June 2023 was presented by the Manager Finance, who noted that there was still work to be done before the final result was available.

The impact of rate smoothing was discussed and the Chair noted that the discussion should take place as part of the Financial Strategy discussion. The Audit and Risk Committee had a monitoring role.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/31

Moved by Councillor D Holmes Seconded by Councillor C Bowyer





That the Audit & Risk Committee receives the interim financial result and commentary for the 12 months to 30 June 2023.

CARRIED

The meeting adjourned from 5.01pm to 5.06pm

Philip Jones, Mayor Gary Caffell, Councillors B Johnson, C Bowyer, B Goodwin, D Holmes, T Hullena, T Nelson and M Tuuta were present when the meeting reconvened.

6.9 2024-2034 LONG TERM PLAN UPDATE

The report providing the Audit and Risk Committee with an update on progress with the development of the 2024-34 Long Term Plan was presented by the Acting Manager Strategy and Governance.

The uncertainty around the three waters reform was discussed and staff advised that Council needed to continue working on the basis that the reforms would proceed and that it would be easier to keep the three waters in the Long Term Plan and remove them if required, than to have to add them later.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/32

Moved by Mayor G Caffell Seconded by Philip Jones

That the Audit and Risk Committee

- 1. Receives the 2024-34 Long-Term Plan update report.
- 2. Notes the risks identified in this report.

CARRIED

7 PUBLIC EXCLUDED

RESOLUTION TO EXCLUDE THE PUBLIC

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2023/33

Moved by Councillor D Holmes Seconded by Councillor T Hullena

That the public be excluded from the following parts of the proceedings of this meeting.

The general subject matter of each matter to be considered while the public is excluded, the reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter, and the specific grounds under section 48 of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 for the passing of this resolution are as follows:

General subject of each matter to be considered	Reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter	Ground(s) under section 48 for the passing of this resolution
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MASTERTON DISTRICT COUNCIL
TE KAUNINERA Å-RONE O WHAKAORIORI

7.1 - Minutes of the Audit and Risk Committee Meeting held with the public excluded on 24 May 2023	s7(2)(c)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely to prejudice the supply of similar information, or information from the same source, and it is in the public interest that such information should continue to be supplied	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
	s7(2)(c)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely otherwise to damage the public interest	
7.2 - Health and Safety Quarterly Report	s7(2)(a) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of deceased natural persons	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
7.3 - 2022/23 Quarter 4 Risk Management Update Report	s7(2)(c)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely to prejudice the supply of similar information, or information from the same source, and it is in the public interest that such information should continue to be supplied	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
	s7(2)(c)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of	





	any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely	
	otherwise to damage the public interest	
7.4 - Initial Cyclone Recovery Risk Report	s7(2)(a) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of deceased natural persons s7(2)(d) - the withholding of the	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
	information is necessary to avoid prejudice to measures protecting the health or safety of members of the public	
	s7(2)(e) - the withholding of the information is necessary to avoid prejudice to measures that prevent or mitigate material loss to members of the public	
	s7(2)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to enable Council to carry on, without prejudice or disadvantage, negotiations (including commercial and industrial negotiations)	
7.5 - SLT Risk Discussion	s7(2)(c)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely to prejudice the supply of similar information, or information from the same source, and it is in the public interest that such information should continue to be supplied	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
	s7(2)(c)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely otherwise to damage the public interest	





CARRIED

The Meeting moved into public excluded at 5.17pm The Meeting moved out of public excluded at 6.17pm The Meeting closed at 6.17pm.

The minutes of this meeting were confirmed at the Council meeting held on 13 September 2023.

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MAYOR

6.2 SERVICE PROVISION REPORT - ARATOI REGIONAL TRUST

File Number:

Author:	Corin Haines, Manager Community Facilities and Activities
Authoriser:	Kym Fell, Chief Executive

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to provide the committee with the quarterly report against key result indicators for Aratoi Regional Trust.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the Service Provision Report Aratoi Regional Trust covering the summary results of the key result indicators for the quarter 1 July - 30 September 2023.

CONTEXT

The Aratoi Regional Trust provides the Council with a report on funding they receive, in accordance with the Provision of Service Agreement and Memorandum of Understanding.

Aratoi Regional Trust

The Aratoi Regional Trust provides community infrastructure and a community service, to support council's outcome "*Pride in our Identity and Heritage.*"

A Provision of Services Agreement and Memorandum of Understanding is in place for a sixyear term through to 30 June 2027.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

Aratoi Regional Trust contributes towards Council's community outcomes and key strategies: *He Hiringa Tangata, He Hiringa Whenua*, the Arts, Culture and Heritage Strategy and the Wairarapa Economic Development Strategy.

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

The information contained in this report has been assessed against the Council's Significance and Engagement Policy and is of no significance as there is no decision that impacts on any matters identified in the assessment of significance.

Financial Considerations

Funding to the service provider was via the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan and as agreed in the Provision of Services Agreement and Memorandum of Understanding.

Implications for Māori

Included in Aratoi's key result indicators is a measure to ensure that Taonga Māori is displayed and an ongoing relationship between the institution and iwi is maintained and fostered.

Communications/Engagement Plan

There is no requirement for communication or engagement in the reports provided.

Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

There are no environmental/climate change impacts or considerations arising out of the reports provided.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Aratoi Quarter 1 2023/2024 Report 🗓 🛣



Aratoi Regional Trust – Quarter 1 2023/2024

Key Result Areas	Result	Assurance (How Achieved)
A sustainable and thriving organisation:		
 Revenue from other sources (other than Masterton District Council and Masterton Trust Lands Trust) is greater than or equal to 20% of total revenue. 	On track	42% of Aratoi's income was from other sources for the quarter July to September 2023.
 Increases in self-generated revenue. > [Baseline: increase on 2020/21 result] Resident and visitor satisfaction with Aratoi services. > [Baseline for 2023/24; 80% (4 or 5 stars) 	On track On track	Aratoi's self-generated income streams for the quarter ended 30 September 2023 were 5% below budget. Satisfaction with Aratoi services on track as per online ratings: > 4.6 stars on Google > 4.5 stars on Facebook > 4.5 stars on TripAdvisor. A Museum survey is scheduled for March 2024.
 Provider of arts, culture and heritage services that reflect the history and heritage of the Masterton district and wider Wairarapa region: Number of programmes/events/activities undertaken annually that include 	Achieved	500+ artists in exhibitions and programmes including: Jenny Keate: Looking Sideways
local artists (or artists that whakapapa to the Wairarapa region). ➤ [Baseline: established in 2019/20, then no decreases based on the previous year]		 Wairarapa Camera Club: Reflecting on Our Place The Wairarapa Embroiderers Guild: Knot Just Threads Breadcraft Wairarapa Schools Art Light and Space: Sculpture from the collection Carol Ann Bauer: Have the most fun you can before they make you stop. 25+ local artists represented in the shop.
 A Taonga Māori display is held annually. 	On track	The ongoing display of Waipupū Waka in the Main Gallery and a Taonga exhibition in development.
 <i>[Baseline: 1 or more per annum]</i> Exhibition held that tells the stories of our local history and heritage. <i>[Baseline: 1 or more per annum]</i> 	On track	Bragge's historic photographs of the Wairarapa, a collection-based social history exhibition, and the ongoing vestibule exhibitions that display historical objects from the collection as in the current 'Choice' exhibition.



		1
To professionally manage and maintain all Aratoi assets, including the permanent collection:		
 Collections housed in best practice conditions – adherence to professional museum standards. 	Achieved	Housed in best practice conditions with adherence to professional museum standards.
	Achieved	
 Taonga, artworks and heritage objects are managed in line with the Aratoi Collection Policy. 		Managed in accordance with the Aratoi Collection Policy.
 Collections are documented in line with professional museum standards. 	Achieved (Vernon database)	Documented in line with professional museum standards.
Genuine partnerships and effective relationships:		
 Iwi and Māori are offered opportunities to contribute towards key projects/initiatives led by Aratoi. <i>[Baseline: annual reporting]</i> 	Achieved	Two representatives from each of the following iwi are on the Trust Board: Ngāti Kahungunu ki Wairarapa Rangitāne o Wairarapa.
	Achieved	Exhibitions developed with iwi and Māori input: • Waipupū Waka.
 Key partnerships are offered to contribute towards key projects/initiatives led by Aratoi. <i>[Baseline: annual reporting</i>] 	Achieved	 Breadcraft Wairarapa Limited for Wairarapa Schools Art Arrow FM for Aratoi's monthly radio programme Ara Toi: Pathway to Art highlights artists and creatives in the Wairarapa

6.3 DESTINATION WAIRARAPA QUARTERLY REPORT (1 JULY 2023 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2023)

File Number:

Author: Matt Steele, Senior Policy Advisor

Authoriser: Kym Fell, Chief Executive

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to provide the Audit and Risk Committee with the first quarter (1 July 2023 – 30 September 2023) progress report on key deliverables for Destination Wairarapa.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the first quarter report (1 July 2023 – 30 September 2023) from Destination Wairarapa.

CONTEXT

Destination Wairarapa is a regional tourism organisation (RTO) servicing the Wairarapa region. Their role is to attract visitors to the region, to help grow tourism revenue, and to support local tourism operators.

The three Wairarapa District Councils and Destination Wairarapa have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) that sets out key deliverables to be met by Destination Wairarapa in alignment with council funding and investment. An updated MOU was endorsed by all three Wairarapa District Councils in September 2022, with Masterton and South Wairarapa committing to a three-year funding term. Carterton committed to a two-year funding term, with funding being reviewed as part of their Long-Term Plan process.

The Wairarapa Destination Management Plan, endorsed by the three Wairarapa District Councils in 2022, further details tourism priorities for the region. This plan is reflected in the Wairarapa Economic Development Strategy (WEDS).

The following table outlines the results against each of the key deliverables of Destination Wairarapa:

Key Deliverables	Result	Assurance (How Achieved)		
To increase the number of visitors to the Wairarapa, the length of time they stay in the region and the amount they spend.	Partially Achieved Accommodation Data for this	Accommodation Data ¹ , August 2023: • Total guest nights: 14,200 (August 22 – 16,900) • Average nights stayed: 1.9		

¹ The Accommodation Data Programme replaced Commercial Accommodation Monitor in 2019. This data captures 33 registered accommodation establishments in Wairarapa. This methodology does not capture unregistered establishments.

Key Deliverables	Result	Assurance (How Achieved)
Specifically, Destination Wairarapa are tasked with delivering growth in domestic and in international visitor spend per annum and in line with the Tourism Industry Aotearoa's Tourism Beyond 2025 framework. In particular this growth needs	period does not reflect growth, however spend data does indicate growth.	(August 22 – 1.9) Although July's Total Guest night figures for 2022 and 2023 are the same, August is 2.7K down on the year previous, and it appears the 'bounce' upwards that typically comes in September for the Wairarapa, is not going to come until later.
to be seen across the winter period. This information will be reported as Wairarapa-wide		A similar trend has been observed in Wellington over the past couple of months.
and by TLA where available.		Tourism Electronic Card Transactions for Wairarapa ² : Domestic tourism electronic spend in Wairarapa increased by 1.3% in July 2023, from \$12.3m in July 2022 to \$12.5m in July 2023. Of all 31 RTO's Wairarapa ranked 6th highest in terms of growth.
		International tourism electronic card spend in Wairarapa increased by 52.6% in July 2023, from \$469.5k in July 2019 to \$716.5k in July 2023. Of all 31 RTO's Wairarapa ranked 4th highest in terms of growth in July 2023 compared with July 2019. Pre Covid, International tourists did not really visit Wairarapa during the winter months. It is hoped the Wairarapa Dark Sky Reserve in time will change that trend.
Represent the Wairarapa in the Business Events market in partnership with suitable	In progress	Provide support and promotion for a wide range of events:
venues, activities and other services.		 Masterton Cultural Festival Matariki Festival of Christmas Jazz in Martinborough Daffodil Festival Longbush Tulip Festival

² Interim data methodology, Tourism Electronic Card Transactions (TECTs), was used due to the COVID-19 disruptions. It is solely based on physical electronic card transactions and does not include any other form of spending such as cash, pre-purchases or online spend.

Key Deliverables	Result	Assurance (How Achieved)
		Wedding Expo
Destination Management Plan	Completed	The Wairarapa Destination Management Plan (DMP) has been received and endorsed by all three of the Wairarapa District Councils. It is a plan for the sustainable growth of tourism in the region, and key elements are reflected in the new MOU, as well as the refreshed Wairarapa Economic Development Strategy (WEDS).
To provide an online Wairarapa events calendar and a PDF downloadable version of major events.	Achieved	Available on the Destination Wairarapa website.
Represent the Wairarapa in the Inbound market in partnership with suitable venues and activities.	Achieved	Hosted Di Reid the new trade marketing manager from WgtnNZ. She has since been offshore and promoted Wairarapa operators at Tourism NZ's Kiwilink USA and South East Asia.
Host the Wairarapa core economic development information around "Buy & Invest", "Live & Work" and "Study" on the Destination Wairarapa website.	Achieved	Accessible on the following website link: <u>https://wairarapanz.com/live-</u> work
To provide a balanced budget.	Achieved	The Quarter 1 General Manager's and Marketing Board report for 4 months ended September 2023 has been received.
To report quarterly to the council, including attending council meetings. The report is to cover progress towards all deliverables.	Achieved	The Quarter 1 General Manager's and Marketing Board Report ended September 2023 has been received and reported on in this report.

1. Other activities undertaken during this reporting period

a) Examples of promotion:

• Provided support and promotion for a wide range of events including the Masterton Cultural Festival, Matariki and the Festival of Christmas.

- Digital Reach Campaign with Tomohawk. The objective was to drive messaging and content via paid social, widely into the lower half ofNorth Island. The overarching objective is to get the region in front of more people. Across the campaign ads were seen 1.3 million times reaching 480,000 unique users.
- Worked with the Foley Wines marketing and PR teams on the promotion of their new cellar door and restaurant.
- Pūkaha Te Wānanga Taiao worked with the marketing manager to draft a marketing plan to attract bookings for this new environment, ecology, education and conference centre at Pūkaha.

b) Media:

- Put in place a stakeholder comms programme, designed to lift Destination Wairarapa's activity, and deliver it in a format for local media and stakeholders
- Hosted Pamela Wade, a freelance travel writer. This resulted in an article on Wairarapa as a destination in The Post.
- Articles in Stuff and associated Fairfax publications promoting the Wairarapa Dark Sky Reserve, and Wairarapa as a winter day trip destination.

c) Funding:

- The Strategic Tourism Assets Protection Programme (STAPP) funding finished at the end of the financial year (June 2023). The end of this funding limits the print and sponsored activity Destination Wairarapa can undertake in the future.
- Funding was secured from WEDS to retain a staffing resource (Chrissy Cummings) to begin work on developing a multi-stakeholder, regional programme aimed at leveraging the opportunity that International Dark Skies accreditation has brought the region. Chrissy is also part of the team providing advice for the Masterton Dark Skies accreditation process.

d) Trade promotion

- Hosted Di Reid the new trade marketing manager from WgtnNZ. She immediately went offshore and promoted Wairarapa operators at Tourism NZ's Kiwilink USA and South East Asia.
- Finalised a trade ready FIT (Free Independent Traveller) product for Greytown Honey and for Star Safari (a dark sky experience business based in Ponatahi.

Other relevant updates

a) Website development:

• Design work has commenced on the development of the new website. primary design approach to the new site is 'Lean', focusing on a streamlined content structure and an uncluttered, user-friendly design and layout, contributing to an enhanced user experience. With nearly 70% of existing website users accessing the site through mobile devices, our



website development and design strategy places a strong emphasis on a 'mobilefirst' approach.

b) Major Events Strategy Development:

- James Patterson, an events professional, has completed a foundation study to inform the development of a future Wairarapa Events Strategy a recommended action in the Wairarapa DMP. The findings of this study were presented to the Wairarapa Combined Council on 30 August 2023.
- Further advice and recommendations for this work are being prepared to inform the development of the LTP's of the three district councils.

c) Wairarapa Dark Sky International Reserve:

- Leveraging the Wairarapa International Dark Sky Reserve Programme with a dedicated programme champion co-ordinating activity as well as developing tourism product/experiences, has been identified as the best way to take advantage of dark sky accreditation. It is a staged approach across multiple workstreams and involving multiple Stakeholders that is cognisant of the current businesses, their characteristics and aspirations, and the broader visitor strategies of the Wairarapa and the Greater Wellington region.
- Destination Wairarapa and WEDS are currently co-funding the programme champion/product development manager in order to get this initiative off the ground for the region. This source of funding however will come to an end on 31 March 2024.
- The programme champion is supporting Masterton District Council in the development of our dark sky application.
- Further advice and recommendations for this work are being prepared to inform the development of the LTP's of the three district councils.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

The work undertaken by Destination Wairarapa supports Council's community outcome and economic development vision statement in *He Hiringa Tangata, He Hiringa Whenua* (Councils Wellbeing Strategy): *Masterton/Whakaoriori has a strong, sustainable economy that supports our people and places.*

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

The information contained in this report has been assessed against Council's Significance and Engagement Policy. The report does not include any decisions that impact on matters identified in the assessment of significance within the policy.



Financial Considerations

Funding for Destination Wairarapa is part of the Memorandum of Understanding with the three Wairarapa District Councils.

Implications for Māori

Destination Wairarapa secured funding to support the development of a Māori Tourism Strategy. Key to the successful development of this Strategy will be inclusion and support from iwi, hapū, marae and those leading Māori tourism initiatives.

Communications/Engagement Plan

There are no decisions for this report that require either a communication or engagement plan.

Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

There are no environmental/climate change impacts or considerations arising out of the report provided.

ATTACHMENTS

Nil

6.4 CORPORATE CARBON EMISSIONS REDUCTION PLAN IMPLEMENTATION: PROGRESS REPORT

File Number:

Author:	Tania Madden, Principal Advisor Strategy and Governance
Authoriser:	Karen Yates, Manager Strategy and Governance

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to advise the Audit and Risk Committee of progress on the implementation of the Corporate Carbon Emissions Reduction Plan (CCERP 2021).

RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee receives the second six-monthly progress report on the implementation of the Corporate Carbon Emissions Reduction Plan.

CONTEXT

Masterton District Council (Council) is taking up the challenge of climate change action in two ways. Firstly, we developed an internal Corporate Carbon Emissions Reduction Plan in 2021, which sets out the ways the Council will reduce its climate pollution as an organisation. Secondly, we established a community focus group to help us develop a Climate Action Plan for the Masterton District and this was adopted in 2022.

The Corporate Carbon Emissions Reduction Plan (CCERP) was approved by the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) on 4 March 2021. The CCERP has 50 actions that fall under the categories of:

- 1. improve energy efficiency/conservation
- 2. minimise waste
- 3. prepare to adapt for future changes
- 4. work towards a low carbon economy
- 5. promote cleaner transport
- 6. general.

These categories align with the environmental objectives under the Council's Well-Being Strategy *He Hiringa Tangata, He Hiringa Whenua.*

Each action has been assigned responsibility/lead(s) and a timeframe (immediate; ongoing; short term <1 year; medium term 1 to 3 years; long term >5 year). Certain actions in the CCERP are the collective responsibility of the organisation. Other actions are the responsibility of individual teams or business groups.

Regular monitoring to track progress of the CCERP is essential to keeping it front and centre in the Council's business-as-usual work and decision-making. It was agreed by SLT in 2022 that progress reports will be provided to the Audit and Risk Committee every six months. This is the second progress report, following the report to the Committee in May 2023.

ANALYSIS AND ADVICE

Progress against each of the actions in the CCERP is detailed in Attachment 1.

The tables below summarise the current status of the CCERP actions.

Action by theme	Not started	In progress	Completed	Combined Total
Energy efficiency section	3	8	0	11
Waste section	2	6	2	10
Adaptation/resilience section	1	8	0	9
Low carbon economy section	5	2	0	7
Transport section	0	4	1	5
General section	0	7	0	7
All of plan	11	35	3	49

Action by timeframe	Not started	In progress	Completed	Combined Total
Immediate [2021]	0	5	0	5
Short term actions [2021/22]	2	5	2	9
Short term (ongoing) actions				
[2021/22]	0	4	1	5
Short to medium term actions				
[2021-2023]	5	9	0	14
Medium term actions				
[2021-2023]	4	6	0	10
Medium to long term actions				
[2021-2025+]	0	1	0	1
Long term actions [2026+]	0	0	0	0
Ongoing [2021+]	0	5	0	5
Total	11	35	3	49

To date, we have completed three actions (May 2023: 1 completed). The two actions completed since the last report were actions #16 (packaging requirements for catering) and #21 (signage and information for recycling in the office).

Seventeen actions have started since the last report, leaving eleven yet to start (May 2023: 29 not started). A number of these actions will start as opportunities arise. For example, action #5 relates to a Green Star rating for any new build or major refurbishments.

Actions categorised as 'ongoing actions' are those that are not one-off initiatives but where we may do things periodically or continually. An example of this is action #30 where we contribute to the Wellington Region Leadership Committee regional initiatives.

One action, which had not started (#35 – partnership with local developers to showcase a green/sustainable village/subdivision) has been removed. It is not an action that relates to reducing the emissions of the organisation. It is more appropriate to be included under the Council's Climate Action Plan, which covers external, community-focussed actions.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

The CCERP is our internal plan to reduce our climate pollution as an organisation. Actions in the CCERP align with the Masterton District Climate Action Plan.

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

Providing a progress report on the implementation of the CCERP does not trigger the requirements for consultation under the Significant and Engagement Policy.

Financial Considerations

The CCERP actions currently underway will be resourced from within existing budgets. The Policy team will work with teams across the business to ensure that any projects planned for the 2023/24 financial year are within planned budgets for the 2023/24 Annual Plan. Other actions may require a business case to be considered or incorporating actions into business-as-usual as part of developing the 2024-34 Long-Term Plan.

Implications for Māori

Items of specific and general interest to iwi and mana whenua are incorporated in the actions under the CCERP and the CAP. This progress report on the implementation of the CCERP has not identified any specific issues to highlight for iwi and mana whenua.

Communications/Engagement Plan

The CCERP has an internal focus. The CAP however is outward-facing and its implementation will include communications and engagement with the community. This is an opportunity to highlight emission reduction successes arising from CCERP actions.

Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

The CCERP highlights where emissions reductions are desirable within MDC's operations. Reducing organisational emissions will have a positive environmental benefit to the Masterton District.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Corporate Carbon Emissions Reduction Plan 🗓 🛣

Action #		Timeline	New team responsible (post- restructure)	Status: - in progress, - completed, - not started.	Action update (description of progress next steps for the project, explanation links to associated policies/plans/news
-	ENERGY EFFICIENCY			-	
	Undertake energy assessments for:Waiata houseRecreation centre	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Community Facilities and Activities	In progress	A whole of Rec Centre facility condition has funding through the Better Off Fund scope includes an energy assessment.
2	Identify any other council buildings and facilities that have potential to significantly reduce carbon emissions	Medium term [2021-2023]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	In progress	Smart power/LED lighting at Waiata Hou other opportunities arise. There are opportunities at the animal sh building has been pre-wired for solar an rainwater collection.
3	Implement energy assessment recommendations as practicable	Medium term [2021-2023]	Community Facilities and Activities	Not started	Waiting on energy assessment.
4	Choose sustainable materials, energy efficient technology and low-emission options when acquiring new office spaces and facilities	Ongoing [2021+]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	As new spaces are acquired.
5	Aim for Green Star rating no less than 5 Star 'NZ Excellence' for any new build and major refurbishments	Medium term [2021-2023]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	Not started	As new build or refurbishments are und
6	Aim for NABERSNZ 4 star 'excellent performance' rating or higher for any new build and major refurbishments	Medium term [2021-2023]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	Not started	As new build or refurbishments are und
7	Prioritise energy-efficient and low-emission options when replacing or planning new infrastructure and infrastructure facilities	Medium term [2021-2023]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	In progress	Solar Power, LED Lighting, Smart Power, for recreational services. Chinese Pavillion - Bronze plaques (can l down, not plastic). Smaller pulblic information signs with Q links to more detailed information onlin Billboards for election were reskinnned billboards (reusing where possible). Signage on wooden poles not metal/pla skin signs (e.g. on the new bridge).
8	Secure budget for energy efficiency improvements	Medium term [2021-2023]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	LTP discussion has included a bid for en assessment across key buildings.

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-	Action	Timeline	New team responsible (post-	Status:	Action update (description of progress
			restructure)	- in progress, - completed, - not started.	next steps for the project, explanation links to associated policies/plans/new
9	Investigate investing in renewable energy including types of renewable energy are most fit for purpose e.g. water and wastewater plants, office buildings	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	In progress	As opportunities arise, eg three wind-ad wind-powered aerators have been insta Homebush treatment station.
10	 Promote energy savings behaviour: Maintain an internal optimum temperature for offices between 19°C and 21°C Ensure that heating systems are switched off when not required Only operate offices between the hours of 7am to 7pm (unless otherwise required) Ensure building heating systems will run to match office peak occupancy hours, e.g. between 8am and 5pm Where there is sufficient natural light, switch off lights Switch off and unplug any electrical equipment that is not in use Ensure that all external doors and windows are kept closed when heating or cooling systems are in operation Avoid using electrical portable heaters while air con is on 	Ongoing [2021+]	Community Facilities and Activities	In progress	Lights on timers. More staff education
11	Identify and install LED lights where practicable	Short term - ongoing [2021/22]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	In progress	 Existing buildings - conversion New builds - project specification Standard practice for replacement Skate park LED lights Dark Sky status will require the lightir adopted in the District Plan (currently b consulted) and we will need to move al owned lights to LED.
	WASTE				
12	Improve data on the volume of office waste	Short term [2021/22]	Strategy and Governance	Not started	
13	Improve management of office waste	Short term [2021/22]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Soft plastic and coffee pod recycling red Facilities Team
14	Investigate concrete recycling	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Assets & Operations	Not started	Opportunities for concrete recycling wi as projects that involve demolition are

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Action #	Action	Timeline	New team responsible (post-	Status:	Action update (description of progress to dat
			restructure)	- in progress, - completed, - not started.	next steps for the project, explanation of del links to associated policies/plans/news artic
15	Implement and promote waste minimisation at every council event e.g. zero waste, plastic free	Short term (and ongoing) [2021/22]	Community Facilities and Activities		Budet made available to Facilities for waste minimisation event plan. Online forms and guidance to be updated as p Waste Minimisation Officers role
16	Requirements for catering to be no or only minimal food packaging (no plastic) for council sponsored/held workshops/meetings	Short term (and ongoing) [2021/22]	Strategy and Governance	Implemented	Staff catering guidelines developed, and take account packaging when ordering.
17	Investigate viability of using shredded office recycled paper for garden mulch	Short term [2021/22]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Cardboard from digihub went to worm farm
18	Develop less paper policy/guideline	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Paper use can be tracked per business unit.
19	Improve our business systems and develop more online services – electronic purchase orders, data management system, electronic forms, e-signatures for all staff	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Finance Technology Innovation/Technology Solutions	In progress	 electronic forms - progressing through each e-signatures for all staff - electronic approvable been completed on-boarding processes are complete general work continues on the internal culture encourage the uptake of on-line services
20	Monitor paper usage	Short term (and ongoing) [2021/22]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Paper use can be tracked per business unit.
21	Improved signage and information for recycling in the office	Short term [2021/22]	Strategy and Governance Community, Facilities & Activities	Completed	Earthcare signage more visible Internal recycling provision enhanced
	ADAPTATION / RESILIENCE				
22	Develop and embed clear criteria and objectives around sustainability and carbon emissions reduction in all of our procurement processes including what is required from suppliers/contractors	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Procurement policy developed. Procurement guidelines and training to be de
23	Develop and embed requirements for carbon reduction in all business case and project management processes and frameworks	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Strategy and Governance Assets & Operations	Not started	Opportunities to incorporate carbon reductio measures in projects will be taken as projects develop. Business case documents required to reference Council strategies and Policies.
24	Embed the sustainability principles and incentivise sustainable technologies in the Wairarapa Combined District Plan (e.g. low carbon footprint buildings; energy efficiency; renewable energy use in buildings; enhanced green/sustainable urban/subdivision design, blue/green infrastructure)	Medium term [2021-2023]	Regulatory Services	In progress	In the proposed Wairarapa Combined District Water tanks for new builds (5000lt+) Carpark (don't need car parks on developments)
25	Ensure the Wairarapa Combined District Plan review futureproofs a long-term management approach for our changing coastline	Medium term [2021-2023]	Regulatory Services	In progress	In the Wairarapa Combined District Plan

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AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA **15 NOVEMBER 2023**

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Action #	Action	Timeline	New team responsible (post- restructure)	Status: - in progress,	Action update (description of progress to date, any next steps for the project, explanation of delays,
				- completed, - not started.	links to associated policies/plans/news articles etc).
26	Integrate connected, nature-based solutions in development planning; such as protecting, restoring or enhancing natural habitats or incorporating natural elements into built environment projects e.g. green infrastructure	Medium to long term [2021-2025+]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	The upcoming National Engineering Design Standard (NEDS) will set out national requirements in this area.
27	Ensure climate change impacts are embedded into MDC spatial planning	Medium term [2021-2023]	Regulatory Services Strategy and Governance	In progress	Through the Wairarapa Combined District Plan and Future Development Strategy. There needs to be a strategy for tree planting (right tree right place) so not to damage infrastructure and street tree policy was on the programme for 2022/23.
28	Increase indigenous tree plantings in road corridors, parks and open spaces	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Community Facilities and Activities	In progress	Bark preferred over rubber in parks where practical allowing for increased accessiblity. Trees prefered over sun shade cloth for creating cool space where practical. (favour planting). Favour indigenous species when planting where possible. For example, plantings at Riverside Cemetery. Looking to report planting statistics in future.
29	Plant permanent forest on suitable council land for sequestration and to increase biodiversity	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Community, Facilities & Activities Assets & Operations	In progress	Forest 360 report has been received. The next step is to work through each opportunity identified.
30	Continue to collaborate with local and central government colleagues, in particular, work collectively through the Wellington Regional Climate Change Forum	Ongoing [2021+]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Changed to the Wellington Region Leadership Committee process instead of the Climate Change Forum.
	LOW CARBON ECONOMY				
31	Investigate how to address high emissions associated with wastewater and wastewater treatment process	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Assets & Operations	Not started	Will be investigating research project on measuring emissions from treatment processes at Homebush. This may be Wairarapa-wide. Action #33 should precede #31 and #32.
32	Improve our understanding of how to improve the wastewater emissions calculations	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Assets & Operations	Not started	Will be investigating research project on measuring emissions from treatment processes at Homebush. This may be Wairarapa-wide. Action #33 should precede #31 and #32.
33	Collaborate on a regional study into wastewater emissions if opportunity arises	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Assets & Operations	Not started	Will be investigating research project on measuring emissions from treatment processes at Homebush. This may be Wairarapa-wide. Action #33 should precede #31 and #32.
34	Develop appropriate procedures and recording for use of refrigerants in MDC buildings/operations	Short term [2021/22]	Community Facilities and Activities	Not started	

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Action #	Action Investigate opportunities for partnership with local developers to showcase a green/sustainable village/subdivision	Timeline	New team responsible (post- restructure)	Status: - in progress, - completed, - not started. REMOVED	Action update (description of progress to date, any next steps for the project, explanation of delays, links to associated policies/plans/news articles etc). This action has been removed from the Emissions Reduction Plan. It is not an action that relates to reducing the emissions of the organisation. It is more appropriate to be included in the implementation of the Council's Climate Action Plan, which covers external, community-focussed actions.
36	Develop a guideline/plan for sustainable practices in parks and gardens	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Community Facilities and Activities	In progress	The development of guidelines has started
37	Encourage the adoption of innovation, green technology and circular solutions, and support suppliers as they transition to a lower carbon economy	Medium term [2021-2023]	Senior Leadership Team	Not started	Will workshop our ICT infrastructure renewal programme
38	Identify opportunities to sequester the equivalent carbon through forestry activities	Short to medium term [2021-2023]	Strategy and Governance Assets & Operations Community Facilities and Activities Finance	In progress	Forest 360 report has been received. The next step is to work through each opportunity identified.
	TRANSPORT				
39	Adopt a target of a fully electric corporate vehicle fleet by 2030 (if mature technology is available)	Short term [2021/22]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	The parking compound now has four charging stations, and the fleet includes three EVs and an e- bike (see action #42)
40	Investigate and evaluate options for off-road and high- performance electric vehicles	Short term (and ongoing) [2021/22]	Community, Facilities & Activities	In progress	Investigation by Facilities Officer when looking at replacement fleet vehicles.
41	Prioritise petrol over diesel in the absence of mature EV technology for off road and high-performance vehicles	Short term [2021/22]	Community, Facilities & Activities	In progress	There are two vehicles due for replacement. Both are petrol vehicles and will be replaced with plug-in hybrid.
42	Incorporate E-bikes into the fleet	Short term [2021/22]	Community, Facilities & Activities	In progress	Staff training for the trial bike has been delivered and staff have started using the bike. Use is being monitored to measure success and issues.
43	Construct MDC car fleet parking compound	Short term [2021/22]	Community, Facilities & Activities	Completed	
	GENERAL				
44	Allocate responsibility for corporate carbon emissions through cascading KPIs [SMART KPIs]from CE through to SLT and staff	Immediate [2021]	Senior Leadership Team People & Capability	In progress	Cascading KPIs are no longer used. They are in the process of being replaced with growth and development goals. This is an opportunity to embed emissions reduction ambitions throughout the organisation.

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Action #	Action	Timeline	New team responsible (post- restructure)	Status: - in progress, - completed, - not started.	Action update (description of progress t next steps for the project, explanation o links to associated policies/plans/news
45	Senior Leadership Team demonstrates climate change priority and leadership throughout our business to staff and councillors	Immediate [2021]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	 Discussed with Recreation Services opparising from technology changes in their Modelling behaviour eg participating in training Communications Team are taking a dig default approach to internal and externaminimising the use of printed collateral v possible.
46	Senior Leadership Team takes collective responsibility for the overall climate change and emissions reduction actions implementation	Immediate [2021]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	SLT members are driving discussion on cl and emissions reduction in their team's p infrastructure strategy, asset manageme ten-year plan. SLT has added climate change and emiss reductions as a regular item on their Stra sessions agenda.
47	Senior Leadership Team meetings - climate change and emissions reduction reporting as a regular agenda item	Immediate [2021]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	SLT has added climate change and emiss reductions as a regular item on their Stra sessions agenda.
48	Establish and support a climate champions group to support, drive and promote implementation of this plan	Immediate [2021]	Senior Leadership Team	In progress	Membership of the Climate Champions C been agreed. Their first meeting will be h the end of the year.
49	Seek opportunities for central government funding and grants	Ongoing [2021+]	Strategy and Governance	In progress	Continuing to look for opportunities. Recovery funding being sought to impler projects.
50	Celebrate our success and share our story	Ongoing [2021+]	Communications and Engagement	In progress	A communications and engagement plan Climate Action work has been drafted.

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6.5 2022/2023 ANNUAL REPORT

File Number:

Author:	David Paris, Manager Finance
Authoriser:	Karen Yates, Manager Strategy and Governance

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to provide the draft Annual Report for 2022/23, for information and ahead of Council consideration for adoption on 29 November 2023.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Audit and Risk Committee:

- i) receives the draft (pre-final) audit opinion, Annual Report for 2022/23; and
- ii) notes the final Annual Report for 2022/23 will be considered for adoption by Council on 29 November 2023.

CONTEXT

The Local Government Act 2022 (LGA) requires all Councils to prepare an Annual Report at the end of the financial year. Council's financial year end was 30 June 2023.

Under the LGA Council is required to adopt the Annual Report by 31 October. However, due to a number of factors including valuation delays, resourcing and capacity challenges across the organisation, this deadline has not been met. The audit of the Report is progressing and it is anticipated that Council will be able to adopt it on 29 November 2023.

A copy of the draft Annual Report is attached to this report (Attachment 1). The draft is 98% complete, with final amendments to come which may arise through discussion with the auditors. The words remain subject to final review and proof reading.

DISCUSSION

Purpose of the Annual Report

The purpose of an annual report is:

- to compare the actual activities and performance of the Council against what was planned for that year in the Long-Term Plan and the annual plan; and
- to promote accountability to the community for the decisions made throughout the year.

The 2022/23 Annual Plan Report is reporting against Year 2 of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan.

The draft Annual Report document includes an introductory section with highlights of the year's achievements and also detailed commentary of the activity level, of the achievements of the organisation as well as full financial reporting.

The draft Annual Report includes detailed commentary of the performance and achievements of the organisation during the year. Specific reference is made to the impacts of the rainfall events, and the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Financial Highlights

The Council's financial performance has been sound. The weather event shocks have been able to be responded to without significantly affecting the Council's financial position. Council's external debt is \$51.7m versus the Plan of \$55.2m. The operating surplus of \$10.56 million has been generated from revenue received to fund capital and renewal projects. The impact of the weather events can be seen in the operating expenditure (excluding depreciation and other losses) at \$49.5 million or 17.6 per cent more than planned. Offsetting this extra expenditure has been operating income (excluding other gains) of \$73.5 million or 10.2 per cent more than the planned level.

The operating surplus of \$10.56 million includes \$5.44 million of assets vested from subdivision developers and financial instrument revaluation gains of \$0.74 million. The surplus after excluding vested assets and valuation gains and losses was \$6.73 million, compared to the planned \$8.62 million.

Total capital expenditure (excluding vested assets) was \$28.95 million against the planned total of \$40.91 million - some 70.8% (last year 59.3 per cent). Delays and slow progress on several major projects have contributed to that lower level of spending, in particular the Animal Shelter and the Airport upgrade account for much of the underspent capital budget.

The planned and actual accounting surplus represents external funding that has helped fund capital expenditure, particularly to be applied to renew or reinstate roading assets.

Infrastructural assets were revalued as at 30 June 2023 and land and buildings assets as at 30 June 2021. The 2023 revaluation resulted in a further uplift in these asset values of 8.7 per cent following a fair value increase that was allowed for in 2022. The Plan did not anticipate a value increase.

We continued to deliver on our maintenance and renewal programmes for roads and other assets within the road corridor, water supplies, wastewater systems and stormwater assets, and we've continued our catch-up on maintenance and renewals of our district facilities.

We spent 70.8 per cent of the capital expenditure programme (\$28.95 million) and had \$5.44 million added to the Council's assets as infrastructure vested as part of subdivision developments. More than planned capital expenditure was expended on water and wastewater network renewals due to both project delivery timing and decisions to increase the programme of work on these asset renewals.

We completed \$10.3 million of subsidised roading renewals and upgrading work, including the Colombo Road bridge replacement. This was 89 per cent of planned as contractor resources were diverted into emergency response and repairs to roads following the major storm events from February 2022. Events in July 2022, January and February 2023 resulted in further damage to the network. \$3.5 million of unplanned work was completed on retaining walls and road renewals as a response to the storm events. In addition \$5.13 million was spent on immediate response and cleanup of roads following the weather events. Funding assistance from Waka Kotahi has been at higher subsidy levels than the usual programme rate.

2022-23 has again seen the capital expenditure on sewer main renewals exceed planned levels (\$3.15 million vs plan of \$1.52 million). This has occurred as a response to the weather-related flooding and sewer overflow events. The extra expenditure has been an attempt to reduce storm

and ground water entering the wastewater network. The extra funding needed has come from Government's Three Waters 'Better Off' funding, Council's depreciation funds and new loans. The success of the additional renewals work has yet to be assessed, but the issues do not have a 'quick fix' and will require a long-term renewal strategy, including renewing pipes on private properties.

The level of subdivision activity and new residential building remained high during the year. This is seen in financial contributions from developers being \$3.66 million, or \$0.8 million more than last year. Income from building consent fees was \$1.44 million, or 12 per cent less than planned and last year.

Audit of the Annual Report

Under the Public Audit Act 2001, the Auditor-General is required to carry out annual audits of all public organisations. Audit New Zealand undertake Masterton District Council's audit on behalf of the Auditor General.

An auditor gives an independent opinion on an organisation's financial and service performance statements. These statements are an important part the annual report. The auditor's opinion provides guidance on the reliability of the information in the annual report and must be completed prior to the adoption of the annual report.

Publishing the Annual Report

Once adopted, which is expected to be 29 November 2023, it is a legal requirement for Council to publish the Annual Report document, and a summary of this, within one month noting Audit New Zealand are also required to review the summary document to ensure consistency with the final Annual Report.

The final published version of the document will include images/icons and final formatting to enhance the aesthetic look and readability of the document. Proof-reading will also be completed.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

Sections 98 and 99 of the Local Government Act 2002 require councils to prepare an Annual Report for the financial year just ended and in accordance with the information required by Part 3 of Schedule 10 of the same Act. The report has been prepared in accordance with the legislation.

Under the LGA Council is required to adopt the Annual Report by 31 October. However, due to a number of factors including valuation delays, resourcing and capacity challenges across the organisation, this deadline has not been met. The audit of the Report is progressing and it is anticipated that Council will be able to adopt it on 29 November 2023.

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

It is noted that the Annual Report is an important element of Council's accountability to the community. The Annual Report and a Summary of this will be published and made available to the community within one month of adoption. In the interim, our community can access a copy of the draft 2022/23 Annual Report through this agenda.

Financial Considerations

The Annual Report includes extensive financial information on the Council's performance in the 2022/23 year. There are no financial considerations beyond the report itself.

Implications for Māori

The adoption of the Annual Report does not trigger any Treaty of Waitangi considerations or implications specific to Māori.

Communications/Engagement Plan

Council is required to publish the Annual Report and Summary document and make these available to the public within one month of adoption. For the 2022/23 Annual report, this is likely to be in December 2023.

Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

There are no environmental/climate change impacts or considerations arising from the adoption of the Annual Report. The publication of the Annual Report and Summary documents will be done principally via the Council's website. Minimal hard copies will be printed.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Draft Annual Report 😃 🛣



AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA 15 NOVEMBER 2023

PŪRONGO Ā TAU 2022/23 ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23





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MAYOR'S FOREWORD Kōrero whakataki a te koromatua me te tūmuaki

MAYOR'S FOREWORD Kōrero whakataki a te koromatua me te tūmuaki

E ngā iwi, e ngā karangataha, te iti me te rahi, tēnā koutou, tēnā tātou.

Over the year to 30 June 2023, Masterton District Council has continued its commitment to serve the community. Our financial plan and performance measures, set through our Long-Term Plan process, have guided our actions and our accomplishments. These achievements underscore how our efforts have contributed to improvements for our community. However, as we reflect on the year, it is important to also acknowledge some of the challenges that have confronted our community.

The COVID-19 pandemic situation has moved on and evolved, with the bulk of controls and restrictions that were put in place to manage the outbreak, lifted. However, our ability to deliver has been impacted by several associated factors. The high levels of inflation have led to increased costs across the board, making it more expensive to deliver services. Resourcing remains a challenge, with the tight labour market and low levels of immigration through the COVID period presenting employment challenges for both Council and contractors. Plant and materials supply has remained constrained as operations across the globe slowly return to normal.

Weather challenges were significant this year. Right from June/July 2022 and a very wet winter through to January/February 2023 where we felt the impact of both Cyclone Hale and Cyclone Gabrielle. Cyclone Gabrielle in particular hit parts of the district hard with extensive flooding in the Tinui district, major rural road damage and coastal settlements being cut-off. Our initial response was designed to re-establish the road access for those isolated communities and provide a welfare response for the people impacted. Our roading team has worked progressively since the event to repair and re-establish the network and the job remains on-going into 2024.

Following the initial Civil Defence and roading response, work transitioned into recovery, with the establishment of the Wairarapa Recovery Office, a joint venture by all three Wairarapa district councils, based in Masterton. One of the first tasks of that unit was to run a process to distribute donations made to a Mayoral Storm Relief fund. Our thoughts are with those who were impacted by these weather events, particularly those who suffered damage to houses, properties and livelihoods.

The severe and repeated wet weather events have impacted the ability of the Masterton wastewater network to cope with infiltration and inundation of stormwater and groundwater. The results have seen a number of occasions where areas of the town had surcharging sewers, with some residents not able to use the wastewater system for days at a time and some of those having wastewater discharge on their properties. Council has responded to these events by providing interim solutions and cleanup on private properties as well as focusing on medium-term solutions to reduce the infiltration. The sewer renewal programme was ramped up during the year, while Government Three Waters 'Better Off' funding was also channeled into this work.

The difficulties our community encountered over the past year have been formidable. Nevertheless, amidst these challenges, we have also found reasons to celebrate some successes.

The 2022 Local Government election included, for the first time, a Māori ward, which enhances representation at the Council table for Māori in our community. Mana whenua representatives have continued to participate in and contribute to Council decision making. We also provided grants to support Matariki events and support the celebration of our Māori culture and heritage.



MAYOR'S FOREWORD Kõrero whakataki a te koromatua me te tūmuaki

The new Colombo Road bridge over the Waipoua was completed on schedule. The Lansdowne Mountain Bike Park was opened. This project illustrated the power of community and Council working together. The library experienced high levels of use, as COVID restrictions were removed. Our new Archives facility opened in January 2023, restoring the community access to the Archive material.

We continued our work in the climate space, with the Masterton District Climate Change Action Plan adopted by Council in September 2022. A Climate Advisory Group, made up of community members, to provide Council with advice, information and recommendations on issues associated with climate change that are affecting the Masterton District. We also submitted on a range of central government proposals related to the environment, and progressed work on the review of the Wairarapa Combined District Plan. This review includes consideration of how the District Plan can assist with water resilience and climate change action, as well as other challenges facing our community, such as growth and the availability of affordable housing.

We continue to work alongside the other council's in the Wellington Region on key regional projects and strategies including the Wellington Regional Climate Change Risk and Impact Assessment, Wellington Regional Emissions Reduction Strategy, Wellington Regional Economic Development Plan, Regional Food Systems Strategy, Regional Future Development Strategy and the Regional Housing and Business Capacity Assessment Update.

Community-led events are a strong focus for council and our community development team has supported the delivery of successful events such as Halloween island and Summer Hummer while a number of community groups and organisations have benefitted from grants funding.

Through our Annual Plan consultation process we sought feedback on a potential reduced scope for the proposed Civic Facility. Following this feedback Council agreed to get costs for two options for further consultation with the community. We've created a Project Advisory Group to help redefine the project's scope, with a strong focus on affordability, to support the further development of these options. Consultation on these options will be part of the upcoming Long-Term Plan process.

On top of all these projects, we've continued to deliver business-as-usual services, including processing close to 400 Land Information Memorandums (LIMs), more than 640 building consents, and completing on average more than 100 building inspections each week.

Despite the challenges posed by rising costs, resourcing constraints and high levels of rainfall, our teams resealed 10.05 kilometres of roads, delivered 4.22 billion litres of safe drinking water, completed the new walking/cycling bridge over the Waipoua River and the new Colombo Road bridge. We also continued the ambitious programme of renewing of sewer and water mains.

The Council's financial performance has been sound with an operating surplus of \$10.56 million generated by revenue received to fund capital and renewal projects. The impact of the weather events can be seen in the operating expenditure (excluding depreciation and other losses) at \$49.5 million or 17.6 per cent more than planned. Much of this relates to emergency response costs that were not planned. Offsetting this operating expenditure is operating income (excluding other gains) which was \$73.5 million, 10.2 per cent more than the planned level.

The operating surplus of \$10.56 million includes \$5.44 million of assets vested from subdivision developers and financial instrument revaluation gains of \$0.74 million. The surplus after excluding vested assets and valuation gains and losses was \$6.73 million, compared to the planned \$8.62 million.

Total capital expenditure (excluding vested assets) was \$28.95 million against the planned total of \$40.91 million - some 70.8% (last year 59.3 per cent). Delays and slow progress on several major projects have contributed to that lower level of spending, in particular the Animal Shelter and the Airport upgrade account for much of the under-spent capital budget.





MAYOR'S FOREWORD Kōrero whakataki a te koromatua me te tūmuaki

It has been another busy and successful year for the Council which included a local government election and continued prudent financial management, but it was impacted by weather events which created challenges for the Council and many residents of our District.

Thank you for working with us.







OUR VISION AND COMMUNITY OUTCOMES Te moemoeā me ngā hua a te hapori

OUR VISION AND COMMUNITY OUTCOMES Te moemoeā me ngā hua a te hapori

The vision and community outcomes that we committed to as part of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan are:



These icons will be used throughout this Annual Report to reflect alignment of our work to relevant community outcomes.



OUR YEAR IN REVIEW Arotakenga o te tau

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

Our community outcomes align with our wellbeing strategy *He Hiringa Tangata, He Hiringa Whenua* and our Infrastructure Strategy. Listed below under the Community Outcome headings are highlights of where we have delivered services or progressed work and enhanced community wellbeing. Further detail of achievements is listed in the activity sections of this report. Each Council activity is linked to specific Community Outcomes which contribute to the wellbeing of our community.

We support Community Wellbeing by initiating and supporting projects and partnerships that foster community capacity, celebrate diversity and culture, protect our natural heritage and grow the local economy.

Our Wellbeing Strategy *He Hiringa Tangata*, *He Hiringa Whenua* outlines the Council's vision for each of the four aspects of wellbeing: social, cultural, environmental and economic. An initial three-year implementation plan (2018-21) supported this strategy outlining the projects that we plan to deliver as we work towards realising our vision for community wellbeing.

We continued to progress projects included in the Wellbeing Strategy Implementation Plan, and aligned strategies such as the Arts, Culture and Heritage Strategy, and Wairarapa Economic Development Strategy. These strategies and associated implementation plans include projects that contribute to all aspects of wellbeing for our community. We intend to review the Wellbeing Strategy Implementation Plan as part of the development of our 2024-34 Long-Term Plan.

We also provide funding via partnership agreements with local organisations such as Aratoi – Wairarapa Museum of Art and History, Destination Wairarapa, Business Wairarapa, and Nuku Ora (previously Sport Wellington Wairarapa).

Community wellbeing projects and initiatives that were completed or progressed in 2022/23 (listed under the community outcome that they primarily contribute to) include:

An Engaged and Empowered Community

- Continued support for the Rural Advisory Group, Refugee Resettlement steering group, and establishment of the Masterton Youth Council.
- Supported Youth Week in partnership with the Masterton District Youth Council, including an event at the skatepark featuring skate competitions, spot prizes, VR experiences delivered by the library, art activities, live music and a sausage sizzle.
- Continued to participate in the Welcoming Communities | Te Waharoa ki ngā Hapori, a programme to support newcomers to Masterton to feel welcome and able to participate in the economic, civic, cultural and social life of their new community.
- Delivered over 680 programmes to 9,000 people at Masterton District Library. Just under 100,000 people visited the library in person and around 229,000 accessed our services online.
- Worked with dog owners, the SPCA, and wider community to rehome 18 dogs and return 188 dogs to their owners.



Pride in our Identity and Heritage

- Promoted Te Wiki o Te Reo Māori 2022 (Māori Language Week 2022).
- Celebrated Matariki at our library and provided funding totaling \$3,850 for eleven community Matariki events.
- The archive continued sharing our stories, publishing a range of articles and presenting throughout the community.

A Sustainable and Healthy Environment

- Introduced new planting themes at Queen Elizabeth Park in response to climate impact and for future sustainability.
- Established the Masterton District Climate Advisory Group to provide Council with advice, information and recommendations on climate change issues.
- Leased an electric bike for staff travel in Masterton.
- Ordered two hybrid vehicles to replace petrol vehicles in our fleet. Due to supply constraints these will be delivered in the next financial year.
- Continued installation of smart water meters.
- Progressed work to review and update the Wairarapa Combined District Plan.
- Continued work to develop wetlands at the Homebush Treatment Plant.
- Provided funding to eight groups from the inaugural Masterton District Council Community Climate Fund. The funding was allocated to groups undertaking projects that met the themes and goals of the Council's Climate Change Action Plan.

A Thriving and Resilient Economy

- Processed 154 resource consents and 649 building consents.
- Progressed the Hood Aerodrome Masterplan.
- Provided operational funding to both Destination Wairarapa and Business Wairarapa to support tourism and business development in the district. A one-off grant to Pukaha National Wildlife Centre of \$335,000 was also made this year.
- Contributed to the Wellington Leadership Committee Economic Development workstream, including being part of the Wellington Regional Economic Development Plan Steering Group.

Efficient and Effective Infrastructure

- Continued the accelerated sewer main relining and renewals work programme, including utilising 'Better Of' funding. 2.55 km completed.
- Continued water main renewals contracts, some of which related to work contracted in 2021/22. 4.2 km of work completed with several contracts still in Work in Progress.
- Resealed 10.5 km of roads and completed 19,660 cubic metres of unsealed metalling.





- Undertook response work in the wake of Cyclone Gabrielle in February 2023, with the initial focus being on bringing major roads to a safe level of service, reinstating bridge abutments, removing forestry slash and setting up temporary traffic management measures on roads with washouts and dropouts.
- Supplied 4.22 billion litres of safe drinking water to the community.
- Progressed work under the Hood Aerodrome Masterplan to support development of the aerodrome, including tendering the stage 1 runway improvements.
- Commenced work to add 16 new car parks at Panama Village for use by tenants and caregivers.

We also provided Community Wellbeing, Events, and Arts funding to a number of individuals, community groups and organisations over the 2022/23 year supporting them to undertake projects and initiatives that support the wellbeing of our community:

- Community Wellbeing Grants 34 out of 36 applicants were allocated community wellbeing funding, with a total amount of \$126,240. The grants, ranging from \$1,000 to \$12,000, provided assistance towards operating expenses, training, programmes and community needs-related projects.
- Community Events Fund 18 of 19 applicants were allocated community events funding totaling \$78,026. Funding applications were for sporting, community, and cultural-related events.
- Masterton Arts Fund four applicants were allocated Masterton Arts Funding. This included funding for: 2023 Young Readers Programme; Masterton Theatre Company's Aladdin and the Curse of Qataban performance; Preserving our Cinematic Stories; and Yarns in Barns as part of the Wairarapa Festival of Reading.

In addition, funding arrangements confirmed through the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan process continued for a range of groups that contribute to wellbeing in our community. These groups include Masterton Foodbank, Waiwaste Food Rescue, Riversdale Beach Surf Lifesaving Club, Fab Lab, and Te Āwhina Community Hub.





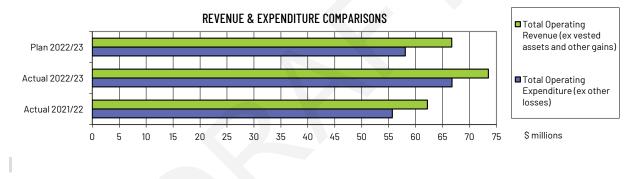
Overall Financial and Non-Financial Results

The Council's financial performance has been sound with an operating surplus of \$10.56 million generated by revenue received to fund capital and renewal projects. The impact of the weather events can be seen in the operating expenditure (excluding depreciation and other losses) at \$49.5 million or 17.6 per cent more than planned. Offsetting this operating income (excluding other gains) of \$73.5 million or 10.2 per cent more than the planned level.

The operating surplus of \$10.56 million includes \$5.44 million of assets vested from subdivision developers and financial instrument revaluation gains of \$0.74 million. The surplus after excluding vested assets and valuation gains and losses was \$6.73 million, compared to the planned \$8.62 million.

Total capital expenditure (excluding vested assets) was \$28.95 million against the planned total of \$40.91 million - some 70.8% (last year 59.3 per cent). Delays and slow progress on several major projects have contributed to that lower level of spending, in particular the Animal Shelter and the Airport upgrade account for much of the under-spent capital budget.

The graph that follows shows the 2022/23 financial performance compared to the Annual Plan and prior year. In summary, both expenditure and revenue are more than planned, resulting in a surplus of \$6.73 million (before vested assets and other gains and losses). The planned and actual surplus represents external funding that has helped fund capital expenditure, particularly to reinstate roading assets.



Rates revenue made up 47 per cent of effective operating revenue and rates arrears were 1.7 per cent of the amount levied, an increase from 1.3 per cent at the same time last year. The slowing economy and impacts of inflation on many households is likely to be the reason for the small increase in numbers and value of rates arrears.

We revalued our infrastructural assets as at 30 June 2023 and land and buildings assets as at 30 June 2021. The 2023 revaluation resulted in a further uplift in these asset values of 8.7 per cent following a fair value increase that was allowed for in 2022. The Plan did not anticipate a value increase.

We continued to deliver on our maintenance and renewal programmes for roads and other assets within the road corridor, water supplies, wastewater systems and stormwater assets, and we've continued our catch-up on maintenance and renewals of our district facilities.

We spent 70.8 per cent of the capital expenditure programme (\$28.95 million) and had \$5.44 million added to the Council's assets as infrastructure vested as part of subdivision developments. This compares to the prior year where \$24.6 million was achieved. Three capital projects - the animal shelter, airport upgrade and Millard Avenue urbanisation - were not progressed as quickly as anticipated and these make up a large proportion of the under-spent capital. More than planned capital expenditure was expended on water and wastewater network renewals due to both project delivery timing and decisions to increase the programme of work on these asset renewals.



We completed \$10.3 million of subsidised roading renewals and upgrading work, including the Colombo Road bridge replacement. This was 89 per cent of planned as contractor resources were diverted into emergency response and repairs to roads as a result of a series of weather events. Events in July 2022, January and February 2023 severely impacted the network. \$3.5 million of work was completed on retaining walls and road renewals as a response to the storm events. A further \$5.14 million (nearly all unbudgeted) was spent on immediate response to storm damage to the roading network. Funding assistance from Waka Kotahi at rates higher than our standard rate of 56 per cent, has reduced the financial impact on the Council, but there has still needed to be a draw on the Storm/Flood Damage fund of \$1.85 million, leaving the fund in deficit by \$1.62 million.

Our 2021-31 Long-Term Plan identified three major projects:

- Through the 2021-31 LTP process Council resolved to make the vacant land at Panama Village on Ngaumutawa Road available for someone else to build public housing on. Following the LTP amendment in 2021/22, Council has been progressing work for the High Court application to seek permission to sell the vacant land.
- Funding for the Civic Facility project, which includes the Masterton District Library and Archive, was a topic for consultation in the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan (LTP). The Council's 2020/21 Annual Plan resolution committed to building a new civic centre. Following the reciept of updated cost estimates for the Civic Facility in 2022, and public consultation as part of the 2023/24 Annual Plan process, Council has resolved to explore alternative options ahead of consultation as part of the 2024-34 Long-Term Plan.
- We also consulted on options for the Town Centre Revamp project as part of the 2021-31 LTP process. The decision was made to defer the start of significant work to 2024, and then proceed with the full Masterton Revamp programme of work over a 10-year period. This will be revisited as part of the 2024-34 Long-Term Plan process.

2022-23 has again seen the capital expenditure on sewer main renewals exceed planned levels (\$3.15 million vs plan of \$1.52 million). This has occurred as a response to the weather-related flooding and sewer overflow events. The extra expenditure has been an attempt to reduce storm and ground water getting into the wastewater network. The extra funding needed has come from Government's Three Waters 'Better Off' funding, Council's depreciation funds and new loans. The success of the additional renewals work has yet to be assessed, but the issues do not have a 'quick fix' and will require a long term renewal strategy, including renewing pipes on private properties.

The level of subdivision activity and new residential building remained high during the year. This is seen in financial contributions from developers being \$3.66 million, or \$0.8 million more than last year. Income from building consent fees was \$1.44 million, or 12 per cent less than planned and last year. Assets worth \$5.44 million have been vested in the Council from subdivision development.

We met 79.1 per cent of our non-financial performance measures, and improvement on the previous year. In particular, community facilities and activities have seen an increase in the number of measures that have been achieved, associated with increasing usage trends in the Library and Recreation Centre compared to the previous Covid-19 impacted years. Highlights in our non-financial reporting include strong results in our water supply activity with eight out of nine measures (88.9 per cent) achieved, stormwater with four out of five measures achieved (80 per cent) and in roading where five out of six measures (83.3 per cent) were achieved.





CYCLONE GABRIELLE AND WEATHER RESPONSE AND IMPACTS

The Masterton District has been significantly impacted by rain and weather events over the past 18 months. Cyclone Gabrielle, which hit the district in February 2023, had a particularly devastating impact in areas like Tinui, where floodwaters impacted homes and businesses, with many still feeling the effects. These events have impacted our ability to deliver some aspects of our business-as-usual work, as efforts have been directed to response and recovery.

As noted in the introductory section of this report, the Masterton urban area has also been impacted by the weather events, with heavy rain and continually high ground water conditions causing the wastewater network to not cope due to infiltration. There have been properties which have not had wastewater services on three or four separate occasions over the course of the year for periods of several days. Temporary services such as portaloos have been provided and property cleanups have been done following overflow events. At the end of June 2023, installation of improved mitigations had started, including back-flow valves and emergency holding tanks on the worst affected properties.

The financial impacts of the weather events have come through additional spending on:

- 1. Roading maintenance (\$5.13 million of emergency response costs) and unplanned roading capital expenditure on assets such as retaining walls (\$4.7 million)
- 2 Wastewater network renewals (\$3.9 million versus the plan of \$1.52 million)
- 3. Operating costs in the wastewater reticulation and stormwater activities being \$0.9 million more than planned (some 53%)

COVID-19 RESPONSE AND IMPACTS

In March 2023, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared that Covid-19 no longer represented a "global health emergency". The statement represented a major step towards ending the pandemic, three years after WHO first declared its highest alert level for the virus.

The New Zealand Covid-19 Protection Framework, or traffic light system, ended on 13 September 2022, removing requirements such as masks and restrictions on gatherings.

Government vaccine mandates ended on 26 September 2022.

The lifting of restrictions has had an impact on numbers using our services, as people have returned to patterns of use more in line with pre-pandemic. In particular, the library has seen increased uses across its services.

The economic impacts in the aftermath of the pandemic have seen inflation spike and supply chain shortages. The costs of many projects the Council has had planned have escalated and this has resulted in reconsideration of some of them.

HEALTH AND SAFETY / A DIVERSE AND INCLUSIVE WORKPLACE

We value our people and aim to provide a safe, inclusive, and healthy environment for them. During the year we have continued strengthening our health and safety culture across all aspects of the organisation through our Health and Safety Committee and relevant training.

We value a diverse and inclusive workplace and this is reflected through our Good Employer Policy. We are also a member of Diversity Works, the national organisation that supports businesses to develop diverse and inclusive workplaces.





A COLLABORATIVE APPROACH

Engagement with Iwi and Māori Communities

We are dedicated to fostering and upholding constructive partnerships with tangata whenua, taura here, and various Māori communities within the Masterton district

Representatives from Kahungunu ki Wairarapa and Rangitāne o Wairarapa have continued to be members of the Council's Committees with full speaking and voting rights. Appointments were reconfirmed after the 2022 election.

We also have iwi representation on our Civic Facility, Wairarapa Combined District Plan Review, and Henley Lake Working Groups, and have been continuing work on a new engagement framework for iwi, hapū, marae and hapori Māori.

The election for the first Masterton District Māori ward was held as part of the 2022 local body elections.

Our Pou Ahurea Māori role was elevated to SLT in May 2022, supporting our commitment to strengthen and maintain opportunities for greater decision-making between Council and Iwi, and to integrate tangata whenua values, culture and language into the business of Council.

We are working with iwi on the development of the Māori Purpose Zone, Tangata Whenua Chapter and Wahi Tapu inside of the Sites of Significance Chapter as part of the Wairarapa Combined District Plan.

Rangitāne o Wairarapa and Ngāti Kahungunu ki Wairarapa are important partners for the resilience investment project for Mataikona Road, and have been engaged in the work undertaken to date.

Collaboration with other Local Authorities and Bodies

We have continued to work collaboratively with the Carterton and South Wairarapa District Councils, and the Greater Wellington Regional Council throughout the year.

We participate in quarterly combined council meetings to discuss joint projects and matters of common interest.

We have continued to work with Iwi, stakeholders and the community to review the Wairarapa Combined District Plan, and to develop Te Rautaki Rangatahi o Wairarapa: Wairarapa Youth Strategy, which was adopted by all three district councils in April and May 2023.

We have shared services for GIS Services, Civil Defence, and managing the joint solid waste contract. These shared service arrangements have continued to be undertaken and operated in an effective manner.

Our Wairarapa Policy Working Group Committee, comprised of elected members from the three Wairarapa councils, was reconfirmed following the 2019 Local Elections and continues to work together on bylaws and policies for the Wairarapa. In the past twelve months we have progressedwork on reviews of the Wairarapa Local Alcohol Policy, the Wairarapa Class 4 Gambling and Standalone TAB Venues Policy and the Wairarapa Smokefree Policy.

At a Wellington regional level, we have participated in a range of proiects being led by the Wellington Regional Leadership Committee. These include the development of a Housing and Business Capacity Assessment (HBA) and Future Development Strategy (FDS), as well as regional climate change initiatives.

We have also participated in a number of regional committees including:

- Civil Defence Emergency Management Committee
- Remutaka Hill Road Committee
- Te Kauru Upper Ruamāhanga River Floodplain Management Committee





- Wellington Regional Transport Committee
- Wellington Regional Leadership Committee
- Wellington Region Climate Change Working Group
- Wellington Region Waste Management and Minimisation Joint Committee





DEVELOPMENT AND FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS

We charge financial contributions using the provisions of the Resource Management Act 1991, the Wairarapa Combined District Plan, and our Development and Financial Contributions Policy.

This year we levied and/or collected \$3.66 million, which has been recognised as revenue in the period to 30 June 2023. This is \$0.8 million more than what was collected in the previous financial year.

Financial contributions have been set aside as part of Special Funds and Reserves designated for parks and reserves development, infrastructure, and roading upgrades. The majority of these contributions are not specifically required to be spent on one locality or project, so have no residual liability associated with them.

Updated highlight graphs to come

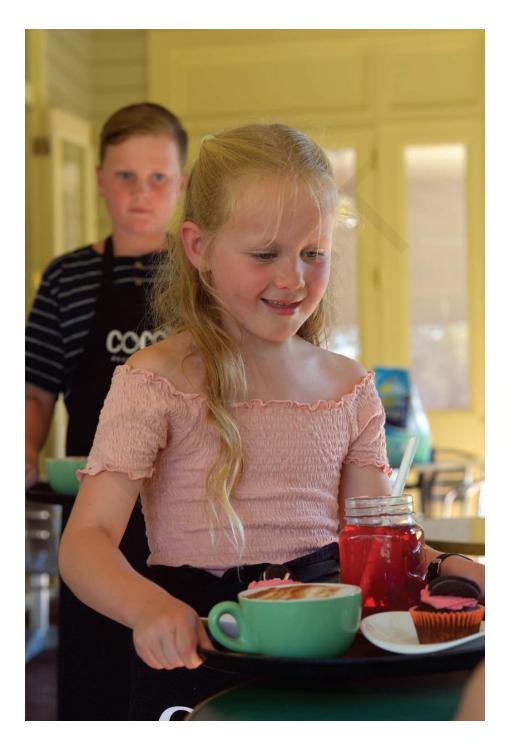
Updated highlight graphs to come





STATEMENTS OF SERVICE PERFORMANCE Tauākī paearu mahi

STATEMENTS OF SERVICE PERFORMANCE Tauākī paearu mahi







NON-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Paearu mahi kore putea

Our 2021-31 LTP defines the level of service we aim to achieve for each of our eight activity areas. Performance targets are set that assist us to measure how well we are delivering that level of service.

The LTP includes 43 performance targets across council activities.

The graph that follows shows that we achieved 33 of our 43 targets (76.7 per cent) and did not achieve 9 targets (20.9 per cent). One measure (2.3 per cent) was not available to report.

This is the second year of reporting against the 2021-31 LTP.

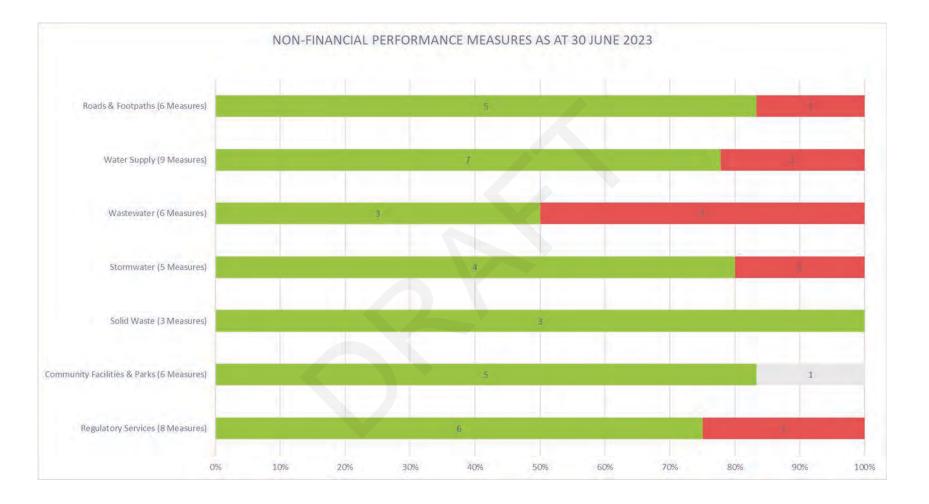
Our water infrastructure activities have generally performed well against targets. However, the higher than usual rainfall experienced in the district since February 2022 impacted wastewater and stormwater results in 2022/23. Three of the six wastewater measures, and one of the five stormwater measures, were not achieved.

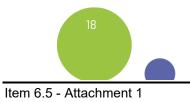
We received a higher number of complaints about our wastewater service, primarily related to continued issues with the wastewater network resulting from high groundwater tables. In the February heavy rainfall events, 29 portaloos were deployed on a pre-emptive basis.

The COVID-19 pandemic situation has evolved, with the bulk of the controls and restrictions put in place by the Government to manage the outbreak now lifted. However, there remains a long tail to the impact, with economic and social disruption. Global supply lines for goods continue to be impacted, contributing to the high levels of inflation that we are seeing both nationally and internationally. Despite the recent upturn in immigration, many sectors are still facing staffing challenges due to the delayed impacts of previously closed borders.











Reporting Service Performance Information

The New Zealand Accounting Standards Board(XRB) issued a Standard for Service Performance Reporting: Public Benefit Entity Financial Reporting Standard 48 Service Performance Reporting (PBE FRS 48) in November 2017, with amendments made in January 2019

The Standard requires public benefit entities, including local government, to apply the requirements of the standard to annual reports that relate to a period beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

This Statement of Service Performance has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the standard and the Local Government Act 2002, which includes the requirement to report on the level of service achieved for a group of activities against the performance target or targets for that group of activities.

As acknowledge in the PBE FRS 48 Standard, the following attributes apply to the current Service Performance Reporting environment:

- 1 Service Performance reporting is an area of reporting that continues to evolve;
- 2 Entities may be subject to a range of service performance reporting requirements, including legislative requirements and may use a variety of performance frameworks; and
- 3 It provides flexibility for entities to determine how best to 'tell their story' in an appropriate and meaningful way.

Council Requirements for Service Performance Reporting

The Council has set the following requirements for its Service Performance Reporting:

- 1. Provide users with
 - 1 Adequate contextual details to enable users to understand the Council's overarching objectives (community outcomes) and strategies details of Council's vision and community outcomes are included on PX with activities and achievements that have contributed to these outlined on pages X-X
 - 2 Details regarding the Council's activities and accomplishments during the reporting period in alignment with these objectives – details of Council's achievements (financial and non-financial) for each activity are included under the Statements of Performance section from PX-X.
- 2 Present its Service Performance Information and its financial statements together in the Annual Report[FRS 48 para 6] financial and non-financial performance is reported for each activity under the Statement of Performance section.
- 3 Present Service Performance Information for the same entity and same reporting period as the financial statements [*FRS 48 para 11*] financial and non-financial information is reported for the financial year. For this Annual Report, that is from 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.
- 4 Apply the following qualitative characteristics in the context as described in the Public Benefit Entities' (PBE) Conceptual Framework: Relevance, Faithful Representation, Understandability, Timeliness, Comparability and Verifiability [FRS 48 para 7] - these characteristics are considered when performance measures are developed and/or reviewed through the Long-Term Plan process.
- 5 Disclose judgements that have the most significant effect on the selection, measurement, aggregation and presentation of service performance information [*FRS* 48 para 44] the performance measure framework is set through the Long-Term Plan (LTP) process.
- 6 Provide comparative information [FRS 48 para 37] comparative data, where available, is included for the current and previous two years.

Scope of Service Performance Reporting



The Council's Service Performance Information is contained within the 'Our Year in Review' (Our Community Outcomes and actions we have taken to progress these) and the Statements of Service Performance section (financial and non-financial information for each activity) of this Annual Report.

The community outcomes are drawn from Council's 2021-31 Long-Term Plan and also align with *He Hiringa Tangata*, *He Hiringa Whenua* (Council's Wellbeing Strategy) and Council's Infrastructure Strategy.

PBE FRS 48 emphasises the need for judgement when determining the extent of information to disclose concerning the current reporting period and progress toward long-term objectives. MDC has presented key work that has been progressed and achievements that contribute toward Council's Community Outcomes.

Selecting and Aggregating Service Performance Information

The level of aggregation used by MDC has been based on:

- 1 Reporting against Levels of Service Our performance measures reflect the levels of service that were confirmed in the Long-Term Plan, and include mandatory measures that local government is required to report on.
- 2 Reporting LTP targets for Levels of Service Our targets are set to reflect the level of service for the activity.

When setting measures through the Long-Term Plan process other considerations include materiality, cost-benefit, and the balance between timeliness, understandability and relevance of information for the end users.





Key Research, an independent research company, undertook a Resident's Satisfaction Survey on behalf of Council. Data was collected in two waves, between 20 Feb – 22 March (wave 1) and 3–31 May 2023 (wave 2). The results of the survey will help to inform our long-term planning.

Research Objectives

- Assess satisfaction among residents in relation to the services, facilities and other activities provided by Council.
- Determine changes in performance over time.
- Assess Council performance on communication and community engagement with residents.
- Identify and prioritise opportunities for improvement that will be valued by residents.

Methodology

- A statistically robust survey conducted online and via postal survey with a sample of n=490 residents across the Masterton District area.
- Post data collection, the sample has been weighted so it is aligned with known population distributions for the Masterton District Council area, as per the Census 2018 results, based on age, gender and ethnicity.
- A total of 3,200 invitations were posted. At an aggregate level the sample has an expected 95% confidence interval (margin of error) of +/- 4.1%.
- Data collection took place between 20 Feb 22 March (wave 1) and 3-31 May 2023 (wave 2).

Overall performance

- Overall Satisfaction with Masterton District Council 41%
- Satisfaction with Reputation 46%
- Satisfaction with Services and Facilities 57%
- Satisfaction with Value for Money 45%

Overall Satisfaction with Services by Category

- Parks, Reserves & Open Spaces 74%
- Waste Management 69%
- Water Management (water, stormwater and wasewater) 52%
- Regulatory Services 47%
- Roads and Footpaths 31%

Within service categories satisfaction ratings overall were highest for:

- Parks, Reserves and Green Spaces 82%
- Sports fields and Playgrounds 75%
- Library and Archive 74%
- Kerbside Recycling Collection 74%
- Kerbside Rubbish Collection 72%

Within service categories satisfaction ratings overall were lowest for:

Roads throughout the district - 27%





- Ease of moving around district 35%
- Planning Services 35%
- Stormwater Services 36%
- Building Services 39%
- Hood Aerodrome 39%



ROADS, STREETS, FOOTPATHS AND PARKING AREAS Ngā huarahi waka, ara-hikoi, me ngā tūranga waka



WHAT WE DO

We provide a safe and efficient local transport network throughout the Masterton District. This involves the construction, management, and maintenance of road, street and footpath networks including pavements, bridges, signage, markings, on and off-street parking and streetlights.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

During the year we have continued to focus on delivering projects and ongoing maintenance that improve our road network. Highlights and key activities from 2022/23 include:

- 10.05km of sealing activity was completed on the road network.
- 1.6km of sealed road pavement and 3.3km of unsealed road was rehabilitated.
- 19,660 cubic metres of unsealed metalling was completed.
- 188m of culvert, 3.9km subsoil drainage (drainage to deal with water issues below the surface of roads), and 22m of kerb and channel renewal work was completed.
- 4.3km of the sealed footpath network was resurfaced.
- 89m² of retaining wall constructed.
- 89 lane metres of bridge renewals including:
 - The complete replacement of the rural bridge on Te Mara Road.
 - The replacement of the eastern, south-bound section of the Colombo Road bridge over the Waipoua River which was completed in April 2023, ahead of schedule. The new section features an extra wide footpath to increase safety for all users, with the bridge being a major part of the route for users heading to and from Lakeview School.
- Responding to Cyclone Gabrielle, which hit New Zealand between 12 16 February. While impacts were felt
 across the district, Tīnui and surrounding areas were the worst impacted, with almost 300mm of rain falling
 over a 24-hour period. Damage to the network included massive over and under land slips, flooding and debris,
 culvert and subsoil stormwater systems washed out, damage to bridging abutments at Homewood, Mataikona,
 and Tnui, silt laden swale drains and culverts and fallen and dangerous trees on and over the road corridor.





- The initial response focused on bringing major roads to a safe level of service, reinstating bridge abutments, removing forestry slash and setting up temporary traffic management measures on roads with washouts and dropouts. Moving into the recovery phase, specialist assessment is taking place to identify the type and scope of the work required, and the associated costs.
- Six carparks at the 70 Dixon Street public carpark have been converted to electric vehicle charging. The charging infrastructure has been provided by Meridian Energy, and the addition of this infrastructure has doubled the publicly available electric vehicle charging facilities available in Masterton.
- Work to extend Kitchener Street to Gordan Street commenced. This work includes drainage improvements, stormwater and other service upgrades, construction of a new concrete footpath, and forming a sealed road from a paper road.
- Council adopted the Masterton District Speed Management Plan in June. The Speed Management Plan is required by Government and sets out Council's 10-year vision and three-year implementation plan for speed management and associated infrastructure improvements on the roads in our district.

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Five of the six performance measures for this activity (83 per cent) were achieved in 2022/23.

Almost 100 per cent, 270 of 273, urgent customer service requests were responded to within the specified timeframe of two days, and results for non-urgent requests exceeded target with 978 of 1167 (82.9 per cent) responded to within the specified timeframe, noting response times for non-urgent requests vary depending on the nature of the request.

There were no fatal and nine serious injury crashes in 2022/23. The five year average is 2 fatalities and 11 serious injury crashes so the target of being no more than the five year average was achieved. While we cannot control all the factors that contribute to road crashes, the Council has an important role to play. We take our commitment to road safety seriously and will continue to deliver improvements that make our roads safer, advocate to central government, and support/fund education initiatives through the Wairarapa Road Safety Council.

A total of 91.7 percent of footpaths met or exceeded the defined level of service, consistent with the previous year and above the target of 90 per cent. We know that our community has high expectations for footpaths and we have invested additional funding to accelerate the footpath renewal programme and improve footpaths in the district.

The operating expenditure of \$21.6 million was more than the \$15.1 million planned, largely due to \$5.1 million of emergency reinstatement and immediate response costs that only had a budget of \$0.3 million. The overall renewals and capital programme of \$18.5 million was 84 per cent spent (\$15.5 million)(excluding vested assets). There were unders and overs across the programme with large variances relating Millard Avenue Urbanisation Project, which has yet to start, but unbudgeted emergency response costs of \$3.5m. A number of capital projects were underway at year-end such as the Kitchener Street to Gordon Street upgrades and Storm damage reinstatement activities at Kerosine Ridge and Blairlogie Landgale.

The road resurfacing target has not been achieved this year. There has been a alack of contract resources available to conduct essential pavement repairs before resurfacing and limited specialist plant availability. These resources were redirected to emergency works resulting from the impact of three cyclones and unusually heavy rainfall in 2022 and 2023. There has also been an increased demand for pavement building and strengthening, with more resources and funding being allocated to those projects.

Our ability to deliver our work programme has been hindered by a number of factors. The high rates of inflation experienced over the last 12-18 months have driven cost increases, making it more expensive to deliver our planned works. In addition to this, resourcing has become a significant challenge. Finding contractors, plant,



and materials for the work has proven to be increasingly difficult. Furthermore, the exceedingly wet 2023, following a wet 2022, has resulted in an increase in environmental and slip clearance work across the network, further impacting our ability to deliver planned work.



Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Number of fatalities and serious injury crashes on the local road network ¹ (MANDATORY MEASURE)	No more than the 5 year average. The five-year average (to 30/06/2022) was 2 fatalities and 11 serious injury crashes. 2018-28 Target: Reduction in fatalities and serious injury crashes compared to previous year.	Achieved No fatalities and nine serious injury crashes.	Not Achieved One fatality and twelve serious injury crashes.	Not Achieved No fatalities and twelve serious injury crashes.
Average quality of ride on a sealed local road network, measured by smooth travel exposure ² (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Maintain or improve on 90%	Achieved 94% network smooth travel exposure (as at 30/6/23)	Achieved 94% network smooth travel exposure (as at 30/6/22).	Achieved 91% network smooth travel exposure (as at 30/06/21).
Percentage of sealed local road network that is resurfaced (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Maintain within 5 - 7%	Not Achieved 1.9% Resurfaced 10.05 km of the total 535 km sealed local road network.	Achieved 5% Resurfaced 28.5km of the total 534.5km sealed local road network.	Achieved 5% Resurfaced 26.4km of the total 532.5km sealed local road network.
Percentage of footpaths where the condition falls within the level of service defined in MDC's Asset Management Plan (MANDATORY MEASURE)	90% of footpaths are rated excellent, good or fair. 2018-28 Target: 97% of footpaths are rated excellent, good or fair.	Achieved 91.7% 196.2km of 214km of the footpath network surveyed to June 2023 was condition rated excellent, good and Average. (Other condition ratings are poor, very poor and unknown)	Achieved 92% 193km of 210km of the footpath network surveyed to June 2022 is condition rated excellent, good or fair.	Not Achieved 92% 181.6km of 198.2km of the footpath network surveyed to June 2021 is condition rated excellent, good or fair.

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What we do: Provide safe and well-maintained roading, footpath and on-road cycling networks				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
An increased footpath renewal programme is in place to improve the state of footpaths in the district.				Note: Prior to 2021/22 the target was 97%. As part of the development of the 2021-31 LTP the target was revised to a more realistic target of 90%.
Percentage of urgent customer service requests responded to within two days (MANDATORY MEASURE)	95% 2018-28 Target: 95%	Achieved 98.9% 270 of 273 urgent requests were responded to within two days.	Achieved 99.6% 283 of 284 urgent requests were responded to within two days.	Achieved 99.7% 360 of 361 urgent requests were responded to within two days.
Percentage of non-urgent customer service requests responded to within the timeframes specified in MDC's Asset Management Plan and placed on appropriate maintenance programme (MANDATORY MEASURE)	70% 2018-28 Target: 80%	Achieved 82.9% 978 of 1167 non-urgent requests were responded to within the timeframe.	Achieved 91.5% 762 of 833 non-urgent requests responded to within specified timeframes.	Achieved 91.3% 705 of 772 non-urgent requests were responded to within specified timelines.

1. Numbers are taken from Waka Kotahi's Crash Analysis System, which is updated continuously.

2. Smooth Travel Exposure (STE) is a customer outcome measure indicating 'ride quality'. It is an indication of the percentage of vehicle kilometres travelled on a road network with roughness below a defined upper threshold level. The threshold varies depending on the traffic volume band and urban/rural environment of the road.



COST OF SERVICE STATEMENT

F	Roads, Streets, Footpaths & Parking Areas		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
7,227,697	Road maintenance - subsidised ***	7,303,042	6,263,191
1,260,870	Road maintenance - non subsidised	1,355,414	1,336,373
0	Emergency Response***	5,127,801	260,000
6,314,758	Depreciation	7,816,635	7,285,737
14,803,325		21,602,892	15,145,302
	Operating Revenue		
3,684,943	Waka Kotahi (NZTA) subsidy (on maint.)*	8,256,542	3,215,131
186,664	Local authority petrol tax	147,346	200,000
746,268	Roading contributions (ex developers)	969,318	2,300,000
51,798	Other recoveries	80,668	96,000
4,669,673		9,453,873	5,811,131
	Appropriations		
1,341,268	Transfers to reserves	969,318	2,300,000
(685,343)	Transfers from reserves	(778,162)	(461,800)
58,121	Provision for loan repayments	72,328	68,107
(5,708,600)	Depreciation not rates funded**	(7,208,600)	(6,678,600)
5,139,098	Rates Requirement (Operational)	5,203,904	4,561,877

* Further subsidy revenue is shown in the Capital Expenditure Summary.

** Most depreciation is reversed in lieu of renewals expenditure which is shown in the Capital Expenditure Summary. Renewals are funded by rates revenue and Waka Kotahi subsidies.

*** Note the 2022/23 plan included the Flood damage provision in Road maintenance - subsidised. Due to the storm events this year this provision has been shown separately against the actual expenditure.

Roads, Streets, Footpaths & Parking Areas **Rates Requirement Summary** 2021/22 2022/23 2022/23 Actual Actual Budget \$ Activity \$ \$ 6,356,206 Subsidised roading 6,194,503 6,410,574 1,140,705 Non-subsidised roading (urban) 1,250,825 1,165,307 211,749 204,747 232,994 Non-subsidised roading (rural) \$7,708,660 \$7,650,074 \$7,808,875 **Rates Requirement**



	Roads, Streets, Footpaths & Parking Areas					
	Capital Expenditure Summary					
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23			
Actual		Actual	Budget			
\$	Roading	\$	\$			
3,111,656	Asset renewals - Rural programme	2,914,011	3,404,687			
1,701,024	Asset renewals - Urban programme	1,509,660	1,659,844			
24,624	Asset renewals - Bridges	460,951	634,200			
0	Urban footpath upgrades (non subsidised)	35,900	0			
144,844	Urban footpath upgrades (subsidised)	479,424	581,583			
210,584	Car park renewals & signage	38,138	102,100			
66,999	Carpark lighting - Safety initiative	0	17,792			
1,160,480	Roading minor improvement projects	765,767	1,559,373			
0	Retaining wall - Kerosene Ridge	1,178,468	935,000			
92,607	CBD upgrade (Town Centre project)	88,478	102,100			
232,669	Colombo Road, Waipoua bridge	4,174,761	3,750,000			
160,305	Under veranda lighting renewals	0	0			
1,391,313	Gordon Street - urbanisation project	0	0			
76,549	Millard Ave - urbanisation project	0	3,700,000			
27,500	Kitchener Street to Gordon Street	210,468	1,290,000			
0	CBD recycling bins	0	10,000			
0	Cycleways	0	141,470			
56,691	What's Our Welcome- North Entrance	8,078	185,000			
97,711	What's Our Welcome- South Entrance	71,867	380,000			
48,012	Chamberlain Road upgrade	0	0			
198,724	Retaining structures (emergency response)	3,527,192	-			
700,732	Vested roading assets ex subdivision	1,909,852	-			
288,515	Vested assets - road reserve land	612,477	-			
9,791,540		17,985,491	18,453,149			
(2.014.047)	Capital Funding	(0.202.212)	(7.240.740)			
(3,811,917) (1,833,009)	Waka Kotahi (NZTA) subsidy (on renewals) Transfers from reserves	(9,293,213) (3,555,357)	(7,219,710) (7,319,342)			
(1,833,009) (340,797)	External contrib.	-				
(989,247)	Vested assets (ex developers)	(2,522,329)	-			
(247,009)	Loan funds	(168,423)	(667,100)			
(7,221,978)		(15,539,321)	(15,206,152)			
\$2,569,562	Rates Requirement (Capital)	2,446,170	\$3,246,998			





WATER SUPPLIES (URBAN AND RURAL) Hopua wai (tāone me te taiwhenua)



WHAT WE DO

Water is provided to the Masterton urban reticulation system, Tinui, and the Waingawa industrial area. In rural areas, we provide non-drinking water to rural water schemes and water race supplies. We own and maintain a network of water mains, trunk mains, tanks, reservoirs, and water treatment facilities at Kaituna and Tinui.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Highlights and key activities from 2022/23 include:

- 4.22 billion litres of safe drinking water supplied to the community.
- Repairs to the Tīnui water treatment plant following damage caused by Cyclone Gabrielle, with the plant back up and operational within 24 hours.
- Renewed water mains to prevent water loss through leakage.
- Continued access to a separate fluoride-free water supply.
- Continued smart water meter installations, with meters now installed on 91% of all properties.
- Ongoing support for rural water supplies

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Seven of the nine performance measures for this activity (78 per cent) were achieved in 2022/23. One not achieved relates to the average consumption of drinking water per day per resident within the district. The other not achieved relates to the Drinking Water Quality Assurance Rules (DWQAR) - Bacterial Compliance, due to the need to install new monitoring equipment for this standard. This equipment has now been installed. It is expected that this measure will be achieved for next year.

It is important to note that the non-achievement of the two measures does not reflect any issues with the safety of Masterton's drinking water.

We supplied 4.22 billion litres of safe water to urban households during the year. This equates to 586 litres per person per day; 8 litre per day increase compared to the previous year.

There was also a small reduction in the percentage of water lost from our system, down to 32.4 per cent, compared to 32.5 per cent last year and 34 per cent in 2020/21. This reduction is partly due to less leakage across the network as a result of our repair and renewal work.





Water loss was identified as a key issue in the 2018-28 LTP. We purchased some 9,000 smart water meters during 2019/20. The installation of those meters was delayed due to COVID-19 but over 91% of installs have now been completed. The meters will enable leaks to be identified and repaired, which will support continued improvements in water conservation.

The number of complaints received about drinking water rose this year, from 2.37 complaints per 1,000 connections in 2021/22 to 4.88 complaints per 1,000 connections this year. Response and resolution times for urgent and non-urgent callouts have increased but are still well within target.

Both Urban and Rural water supply operating costs were overspent in 2022/23. Total operating costs were \$5.9 million resulting in an overspend in the 2022/23 year (18.5 per cent more). This was due to an increased number of water connection and water mains repairs needed to meet service levels, while maintenance and chemicals costs at the water treatment plant exceeded budget, and extra costs were incurred on storm cleanup costs at the Upper Plain Reservoir and Tinui water supply.

Water mains renewal contracts were \$2.32 million versus a budget of \$1.80 million. This accelerated spending is a result of contractors completing work that had been let in the previous financial year. The water meter installation project continued with the spend being in line with budget. Delays with work on Millard Avenue has resulted in underspends against the water main extension budget. There were a number of water main renewal projects (\$1.2m) ongoing at year-end which will be completed in the 2023/24 financial year.

What we do: Deliver safe drinking water efficiently and effectively to urban households				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Number of complaints received about drinking water clarity, taste, odour, pressure or flow, continuity of supply, or MDC's response to complaints received (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Less than or equal to 6 complaints/1000 connections. 2018-28 Target: Less than or equal to 6 complaints/1000 connections.	Achieved 4.88 complaints/1000 connections (48 complaints).	Achieved 2.37 complaints/1000 connections (23 complaints).	Achieved 2.45 complaints/1000 connections (23 complaints).



What we do: Deliver safe drinking water efficiently and effectively to urban households				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Response time to ca	all-outs to a fault o	or unplanned interrupt	tion to MDC's networked r	eticulation system:
a) attendance at urgent callouts ¹ (from notification to arrival on site) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	60 minutes or less 2018-28 Target: 60 minutes or less	Achieved 50 minutes	Achieved 38 minutes	Achieved 34 minutes
b) resolution of urgent callouts ¹ (from notification to confirmation of resolution) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	480 minutes or less 2018-28 Target: 480 minutes or less	Achieved 113 minutes	Achieved 137 minutes	Achieved 102 minutes
c) attendance at non-urgent callouts ² (from notification to arrival on site) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	7 days or less 2018-28 Target: 7 days or less	Achieved 69 minutes	Achieved 53 minutes	Achieved 119 minutes
d) resolution of non-urgent callouts ² (from notification to confirmation of resolution) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	3 months or less 2018-28 Target: 3 months or less	Achieved 108 minutes	Achieved 115 minutes	Achieved 172 minutes





What we do: Deliver safe drinking water efficiently and effectively to urban households				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Council's drinking w	ater supply comp	lies with:		
a) Part 4 of the Drinking Water Standards 2005 (revised 2018)- bacterial compliance ³ (MANDATORY MEASURE from 1 July 2022 to 31 December 2022)	Fully compliant 2018 - 2028 Target: Fully compliant	Achieved Fully compliant	Achieved Fully compliant	Achieved Fully compliant
b) Part 5 of the Drinking Water Standards 2005 (revised 2018) - protozoal compliance ⁴ (MANDATORY MEASURE from 1 July 2022 to 31 December 2022)	Fully compliant 2018 - 2028 Target: Fully compliant	Achieved Fully compliant	Not Achieved Fully compliant for 98.9% of days (361 out of 365 days) There were 4 days where filtered turbidity exceeded the standard for more than 1% of the time.	Achieved Fully compliant
c) Drinking Water Quality Assurance Rules (DWQAR) - Bacterial Compliance (MANDATORY MEASURE from 1 January 2023)	Fully Compliant From 1 January 2023, new Drinking Water Quality Assurance Rules (DWQAR) reporting has started, as introduced by Taumata Arowai.	Not Achieved New reporting and monitoring requirement were introduced during the 2022 / 2023 year. Contact time with Chlorine now needs to be continually monitored. Upgrade equipment now installed.	N/A	N/Α
d) Drinking Water Quality Assurance Rules (DWQAR) - Protozoal Compliance	Fully Compliant From 1 January 2023, new Drinking Water Quality	Achieved Fully complaint	N/A	N/A



What we do: Delive	What we do: Deliver safe drinking water efficiently and effectively to urban households				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)	
(MANDATORY MEASURE from 1 January 2023)	Assurance Rules (DWQAR) reporting has started, as introduced by Taumata Arowai.				
Percentage of real water loss from MDC's reticulation system⁵(calculated using minimum night flow) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Year 2: No more than 32.5% Year 1: No more than 37% 2018-28 Target: Reduction on previous year	Achieved 32.4%	Achieved 32.5%	Achieved 34%	
Average consumption of drinking water per day per resident within the district ⁶ (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Year 2: No more than 578 litres/person/day Year 1: No more than 601 litres/person/per day 2018-28 Target: Reduction on previous year.	Not Achieved 586 litres/person/day	Achieved 578 litres/person/day.	Not Achieved 639 litres/person/day.	

1. An urgent call-out is one that leads to a complete loss of supply of drinking water.

2. A non-urgent call-out is one where there is still a supply of drinking water.

3. For bacterial compliance testing, E. coli is used as the indicator organism for contamination of drinking-water by faecal

materialhttps://www.moh.govt.nz/notebook/nbbooks.nsf/0/B9917ABBB22BE387CC2583B2007928FE/\$file/dwsnz-2005-revised-mar2019.pdf 4. The compliance criteria for protozoa are based on the probability that the treatment process has inactivated (by disinfecting to achieve the prescribed C.t value) or removed (by achieving target filtrate turbidity) any protozoa

presenthttps://www.moh.govt.nz/notebook/nbbooks.nsf/0/B9917ABBB22BE387CC2583B2007928FE/\$file/dwsnz-2005-revised-mar2019.pdf 5. This measure tracks unexplained water losses as a percentage of total water produced. These losses are calculated by deducting water sales volumes and allowable unbilled water usage from the total volume of water produced. Taumata Arowai introduced new Drinking Water Quality Assurance Rules (DWQAR) from 14 November 2022. The reporting against it started from 1 January 2023.





6. A Department of Internal Affairs (DIA) mandatory measure to provide information on whether the water supply system is being managed to ensure demand does not outstrip capacity. Careful management of the demand for water is an important component of integrated water resources management to ensure that demand does not exceed capacity, that water is allocated efficiently, and that productivity is maximised.



COST OF SERVICE STATEMENT

ι	Jrban Water Supply		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
1,544,512	Water treatment costs	1,746,152	1,542,397
1,274,620	Water reticulation costs	1,685,576	1,203,974
1,558,455	Depreciation	1,906,508	1,782,074
4,377,587		5,338,237	4,528,445
	Operating Revenue		
659,494	User charges & other revenue	505,849	313,478
102,600	Internal Recoveries	111,200	111,200
762,094		617,049	424,678
	Appropriations		
(100,000)	Transfers from reserves	-	-
	Transfers to reserves - for stimulus-funded		
142,951	pipe stock	-	-
186,454	Provision for loan repayment	330,613	327,403
(244,300)	Reverse depreciation	(636,860)	(221,860)
\$3,600,598	Rates Requirement	\$4,414,940	\$4,209,309

F	Rural Water Supplies		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
543,788	Rural water supplies & races	387,499	271,182
120,554	Depreciation	147,275	154,855
664,342		534,773	426,036
	Operating Revenue		
	Rural water scheme charges & 3 waters		
532,182	stimulus funding	251,053	226,000
	Appropriations		
4,137	Transfers to reserves	13,980	-
6,538	Provision for loan repayment	6,945	6,944
(26,000)	Reverse depreciation	(75,650)	(69,650)
\$116,835	Rates Requirement	\$228,996	\$137,330

Water Supplies

Rates Requirement Summary

2021/22 Actual \$	Activity	2022/23 Actual \$	2022/23 Budget \$
3,600,598	Masterton urban water supply	4,414,940	4,209,309
35,139	Tinui water supply	87,427	52,462
72,153	Opaki water race	120,454	62,059
9,544	Miscellaneous rural water costs	21,114	22,809
\$3,717,433	Rates Requirement	\$4,643,936	\$4,346,640





Actual Actual Budget \$ Urban water treatment \$ \$ 115,444 Water treatment plant & equip. renewals 108,976 180,000 - Water treatment - buildings & grounds 11,910 20,000 Water treatment SCADA & electrical - stimulus 18,829 project - 2,467,144 Purchase land future water storage - 2,467,144 250,000 2,661,417 Urban water reticulation 190,424 250,000 454,856 Water main renewals 2,316,958 1,800,000 775,605 Water connections replacements 6,512 50,000 775,605 Water connections replacements 6,512 50,000 454,856 Water meters installation - part project 600,798 600,000 775,605 Water storage - Nikau Heights 45,734 - 180,000 454,856 Water storage - Nikau Heights 60,664 500,798 600,000 175,584 Lansdowne - stimulus project 57,341 - Water mains extension - Millard Ave 0	٧	Vater Supplies		
Actual Actual Budget \$ Urban water treatment \$ \$ 115,444 Water treatment plant & equip. renewals 108,976 180,000 - Water treatment - buildings & grounds 11,910 20,000 Water treatment SCADA & electrical - stimulus 18,829 project - 2,467,144 Purchase land future water storage - 2,467,144 250,000 2,661,417 Urban water reticulation 190,424 250,000 454,856 Water main renewals 2,316,958 1,800,000 775,605 Water connections replacements 6,512 50,000 775,605 Water connections replacements 6,512 50,000 454,856 Water meters installation - part project 600,798 600,000 775,605 Water storage - Nikau Heights 45,734 - 180,000 454,856 Water storage - Nikau Heights 60,664 500,798 600,000 175,584 Lansdowne - stimulus project 57,341 - Water mains extension - Millard Ave 0		Capital Expenditure Summary		
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- Water treatment - buildings & grounds Water treatment SCADA & electrical - stimulus 11,910 20,000 18,829 project - - - 2,467,144 Purchase land future water storage - - - 2,601,417 Water take consent renewal 69,537 50,000 Urban water reticulation 190,424 250,000 454,856 Water main renewal - stimulus project 45,189 5,169 Water connections replacements 66,512 50,000 494,260 Water meters installation - part project 600,798 600,000 457,584 Lansdowne - stimulus project 66,664 66,664 bulk tanker water supply terminal construction - - stimulus project 57,341 - Water mains extension - Millard Ave 0 180,000 155,360 Assets vested from developers 536,008 2,630,000 25,621 Wainuioru water supply renewals 121,465 25,000 - Tinui water supply upgrades 20,045 20,045 Wainuioru Water supply volv system and			•	
Water treatment SCADA & electrical - stimulus 18,829 project 2,467,144 Purchase land future water storage - Water take consent renewal 69,537 50,000 2,601,417 190,424 Urban water reticulation 190,424 454,856 Water mains renewals 2,169 Water connections replacements 6,512 50,000 494,260 Water connections replacements 457,584 Lansdowne - stimulus project 457,584 Lansdowne - stimulus project 66,664 bulk tanker water supply terminal construction - - stimulus project 57,341 - Water mains extension - Millard Ave 0 155,360 Assets vested from developers 536,008 2,342,835 Rural water reticulation 22,630,000 25,621 Wainuioru water supply renewals 121,465 25,000 - Tinui water supply upgrades 20,045 Wainuioru Water supply -UV system and 303,782 filters - stimulus project 225,327 26,720	115,444			
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2,467,144 Purchase land future water storage - Water take consent renewal 69,537 50,000 2,601,417 190,424 250,000 Urban water reticulation 190,424 250,000 454,856 Water mains renewals 2,316,958 1,800,000 775,605 Water main renewal - stimulus project 45,189 - 5,169 Water connections replacements 6,512 50,000 494,260 Water meters installation - part project 600,798 600,000 Treated water storage - Nikau Heights - - stimulus project 66,664 bulk tanker water supply terminal construction - - - 180,000 155,360 Assets vested from developers 536,008 - - 25,621 Wainuioru water supply renewals 121,465 25,000 - Tinui water supply upgrades 20,045 - - 303,782 filters - stimulus project 225,327 26,720 Emergency package tmt plant - in progress 0 3382 Castlepoint water supply upgrade - - - -	10.020			
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494,260Water meters installation - part project Treated water storage - Nikau Heights600,798600,000457,584Lansdowne - stimulus project bulk tanker water supply terminal construction - stimulus project66,66466,664-Water mains extension - Millard Ave0180,000155,360Assets vested from developers536,0082,630,0002,342,8353,629,4692,630,000Rural water reticulation121,46525,00025,621Wainuioru water supply renewals121,46525,000-Tinui water supply upgrades Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and 303,78220,045225,32726,720Emergency package tmt plant - in progress0366,83625,0003,382Castlepoint water supply upgrade359,504-366,83625,000-			-	0
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- - stimulus project 57,341 - Water mains extension - Millard Ave 0 180,00 155,360 Assets vested from developers 536,008 2,630,00 2,342,835 Rural water reticulation 3,629,469 2,630,00 25,621 Wainuioru water supply renewals 121,465 25,000 - Tinui water supply upgrades 20,045 Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and 303,782 filters - stimulus project 225,327 26,720 Emergency package tmt plant - in progress 0 366,836 25,000 3,382 Castlepoint water supply upgrade - - - 359,504 - 366,836 25,000 -	457,584		66,664	-
- Water mains extension - Millard Ave 0 180,00 155,360 Assets vested from developers 536,008 2,630,00 2,342,835 Rural water reticulation 3,629,469 2,630,00 25,621 Wainuioru water supply renewals 121,465 25,000 - Tinui water supply upgrades 20,045 Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and 303,782 filters - stimulus project 225,327 26,720 Emergency package tmt plant - in progress 0 366,836 25,000 3,382 Castlepoint water supply upgrade - - -				
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2,342,835Rural water reticulation3,629,4692,630,0025,621Wainuioru water supply renewals121,46525,000-Tinui water supply upgrades Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and20,045303,782filters - stimulus project225,32726,720Emergency package tmt plant - in progress03,382Castlepoint water supply upgrade-359,504366,83625,000	-		-	180,000
Rural water reticulation25,621Wainuioru water supply renewals121,46525,000-Tinui water supply upgrades Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and20,045303,782filters - stimulus project225,32726,720Emergency package tmt plant - in progress03,382Castlepoint water supply upgrade-359,504366,83625,000		Assets vested from developers		-
25,621Wainuioru water supply renewals121,46525,000-Tinui water supply upgrades Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and20,045100,045303,782filters - stimulus project225,327100,04526,720Emergency package tmt plant - in progress0100,0453,382Castlepoint water supply upgrade-100,045359,504366,83625,000	2,342,835	Bural water reticulation	3,629,469	2,630,000
-Tinui water supply upgrades Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and 303,78220,045 20,045303,782filters - stimulus project225,32726,720Emergency package tmt plant - in progress03,382Castlepoint water supply upgrade-359,504366,83625,000	25.624		404.465	25.000
Wainuioru Water supply - UV system and303,782filters - stimulus project225,32726,720Emergency package tmt plant - in progress03,382Castlepoint water supply upgrade-359,504366,83625,00	25,621		,	25,000
303,782 filters - stimulus project 225,327 26,720 Emergency package tmt plant - in progress 0 3,382 Castlepoint water supply upgrade - 359,504 366,836 25,00	-		20,045	-
3,382 Castlepoint water supply upgrade - 359,504 366,836 25,00	303,782		225,327	0
359,504 366,836 25,00	26,720	Emergency package tmt plant - in progress	0	0
	3,382	Castlepoint water supply upgrade	-	-
5,303,756 Total Water Supplies capital expenditure 4,186,729 2,905,00	359,504		366,836	25,000
	5,303,756	Total Water Supplies capital expenditure	4,186,729	2,905,000
Capital Funding		Capital Funding		
(2,961,404) Loan funds (1,140,798) (1,140,000	(2,961,404)	Loan funds	(1,140,798)	(1,140,000)
(1,555,800) External funds (225,327) -	(1,555,800)	External funds	(225,327)	-
(155,360) Assets vested by subdividers (536,008) -	(155,360)		(536,008)	-
(631,192) Transfers from reserves (2,284,596) (1,765,000	(631,192)	Transfers from reserves	(2,284,596)	(1,765,000)
(5,303,756) (4,186,729) (2,905,000	(5,303,756)		(4,186,729)	(2,905,000)



WASTEWATER SERVICES Ratonga wai paru



WHAT WE DO

Wastewater services are provided to approximately 9,600 residential, commercial, and industrial properties in the Masterton urban area, Waingawa industrial area, Riversdale, Castlepoint, and Tinui. This includes maintaining our network of pipes, pump stations, treatment plants, wetland cells, and a waste stabilisation pond.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Key achievements in 2022/23 include:

- Responding to the February 2023 rainfall events, and Cyclone Gabrielle impact to the region. 29 portaloos were deployed on a pre-emptive basis. The majority of the rain impacted the east coast communities.
- Sewer main renewals were completed to support the performance of our wastewater system.
- Progressed wastewater upgrades, including upgrades and renewals at Castlepoint and Riversdale.
- \$2.25 million of the first tranche of Council's Three Waters Better Off Funding was allocated to targeted wastewater renewals. In June 2023 Council agreed to seek permission from the Department of Internal Affairs to transfer an additional \$425,000 from other projects to this work.
- Commenced work on a temporary solution for Cockburn Street residents whose properties experience wastewater issues during periods of heavy rain.
- Progressed wastewater upgrades, including upgrades and renewals at Castlepoint and Riversdale.

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Three of the six performance measures for this activity were achieved (50 per cent) in 2022/23.

Cyclone Gabrielle, which struck New Zealand in February 2023, impacted results for this activity and contributed to the non-achievement of targets in 2022/23.

The number of complaints about our wastewater service increased, from 152 in 2021/22 to 257 in 2022/23. The higher number of complaints were primarily related to continued issues with the wastewater network resulting from high groundwater tables. The higher than usual rainfall over the last year has resulted in overflows of the wastewater network.

Despite the high volume of complaints, response times were still achieved. The average response time was 52 minutes, well ahead of the target of six hours, and quicker than 131 minutes in 2021/22. Resolution times were also achieved at 102 minutes, over 10 hours quicker than the 12 hours or less target.



The number of portaloos provided for 2022/23 was 160. which is more than double the number provided in the previous year. Most of the portaloos were deployed in Quarter 1, primarily a result of issues with the wastewater network resulting from groundwater tables remaining high following the heavier than usual rainfall before and during this period. While the number of portaloos required was less in subsequent quarters, the groundwater conditions and heavy rainfall have continued to have an impact.

We received a resource consent infringement in Quarter 1 due occasional high E-Coli results detected in the final treatment pond (not wastewater discharge). No further issues were detected, but work is being undertaken to determine the cause of the bacteria in the ponds.

Urban Wastewater operating costs of \$7.4 million were 17.3 per cent more than planned. This was due to sewer reticulation costs coming in much higher than budgeted from the impact of storm damage cleanup. While wastewater main renewal costs were \$3.15 million versus a budget of \$1.52 million. The increased spending is a result of increased priority renewals and relining work following the number of flooding events in recent years. New relining technologies were utilised for much of this work. There was also additional external Better Off Funding received during the year which was used to accelerate repairs and upgrade work in this area.

What we do: Deliver safe and acceptable systems for the collection, transfer, and disposal of wastewater

Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Number of complaints received about sewage odour, system faults, system blockages and MDC's response to issues with its sewerage system (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Less than or equal to 8 complaints/1000 connections. 2018-28 Target: Less than or equal to 8 complaints/1000 connections.	Not Achieved 26.56 complaints/1000 connections (257 complaints)	Not Achieved 15.95 complaints/1000 connections (152 complaints)	Achieved 7.34 complaints/1000 connections (69 complaints)

Median response time to sewerage overflows¹ resulting from a blockage or other fault to MDC's sewerage system:

a) attendance (from time of notification to the time service personnel arrive onsite) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	6 hours or less	Achieved 52 minutes	Achieved 131 minutes (2.18 hours)	Achieved 27 minutes
b) resolution (from time of notification to the time service personnel confirm resolution)	12 hours or less	Achieved 102 minutes	Not Achieved 1084 minutes (18.07 hours)	Achieved 139 minutes



What we do: Deliver safe and acceptable systems for the collection, transfer, and disposal of wastewater				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)		2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
(MANDATORY MEASURE)				



What we do: Deliver safe and acceptable systems for the collection, transfer, and disposal of wastewater					
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result(Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)	
Number of dry weather sewerage overflows from MDC's sewerage system (expressed per 1,000 connections to the system) ² (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Less than or equal to 2/1000 connections.	Achieved 0.41 complaints/1000 connections (4 complaints)	Achieved 1.15/1000 connections (11 complaints)	Achieved 0.96/1000 connections. (9 complaints)	
Compliance with MDC's resource consents for discharge from its sewerage system, measured by the number of abatement notices, infringement notices, enforcement orders, or convictions received by MDC in relation to those consents (MANDATORY MEASURE)	100% compliance.	Not Achieved One abatement notice served	Not Achieved One infringement received	Achieved 100% compliance	
Alternative system provided where loss of service exceeds 24 hours	Less than or equal to 1/1000 connections.	Not Achieved 16.53/1000 connections One hundred and sixty portaloos provided	Not Achieved 6.4/1000 connections Sixty-one portaloos provided Portaloos were deployed due to the February 2022 heavy rain event.	Achieved 0.64/1000 connections Six portaloos provided Three portaloos were deployed in November 2020 and another three in June 2021 due to heavy rain.	

Sewerage overflow means sewage that escapes MDC's sewerage system and enters the environment.
 Dry weather sewerage overflow means sewage that escapes a territorial authority's sewerage system and enters the environment during periods of dry weather.



COST OF SERVICE STATEMENT

	Wastewater Services - urban		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
1,973,914	Sewerage reticulation	1,780,449	1,283,238
2,400,589	Wastewater treatment	2,589,864	2,312,722
2,416,475	Depreciation	3,046,632	2,728,541
6,790,978		7,416,945	6,324,501
	Operating Revenue		
1,278,982	User charges & other revenue	683,309	491,993
8,000	Internal Recoveries	8,000	8,000
1,286,982		691,309	499,993
	Appropriations		
(30,000)	Transfers from reserves	-	-
2,151,877	Provision for loan repayments	2,579,715	2,589,729
(1,070,000)	Reverse depreciation not rates funded	(1,840,000)	(1,504,000)
\$6,555,873	Rates Requirement	\$7,465,352	\$6,910,237

١	Wastewater Services - rural schemes		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
100,430	Castlepoint sewerage scheme	132,835	123,233
172,939	Riversdale sewerage scheme	194,539	173,039
12,956	Tinui sewerage scheme	35,726	14,384
386,082	Depreciation	488,162	425,589
672,407		851,262	736,245
	Operating Revenue		
189,450	Capital Contribution & other revenue	143,833	123,000
35,000	Internal Recoveries	30,000	30,155
224,450		173,833	153,155
	Appropriations		
(50,000)	Transfers from reserves	(50,000)	(50,000)
153,908	Loan Repayment	162,718	162,751
(189,702)	Reverse depreciation not rates funded	(356,786)	(297,100)
\$362,163	Rates Requirement (Operational)	\$433,362	\$398,741

Wastewater Services

	Rates Requirement Summary		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Activity	\$	\$
6,555,873	Urban sewerage system	7,465,352	6,910,237
87,232	Castlepoint sewerage scheme	120,146	113,111
200,956	Riversdale Beach sewerage scheme	217,805	220,319
50,303	Riversdale & Tinui capital contributions	50,303	45,729
23,672	Tinui sewerage scheme	45,108	19,582
\$6,918,036	Rates Requirement	\$7,898,714	\$7,308,978



Wastewater Services				
	Capital Expenditure Summary			
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23	
Actual		Actual	Budget	
\$	Urban Wastewater system	\$	\$	
16,924	Homebush treatment plant renewals	66,491	55,000	
1,975,105	Sewerage reticulation mains renewals	3,149,802	1,524,200	
0	Targeted Wastewater Renewals - BOF	713,549	0	
33,441	Homebush irrigation extension	84,638	300,000	
437,615	Homebush aerators - stimulus project	53,268	0	
0	Colombo Road Bridge sewermain/pump station	194,072	0	
0	Services extension design - Millard Ave	0	1,300,000	
227,037	Assets vested from subdivisions	1,051,765	-	
2,690,123		5,313,585	3,179,200	
	Rural Wastewater schemes			
27,530	Riversdale Beach sewerage scheme	32,334	40,000	
0	Castlepoint wastewater consent upgrade	0	100,000	
-	Tinui sewerage scheme	30,440	-	
3,789	Castlepoint sewerage scheme renewals	0	215,000	
31,319		62,774	355,000	
2,721,441	Total	5,376,359	3,534,200	
	Capital Funding			
-	Loan funds	(1,805,231)	(300,000)	
(437,615)	External funds	(713,549)		
(227,037)	Assets vested from subdivisions	(1,051,765)	-	
(2,056,789)	Transfers from reserves	(1,805,814)	(3,234,200)	
(2,721,441)		(5,376,359)	(3,534,200)	
\$0	Rates Requirement (Capital Contributions)	\$0	\$0	



STORMWATER Waimarangai



WHAT WE DO

We own and maintain a network of pipes, manholes, and river stopbanks along the Waipoua and Ruamāhanga Rivers. We also contribute to designated stopbank protection works on the Waipoua, Waingawa, and Ruamāhanga Rivers.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Highlights and key activities from 2022/23 include:

- Responding to Cyclone Gabrielle, which hit New Zealand between 12 16 February. While impacts were felt across the district, Tīnui and surrounding areas were the worst impacted, with almost 300mm of rain falling over a 24-hour period. This resulted in flooding in some parts of town.
- Progressed work to maintain our stormwater system.

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Four of the five performance measures for this activity (80 per cent) were achieved in 2022/23.

We delivered our stormwater systems in full compliance with resource consent requirements, and all planned stormwater renewal work was completed.

The number of complaints received about the stormwater system increased to 91 or 10.11 per 1,000 connections, resulting in non-achievement of that target. The higher number of complaints are primarily related to groundwater tables remaining high following the heavier than usual rainfall since February 2022.

Response times for attendance at a flooding event were achieved, with the median response time of 21 minutes well within the target of 60 minutes or less.

Operating costs in this activity exceeded the planned level by 62 per cent (\$1.43 million vs \$0.88 million). This is due to the additional costs of responding to the flooding events during the year. Close to \$0.5 million was spent on renewals and upgrading of stormwater assets versus a budget provision of \$0.32 million.



Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Number of flooding events ¹ that occur in the district (MANDATORY MEASURE)	10 events or less	Achieved 5 Flooding events reported	Achieved 2 flooding events reported	Achieved 2 flooding events reported
For each flooding event, the number of habitable floors ² affected (expressed per 1,000 connections to MDC's stormwater system) (MANDATORY MEASURE)	Less than or equal to 1/1000 connections	Achieved 0/1000 connections No habitable floors affected	Achieved 0.33/1000 connections 3 habitable floors affected	Achieved 0.22/1000 connections 2 habitable floors affected
Compliance with MDC's resource consents for discharge from its stormwater system, measured by the number of abatement notices, infringement notices, enforcement orders or convictions received by MDC in relation to those consents (MANDATORY MEASURE)	100% - no consent breaches.	Achieved 100% compliance, no consent breaches.	Achieved 100% compliance, no consent breaches.	Achieved 100% compliance, no consent breaches.
Number of complaints received about the performance of MDC's stormwater system (expressed per 1,000 connections to MDC's stormwater system)(MANDATORY MEASURE)	Less than or equal to 3 per 1000. 2018-28 Target: Less than or equal to 2 per 1000.	Not Achieved 10.11 complaints/1000 connections (91 complaints)	Not Achieved 4.11 complaints/1000 connections (37 Complaints)	Achieved 2.33 complaints/1000 connections (21 complaints)





What we do: Deliver stormwater systems efficiently and effectively to protect public	c health and private
property	

Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Median response time to attend a flooding event (from time of notification to the time service personnel arrive onsite)(MANDATORY MEASURE)	60 minutes or less	Achieved 21 minutes	Not Achieved 6531 minutes (109 hours)	Achieved 22 minutes

1. A flooding event means an overflow of stormwater from MDC's stormwater system that enters a habitable floor.

2. Habitable floor refers to a floor of a building (including a basement) but does not include ancillary structures such as stand-alone garden sheds or garages.





COST OF SERVICE STATEMENT

S	Stormwater		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
726,757	Stormwater	886,188	457,734
383,966	Depreciation	542,430	422,424
1,110,723		1,428,618	880,158
	Operating Revenue		
225,356	Other revenue - 3 Waters Stimulus	94,310	-
	Appropriations		
(54,333)	Transfers from reserves	(180,000)	-
36,122	Provision for loan repayment	41,884	41,883
(150,000)	Reverse depreciation not rates funded	(280,000)	(80,000)
\$717,156	Rates Requirement	\$916,192	\$842,041

Stormwater

Capital Expenditure Summary

	Capital Experiature Summary		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Stormwater	\$	\$
495,855	Stormwater renewals & upgrades	475,351	320,000
1,500	Stormwater Consent	0	0
-	Improve flood protection	0	155,000
351,989	Assets vested from subdivisions	1,330,165	-
849,344		1,805,516	475,000
	Capital Funding		
-	Loan funds	-	(155,000)
(497,355)	Transfers from reserves	(475,351)	(320,000)
(351,989)	Assets vested from subdivisions	(1,330,165)	-
(849,344)		(1,805,516)	(475,000)

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT Tari whakarite parapara



WHAT WE DO

The current refuse collection and transfer station operations, gate fee collection, composting, and recycling services at Nursery Road, and in rural areas, are carried out under performance-based contracts let by competitive tender to the private sector.

We own, maintain, and manage a main transfer and recycling station (Nursery Road, Masterton), and two rural transfer stations (Castlepoint and Riversdale), including associated buildings and the weighbridge at the urban transfer station.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Highlights and key activities from 2022/23 include:

- We continued to provide the kerbside recycling wheelie bin service introduced in 2019/20 for urban households and commercial properties. There has been widespread acceptance and use of the service.
- The recycling sorting line installed at Nursery Road Transfer Station completed its third full year of operation. This line sorts all recycling collected from the kerbside and from all Wairarapa transfer stations, reducing contamination and the amount of recyclable material transferred to landfill.
- Masterton District Council, alongside the other Councils in the Wellington Region, progressed a review of the current waste management and minimisation plan, which will inform the development of a new Wellington Region Waste Management and Minimisation Plan (2023–2029).
- Progressing a programme of renewals work at the Nursery Road Transfer Station.

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

All three performance measures were achieved for this activity, which is an improvement on the two of the three (67 per cent) achieved in 2020/21 and 2021/22.

The delivery of our solid waste service was fully compliant with all resource consent requirements.

The number of call-backs for the non-collection of rubbish bags slightly increased with eight call backs compared with five call-backs in 2021/22. This was still much less than the 26 in 2020/21. This overall number is very low relative to the number of properties (9,478) that receive our weekly kerbside collection service.

Waste volumes transferred to landfill decreased by 11.9 per cent on the previous year. Actual tonnage per head of population decreased from 0.582 in 2021/22 to 0.513 in 2022/23.



2022/23 was our third full year of operation of the Materials Recovery Facility (MRF) that was installed by our solid waste contractor and became operational in October 2019. The MRF receives, separates, and prepares recyclable materials from all three Wairarapa councils for on-selling to end-user manufacturers. With the MRF, there is less recycling contamination reducing the risk of recycling being rejected by buyers. Ultimately, it also reduces waste transferred to landfill. As the global recycling scene changes, we are able to re-programme the MRF accordingly.

Tonnages of waste through the transfer station over the 12 months decreased by 13.3 per cent resulting in lower revenues and costs than planned. Waste minimisation (including recycling) costs were lower than planned also. Overall, the rates required to fund the net costs of this activity were 6.0 per cent less than planned.



What we do: Provide solid waste solutions across the district					
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)	
Number of call-backs due to non-collection of official rubbish bags in each weekly collection	No more than 52 call-backs per annum. 2018-28 target: Improvement on previous year.	Achieved 8 call-backs.	Achieved 5 call-backs.	Achieved 26 call-backs.	
Tonnage of waste transferred to landfill per head of population	Reduction on previous year	Achieved 0.513 tonne per head of population 14,882 tonnes of waste transferred(based on estimatedpopulation as at 30/6/22: 29,000)	Not Achieved 0.582 tonne per head of population 16,883 tonnes of waste transferred (16.6% increase on previous year) (based on estimated population as at 30/6/22: 29,000)	Not Achieved 0.527 tonne per head of population 14,480 tonnes of waste transferred (25.9% increase on previous year) (based on estimated population as at 30/6/20: 27,500)	





What we do: Provide solid waste solutions across the district						
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)		
Urban and rural transfer stations, recycling, composting facilities and landfills operate within approved resource consent conditions	100% compliance.	Achieved 100% compliance.	Achieved	Achieved 100% compliance.		



COST OF SERVICE STATEMENT

S	Solid Waste Services		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
317,853	Urban refuse collection costs	300,641	331,955
2,834,921	Transfer station operation & refuse disposal	3,134,357	3,268,573
1,606,771	Waste minimisation (incl recyc.& composting)	1,575,455	1,708,401
294,340	Rural refuse operations	314,496	321,499
5,053,885		5,324,949	5,630,427
	Operating Revenue		
3,521,176	User charges - external	3,616,034	3,812,400
144,984	User charges - internal	139,548	159,000
166,479	Recoveries - waste levy	282,388	260,000
217,180	Recoveries from bag sales	209,923	220,000
4,049,819		4,247,893	4,451,400
	Appropriations		
(86,786)	Transfers from reserves	-	(30,000)
182,171	Provision for loan repayment	204,706	204,707
(131,000)	Reverse depreciation not rates funded	(74,000)	(69,000)
\$968,452	Rates Requirement	\$1,207,762	\$1,284,734

Solid Waste Services

Rates Requirement Summary

2021/22 Actual \$	Activity	2022/23 Actual \$	2022/23 Budget \$
632,499	Recycling collections	690,169	752,451
(348,127)	Refuse collection & transfer station	(80,122)	(195,815)
424,321	Waste minimisation (recycling & composting)	327,399	432,599
259,758	Rural refuse services	270,316	295,499
\$968,452	Rates Requirement	\$1,207,762	\$1,284,734

Solid Waste Services

	Capital Expenditure Summary		
2021/22 Actual		2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Budget
\$	Solid Waste Management	\$	\$
-	Nursery Road land fill capping	0	20,320
180,878	Transfer station renewals	18,115	150,000
180,878		18,115	170,320
	Capital Funding		
(36,409)	External funds	-	-
(144,469)	Transfers from reserves	(18,115)	(170,320)
(180,878)		(18,115)	(170,320)



COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND PARKS Ngā whare o te hapori me ngā pāka



WHAT WE DO

We provide and support a wide range of facilities and parks throughout the district for use by the community. The facilities we provide include:

- Library and archive.
- Property (76 senior housing units, 13 public toilets, seven rural halls, rural holding paddocks, small roadside forestry blocks, Mawley Holiday Park camping ground, and other rental properties).
- There are eight sports buildings. Seven are leased, two require earthquake strengthening or demolition.
- Other leased facilities include the Queen Elizabeth Park Mini-putt, Rose Cottage, Recreation Services Depot and Mower Shed, and Coronation Hall.
- 215 hectares of urban and rural parks, reserves and sports fields.
- Trust House Recreation Centre (including a stadium and a range of indoor and outdoor pools).
- Five cemeteries.
- Hood Aerodrome.

We are responsible for the municipal building and town hall, although these are currently closed to the community due to risks associated with the buildings' low earthquake rating.

We also support Council's community development activities and initiatives, with community development coming 'in house' in 2021/22.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Highlights and key activities from 2022/23 include:

Library and archive

- Just under under 100,000 people visited the library in person and around 229,000 accessed our services online.
- The Library delivered over 680 programmes to 9,000 people; issued over 187,000 physical items and over 52,000 digital items.
- Our homebound service made 1,088 book deliveries to those who are unable to leave their homes.
- A total of 97 Spark Jump modems were distributed, providing families with low-cost access to the internet at home.



- Programmes continued to help job seekers return to work. The Library offers 'one on one' assistance with CVs and digital courses to upskill those returning to the workforce.
- Support services were provided to the community using the library's computers and Wi-Fi to gain free access to online services and information.
- The Archive opened in its new location at 3 Albert Street in January 2023. The new facility allows for the collection and archive staff to be co-located.
- The archive continued sharing our stories, publishing a range of articles and presenting throughout the community. Archive Librarian Michelle Clausen assisted the Tīnui Museum with flood cleanup post Cyclone Gabrielle, teaching volunteers how to clean and preserve the damaged materials.

Community Development

- Supported the Cyclone Gabrielle recovery efforts, including the administration of grant processes to distribute donations to the Mayoral Fund and Government funding post the event.
- Offered ongoing support for community activities and initiatives via Council's Community Wellbeing and Events Grants, with an additional Matariki Grant offered again in 2022/23.
- Continued to connect with resident associations to collaborate and provide support on community initiatives.
- Supported the Riversdale Beach Community Plan Project and the delivery of Te Rautaki Rangatahi o Wairarapa: Wairarapa Youth Strategy and implementation plan.
- Implementing play-based activities and programmes to enhance the well-being of residents.
- Continued support for new refugee families relocating to the Masterton district via the Refugee Settlement Steering group and delivered the Welcoming Communities programme to integrate newcomers and promote inclusivity.
- Organising and executing community events that promote engagement and social interaction including Halloween Island and the Summer Hummer.
- Continued support for community consultation and engagement across Council projects.

The Cost of Service Statement for this activity is included in the Leadership, Strategy and Corporate Services section of the report. Expenditure of \$1.8 million versus Plan of \$1.46 million reflects the the \$0.5 million in donations and grant funding paid out to cyclone-affected people in the Wairarapa.

Property

- Progressed work on the Civic Facility project to support decision making as part of the Long-Term Plan 2024-34 process.
- Continued work on Douglas Villa clubrooms to ensure the facility is safe and compliant for our community, including progressing work to install ramp access to the top floor.
- All Council owned residential properties now meet healthy home requirements, ahead of the scheduled completion date for compliance. We commenced work to extend carparking at Panama Village, and fully refurbished five senior housing units.
- Commenced work on the development of a Lease Policy to set the approach for how Council will manage the occupancy and use of public land and facilities.





- Increased the water storage capacity at Basil Bodle Reserve public toilet facility at Riversdale Beach, to cope with increased demand and to reduce costs associated with water deliveries through the summer holiday period.
- Progressed engineering design work for earthquake strengthening of the Queen Elizabeth Park Sports Club, and started renovations, including installation of energy efficient heat pumps.
- The installation of an energy efficient heat pump into the Long Room of the Grandstand at The Oval, Queen Elizabeth Park to improve summer and winter conditions for users.
- Completed renovations on Coronation Hall in Queen Elizabeth Park and installed an energy efficient heat pump into the Long Room of the Grandstand at The Oval, Queen Elizabeth Park.



Parks, Reserves and Sports Fields

A range of improvements were made to our parks and reserves including:

- A covered community BBQ was added to compliment the Skate-park facility, along with two picnic tables and seating; and park furniture upgrades were completed within Queen Elizabeth Park and at Henley Lake.
- New planting themes, reflective of climate impact and future sustainability, were introduced at Queen Elizabeth Park at Hosking's Sunken Garden and the garden areas along the promenade beside the Lake of Remembrance.
- Opening of the community-led Mountain Bike Park on the Lansdowne Recreation Trail.
- Opening of the Whitipoua Bridge, which also celebrated and acknowledged the cultural significance of its location. The bridge has enabled the expansion of the Waipoua River recreation trail circuit.
- Continuing work with GWRC to conserve and enhance biodiversity and optimise ecological health at Riversdale Coast and Mataikona Coast Key Native Eco-system sites. This includes co-funding and implementing pest animal, ecological weed and revegetation operational work and facilitating community planting events.
- Continued development of the Riverside Cemetery landscape project has seen the last raised stone gardens removed, and groundworks progressed to convert the area to a lawn style cemetery. Boundary fencing work and removal of problematic trees has opened up the space.

Trust House Recreation Centre

- Undertook maintenance on the pool's heating and air conditioning system; and completed the hydro slide stairs upgrade, sauna door replacement, and carpeting of the upstairs Gym area.
- Further enhanced the automatic doors installed in the foyer of the Trust House Recreation Centre to support accessibility, with opaque panels added for the visually impaired.
- Commenced a Condition and Energy Assessment, which includes assessing the feasibility of a 'splash pad'.

Mawley Park

- Revenue at the park again exceeded the targets set for the year.
- Installed new boundary fencing on the Oxford Street side, creating a consistent appearance that fully encloses the campground.
- Completed groundworks on two areas of Mawley Park to enable better parking for Mobile Homes.

Hood Aerodrome

- Safety remains an important focus for the aerodrome and operators. Safety group meetings were held and hazards and occurrences reviewed. The implementation of the Safety Management System (SMS) is under action. A part time Safety Officer was employed to assist this work.
- Commenced the process to become a Qualifying Aerodrome, with a target date of July 2025 to submit our application. Having already commissioned the Aeronautical Study in 2021, steady progress is being made.

Item 6.5 - Attachment 1



- Continuing work on the 'Shovel Ready Project' for Hood Aerodrome. Plans include improving the runway, security, infrastructure, and lighting.
- Hosted a range of events over the summer including Vintage Aviator flying weekends and visits from other aeroclubs. The Wairarapa Aeroclub offered pilot flight training, and the Wairarapa Flying Tigers continued to offer flights in open cockpit Tiger Moths. The Massey School of Aviation is a regular visitor to the aerodrome. Wings over Wairarapa had to postpone their Event and rescheduled to November 2023

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Five of the six performance measures for this activity (83.3 per cent) were achieved in 2022/23. The final measure was not able to be reported.

Library activities included information and community support services, such as Justice of the Peace and Age Concern collaborations, outreach visits to rest homes, after-school digital programming, a knitting and craft group.

The number of people using the library space in 2022/23 was up on the previous year with 99,132 in person visits and 187,344 physical issues compared to 83,400 visits and 182,546 physical issues in 2021/22. This increase is a reflection of the lifting of COVID restrictions and people returning to previous patterns of behaviour.

In contrast, digital visits were down on 2021/22, with 229,709 digital visits in 2022/23 compared to 278,944 in the previous year.

The number of people using our free online computer services/Wi-Fi sessions is up with 84,887 sessions compared to 51,576 sessions in 2021/22. The removal of social distancing requirements allowed the full utilisation of the computer services at the library.

There was a slight fall in home visits, from 1146 visits in 2021/22 compared to 1,088 on 2022/23.

We continued to provide facilities and open spaces, such as parks, sportsgrounds, halls, sports facilities, recreational trails, and the Hood Aerodrome, that can be used by our community for activities and events. The removal of COVID-19 restrictions has seen the utilisation of these facilities increase.

The number of people using the Trust House Recreation Centre was up at 152,095 compared to the five year average of 106,018. All types of usage (swim, gym, stadium sports and stadium events) were up on both the five year average and 2021/22.

Our target for increasing use of the recreational trails that are part of our parks and reserves network was impacted by faulty data loggers. Ongoing issues have meant we are unable to report accurate results for the past two financial years.

We achieved our target of 100 per cent of all new/renewed tenancy agreements compliant with the healthy home standards.

The financial performance across some of these activities has seen savings made versus budgets, particularly in the parks, reserves and sportsfields activities. Operating expenditure in the Parks, reserves and sportsfields reflects a lower level of staffing than was planned as well as some maintenance budgets for sports facilities not being needed. The Recreation Centre operations and maintenance budgets were underspent, producing savings. In both cases the savings made have been able to be added to depreciation funds carried forward. Mawley Holiday Park has achieved 25 per cent more revenue than planned, and offset by 12 per cent higher operating costs. Across the \$9.6 million C F & A Rates Requirement, they have come in with savings of 4.2 per cent.



Capital expenditure projects across these activities are extensive in range and scale. There have been a number of underspends across projects this year as work has progressed slower than budgeted. One large project relating to the Airport upgrade had \$6.72 million allowed as capital on runway widening and land purchase for a runway extension. Progress on this project has been slower than expected with only \$1.55 million spent over the last year. Other smaller projects like upgrading sports buildings and facilities, upgrades to the Trust House Recreation Centre and Henley Lake level management have hit delays whilst more work is done around the feasibility and best solutions for these projects.

As part of the sale of the Panama land a budget provision of \$1.1m was included to upgrade stormwater drainage to enable further development once the sale of the land goes through. As this sale is still ongoing there has been no spend against this budget resulting in an underspend.

What we do: Del	What we do: Deliver a library and archive service with engaging and relevant activities					
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)		
Number of people using our library and archive reflected by: Overall library usage and number of visits to the library and archive	Library Usage: No less than 5 year average for overall library usage The 5 year average for Library usage was: 318,686 Usage consists of: • Physical issues: 231,430 • Digital issues: 12,958 • Computer/ Wi-Fi sessions: 74,298	Achieved Library usage: 324,662 Made up of: • Physical issues: 187,344 • Digital issues: 52,431 • Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 84,887	Not Achieved Library Usage: 278,960 Made up of: • Physical issues: 182,546 • Digital issues: 44,838 • Computer/Wi-Fi sessions: 51,576	N/A - New Measure		
	 Visits: No less than 5 year average for number of visits to the library and archive The 5 year average for Library Visits was: 215,501 Visits consists of: In Person Visits: 148,062 Digital (website, OPAC, social media): 66,745 Housebound: 694 	Achieved Library visits: 329,929 Made up of: • In Person Visits: 99,132 • Digital Visits: 229,709 • Housebound Visits: 1,088	Achieved Library Visits: 363,490 Made up of: • In Person Visits: 83,400 • Digital Visits: 278,944 • Housebound Visits: 1,146	N/A - New Measure		

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What we do: Provide community facilities and open spaces that support a range of cultural and recreational
needs for our community and visitors

Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Percentage of Council parks and open spaces urgent customer service requests that are resolved within 4 work hours.	90% resolved within 4 work hours.	Achieved 93.8% responded to within 4 hours. 49 urgent requests received and 46 were responded to within 4 hours.	Achieved 96% responded to within 4 hours. 56 urgent requests were received and 54 were responded to within 4 hours.	N/A - New Measure
Number of people using the recreational trails that are part of our parks and reserves network	Utilisation = at least the 2 year average The 2 year average (as at 30/6/20) equates to: 289,612 Targets change from Year 2: • Year 2: Utilisation = at least the 3 year average • Year 3: Utilisation = at least the 4 year average • From Year 4: Utilisation = at least the 5 year average	N/A - Not available to Report This measure was set as part of the 2021-31 Long-Term Plan process. At that time, data loggers were recording the number of people using the recreational trails. However, over the past two years we have been unable to report results due to ongoing issues with the data loggers that have not been permanently resolved.	Not Achieved 101,024 people were recorded as using the recreational trails. Trail usage data was unable to be recorded through most of the year due to issues of unreliability with data loggers. Given that, the figure reported is not an accurate reflection of actual use across the whole year.	N/A - New Methodology for Measure





What we do: Provide community facilities and open spaces that support a range of cultural and recreationa	
needs for our community and visitors	

Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Number of people using the Trust House Recreation Centre	No less than 5 year average for overall Trust House Recreation Centre usage total The 5 year average for Trust House Recreation Centre Usage was: 106,018 Usage consists of: • Swim: 70,348 • Gym: 25,695 • Stadium Sports: 2,761 • Stadium Events: 7,215	Achieved Trust House Recreation Centre Usage: 152,095 Usage consists of: • Swim: 106,191 • Gym: 27,687 • Stadium Sports: 5,830 • Stadium Events: 12,387	Not Achieved Trust House Recreation Centre Usage: 99,899 Usage consists of: • Swim: 65,357 • Gym: 25,214 • Stadium Sports: 3,717 • Stadium Events: 5,601	N/A - New Measure



What we do: Provide community facilities and open spaces that support a range of cultural and recreationa needs for our community and visitors				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Compliance with the healthy homes standards ¹ for Council owned rental units and houses.	Year 1 and Year 2: Applies to all new or renewed tenancy agreements for Council rental units/houses from 1 July 2021: All units/houses comply with the healthy home standards (or have exemptions) at the time they are leased. From Year 3: Applies to all Council rental units/houses: All units/houses: All units/houses comply with the healthy home standards (or have exemptions). Note: This aligns with the requirement for all private rentals to comply (or have been granted exemptions)by 1 July 2024. Council properties are categorised as private rentals	Achieved Proportion of new/renewed tenancy agreements where the unit/house rented is compliant (or has an exemption) at the time of lease: 100% (5/5)	Not Achieved Proportion of new/renewed tenancy agreements where the unit/house rented is compliant (or has an exemption) at the time of lease: 83.3% (5/6) Two units were let in Quarter 2. One was fully compliant at the time of lease. The non-compliance in the other unit was due to the ventilation in that unit not being completed at the time of lease. The non-compliance was addressed and the unit is now fully compliant.	N/A - New Measure

1. https://www.legislation.govt.nz/regulation/public/2019/0088/latest/whole.html



COST OF SERVICE STATEMENTS

F	Parks, Reserves & Sportsfields		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
2,293,962	Parks & Reserves maintenance	2,175,615	2,438,083
451,657	Sportsfields maintenance	477,932	606,837
804,927	Depreciation	819,103	784,226
3,550,546		3,472,650	3,829,146
	Operating Revenue		
80,102	Miscellaneous parks revenue	55,770	31,670
36,965	Sportsground rentals	26,551	31,615
117,066		82,320	63,285
	Appropriations		
(156,083)	Transfers from reserves - project funding	(85,948)	(135,000)
50,746	Transfers to reserves	2,870	-
107,578	Provision for loan repayments	131,226	131,969
(169,400)	Depreciation not rates funded	(257,000)	(237,000)
\$3,266,321	Rates Requirement	\$3,181,478	\$3,525,831

2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budge
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
895,527	Recreation centre operating costs*	1,065,688	1,136,44
568,680	Depreciation	552,485	542,68
1,464,208		1,618,173	1,679,13
	Operating Revenue		
30,445	Miscellaneous facility revenue	31,592	31,00
	Appropriations		
-	Transfers to reserves	12,000	
28,131	Loan repayments	29,347	29,34
(193,000)	Depreciation not rates funded	(245,000)	(245,00
\$1,268,894	Rates Requirement	\$1,382,927	\$1,432,48

* Costs are net of user charge recoveries which go to the facility management contractor.

	Cemeteries		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
264,112	Cemeteries operating and maintenance	316,425	284,358
7,951	Depreciation	11,410	11,423
272,062		327,835	295,781
	Operating Revenue		
96,291	Burial fees and sale of plots	112,493	69,954
96,291		112,493	69,954
	Appropriations		
(20,000)	Transfers from reserves	(30,000)	(30,000)
\$155,771	Rates Requirement	\$185,342	\$195,827





	Library & Archive		
2021/22 Actual		2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
1,748,712	Operating costs - Library	1,803,895	1,853,973
486,018	Operating costs - Archive	581,667	523,555
201,170	Depreciation - books	196,281	180,000
123,561	Depreciation - bldg, furniture & equipment	138,003	149,193
2,559,461		2,719,845	2,706,721
	Operating Revenue		
197,119	Grants & donations	34,981	23,109
25,485	User charges & other recoveries	26,366	21,823
222,604		61,347	44,932
	Appropriations		
(696)	Transfers from reserves	-	-
14,505	Provision for loan repayments	17,440	19,092
-	Reverse depreciation	(50,000)	(50,000)
\$2,350,666	Rates Requirement	\$2,625,937	\$2,630,882
L			
	Analysis of Rates Requirement		
1,886,737	Library	2,021,383	2,105,726
463,929	Archive	604,554	525,155
\$2,350,666		\$2,625,937	\$2,630,882
	Property		
2021/22	Toperty	2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
820,041	District Building	900,563	873,902
499,404	Housing for the Elderly	542,507	610,645
928,698	Other Property	1,039,599	1,058,612
520,065	Mawley Holiday Park	577,342	516,632
947,309	Depreciation	825,092	805,717
3,715,517		3,885,103	3,865,508
-,,		3,003,103	3,003,300
	Operating Revenue		
1,396	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg	1,783	775
1,396 426,041	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly	1,783 426,567	775 440,713
1,396 426,041 262,407	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property	1,783 426,567 270,935	775 440,713 266,334
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343	775 440,713 266,334 487,200
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571 50,000	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park Internal recoveries - forestry	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343 67,500	775 440,713 266,334 487,200 37,500
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571 50,000 630,375	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343 67,500 687,998	775 440,713 266,334 487,200 37,500 687,972
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571 50,000	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park Internal recoveries - forestry	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343 67,500	775 440,713 266,334 487,200 37,500
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571 50,000 630,375	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park Internal recoveries - forestry Internal recoveries - office rental	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343 67,500 687,998	775 440,713 266,334 487,200 37,500 687,972
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571 50,000 630,375 1,905,789	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park Internal recoveries - forestry Internal recoveries - office rental Appropriations	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343 67,500 687,998 2,064,127	775 440,713 266,334 487,200 37,500 687,972 1,920,494
1,396 426,041 262,407 535,571 50,000 630,375 1,905,789 (8,580)	Rental revenue - Halls & Dist. Bldg Rental revenue - Housing for the Elderly Rental revenue - Other Property Mawley Holiday Park Internal recoveries - forestry Internal recoveries - office rental Appropriations Transfers from reserves	1,783 426,567 270,935 609,343 67,500 687,998 2,064,127 (92,300)	775 440,713 266,334 487,200 37,500 687,972 1,920,494 (125,000)



\$9,566,422

\$9,982,325

COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND PARKS Ngā whare o te hapori me ngā pāka

2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
457,542	Airport operation & maintenance	559,994	508,435
126,600	Depreciation	140,575	136,040
584,142		700,568	644,474
	Operating Revenue		
282,574	Leases and other revenue	280,329	286,419
14,920	Internal recoveries	15,200	15,200
297,494		295,529	301,619
	Appropriations		
(10,000)	Transfers from reserves	(20,000)	(20,000)
87,373	Provision for loan repayments	60,912	60,036
(45,000)	Reverse depreciation not rates funded	(65,000)	(55,000)
\$319,021	Rates Requirement	\$380,951	\$327,891

Community Facilities & Parks Rates Requirement Summary 2021/22 2022/23 2022/23 Actual Actual Budget \$ \$ Activity \$ 3,266,321 Parks, reserves & sportsfields 3,181,478 3,525,831 1,268,894 **Trust House Recreation Centre** 1,382,927 1,432,480 155,771 Cemeteries 185,342 195,827 543,343 District building 583,433 544,872 141,134 Housing for the elderly 159,042 169,556 285,309 Other rental properties 314,056 317,394 456,140 Public conveniences 481,658 493,173 144,446 148,775 Rural halls 131,038 39,050 Forestry 37,169 36,081 Mawley Holiday Park 103,390 163,894 122,740 319,021 380,951 327,891 Airport 1,886,737 Library 2,021,383 2,105,726 463,929 Archives 604,554 525,155

Rates Requirement



\$9,097,165

(Community Facilities & Parks		
	Capital Expenditure Summary		
2021/22 Actual		2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Budget
\$	Parks, Reserves & Sportsfields	\$	\$
116,557	QE Park upgrades	109,999	50,000
10,052	QE Park - lake water pump upgrade	0	0
328,774	Waipoua Cycle/Pedestrian Bridge	278,086	0
86,116	Recreation trails extended	35,632	114,000
146,470	Upgrade facilities - (incl playgrounds)	2,279	65,000
5,399	Colin Pugh Sports Bowl - track renewal	0	20,000
-	Rural Reserves upgrades	13,134	-
53,094	Urban Reserves upgrades	0	147,500
23,517	Carpark Reseals Urban Reserves	0	82,000
-	QE Park lake alt water source	15,319	100,000
19,270	Street trees renewal & new	41,395	17,000
-	Parks furniture renewals	8,521	12,000
18,749	Henley Lake buildings & services upgrades	28,949	29,500
0	Henley Lake - lake level management	0	200,000
74,668	Henley Lake - overflow carpark	0	-
0	QE Park cricket grandstand upgrade	11,314	22,000
122,810	Sports buildings & facilities upgrades	366,912	1,395,000
0	South Park Sports Facilities Provision	0	6,000
1,729,603	Skatepark Upgrade - part project	0	-
22,919	Parks & open spaces signage	27,913	20,000
30,132	Castlepoint Seawall handrails	0	0
0	Netball facility upgrade	0	10,000
104,478	Land purchase local purpose reserve	95,599	0
2,892,608		1,035,052	2,290,000
	Trust House Recreation Centre	· _ · _ ·	<u> </u>
89,341	Pools plant & equipment renewals	74,787	60,000
36,462	Building & services upgrades	213,538	550,000
125,803	Outdoor pools renewals	<u> </u>	15,000 625,000
	Cemeteries	200,525	023,000
103,017	Cemetery renovations & extensions	144,509	400,000
103,017		144,509	400,000
	District Building		
326,549	New Civic/Events facility - design stage	186,086	300,000
15,494 68,387	Facilities & equipment Building upgrades & office renovations	0 63,383	0 120,000
08,587	Leasehold improvements	107,849	50,000
410,429	····	357,317	470,000
	Housing for the Elderly	·	<u> </u>
354,576	Pensioner housing upgrades Panama land - stormwater & other	114,918	500,000
<u> </u>	Fallallia lallu - StorillWater & Other	0 114,918	1,082,000 1,582,000
			_,,

* Note: this capital statement is continued on the next page



Community Facilities & Parks (continued)			
	Capital Expenditure Summary		
2021/22 Actual		2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Budget
\$	Other Property	\$	\$
0	Public conveniences upgrade	1,239	12,500
0	Castlepoint toilet upgrade	5,136	10,500
28,150	Rental & Other property upgrades	51,036	52,000
52,463	Asbestos removal - all property	0	0
-	Riversdale Beach toilets upgrade	10,597	10,000
18,300	Mawley Park facility upgrades	107,527	129,000
35,358	Rural Hall & Fire Station upgrades	74,116	-
134,271		249,652	214,000
	Library & Archive		
186,603	Book stock renewals	190,884	182,880
17,593	Computer system upgrades	11,784	25,400
-	Library building upgrade - design	1,212	-
10,973	Building and furniture upgrades	5,677	11,500
-	Archive upgrades & renewals (incl. IT)	622,262	630,000
215,170		831,820	849,780
	Airport		
48,836	Other Airport upgrades	2,500	8,000
424,035	Hangar area expansion (services) Airport runway and precinct upgrades -	563,866	1,010,000
169,729	taxiway and apron - stage 1	983,957	3,200,000
0	Airport runway widening & reseal	0	2,500,000
642,600		1,550,323	6,718,000
\$4,878,474		4,571,917	\$13,148,780
	Capital Funding		
(892,650)	Loan funds	(1,766,048)	(4,832,000)
(2,239,452)	Transfers from reserves	(2,379,549)	(4,806,780)
(1,746,373)	External funds	(426,320)	(3,510,000)
(\$4,878,474)		(4,571,917)	(13,148,780)



REGULATORY SERVICES Mana whakariterite

REGULATORY SERVICES Mana whakariterite



WHAT WE DO

We provide regulatory services in order to sustainably manage the development and protection of natural and physical resources and to protect the safety and wellbeing of the community.

Regulatory Services have responsibilities under legislation, including in the following areas:

- Resource Management and Planning
- Building Control
- Environmental Health and Alcohol Licensing
- Bylaws
- Parking Control
- Animal Control
- Civil Defence and Emergency Management.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Highlights and key activities from 2022/23 include:

Resource Management and Planning

- 154 resource consents processed within statutory timeframes, and all building consents checked for planning implications.
- 390 Land Information Memorandum (LIMs) processed within the required timeframe.
- Continued work with Carterton and South Wairarapa District Councils on the review of the Wairarapa Combined District Plan . Consultation on the draft Wairarapa Combined District Plan took place between 25 October 2022 and 6 December 2022. The 'proposed' District Plan was notified for submissions in October 2023.
- Worked with developers to enable medium density development that enhances the district and meets the needs of our community. There has been increased interest from developers given the Government direction to increase housing and relax parking requirements.





REGULATORY SERVICES Mana whakariterite

Building Services

- Maintained accreditation as a Building Consent Authority, after a successful assessment in November 2022.
- 649 building consents processed with an average processing time of 16.5 days. Of these, 55 were commercial consents and 594 were residential consents. Residential consents include dwellings, alterations, outbuildings and ancillary work.
- 5,728 building consent inspections undertaken.
- 577 Code Compliance Certificates and 6 Certificates of Acceptance were issued, with an average processing time of 15 days.
- Maintained 98 per cent BWOF (Building Warrant of Fitness) compliance across 398 Compliance Schedules.
- Completed the identification of Potentially Earthquake Prone buildings, with over 600 buildings reviewed.
- Introduced and maintained Compliance Schedule and Building Warrant of Fitness (BWOF) auditing.

Environmental Health, Alcohol Licensing and Bylaws (including Parking Services)

- Maintained accreditation to verify National Food Programme premises under the Food Act 2014. Masterton continues to be the only accredited council in the Wairarapa at this stage.
- 187 inspections and verifications completed across food premises, personal services businesses, and alcohol-licensed premises. This was 18 more than the previous year.
- 337 service requests were received by Environmental Health this was 42 more than the previous year and excludes noise complaints.
- Water and Consent Monitoring Sampling increased with 1051 samples taken compared to 1013 the previous year.
- 89 abandoned vehicles were reported and actioned by staff an increase from 70 the previous year.
- 77 over hanging tree service requests were actioned an increase from 59 the previous year.

Animal Services

- There were 500 more service requests relating to dogs for the 22/23 year. Many service requests require multiple actions and repeat visits to the area of concern.
- 18 dogs were rehomed (either by us or the SPCA), and 188 dogs returned to their owners.
- 'Take the Lead', an initiative to engage with dog owners at Henley Lake during the bird nesting season, ran from 1 August to 30 November. Dog owners were offered a free dog lead and informed about when and where their dog is required to be on a lead.
- One "Hounds at Henley" event was held to engage with dog owners and provide microchipping and registration services.
- Seven education visits about dog safety with schools or organisations.
- Progressed redevelopment of the Masterton Animal Shelter (pound), with building expected to get underway in 2023/24.





REGULATORY SERVICES Mana whakariterite

CIVIL DEFENCE AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Civil Defence and Emergency Management is about making the community resilient and prepared to respond and recover from emergencies. This area is largely managed externally by Wellington Regional Emergency Management Office (WREMO), and we contribute funding and staff support on behalf of the Masterton district.

Our Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) services the Wairarapa Region and is supported by Carterton, South Wairarapa and Greater Wellington Councils.

The frequent weather events are a challenge to our communities and highlight the importance of Residents communities.

In February 2023 a Civil Defence response was activated due to the impacts of Cyclone Gabrielle. Individuals from WREMO and across the three district Councils were joined by representatives from FENZ, Police, Wellington Free Ambulance, Te Whatu Ora, NZDF the Upper Hutt Community Rescue Trust, Federated Farmers, Eastern Rural Support Trust and MSD as part of the response.

WREMO continued working in the community to promote community hubs where residents can provide volunteer support to the community in the event of an emergency. Further information, including specific performance measures, are available in WREMO's annual report.

RECOVERY OFFICE

Following the North Island weather events in January/February 2023, the Wairarapa Recovery Office under the guidance of the three territorial authorities (Masterton, Carterton & South Wairarapa District Councils) was activated to support recovery across the Wairarapa following the initial Emergency Response. The Office handled and dispersed the Mayoral Fund for eligible applicants living in the Wairarapa region and the MBIE Business Support Grants Programme. Since then, the Recovery Office has started to resource up to manage additional funding for Wellbeing and Natural initiatives to support communities hard hit by the weather events and continue the clearance of rivers/waterways and road slips. The ongoing focus of the Recovery Office will be to help communities and infrastructure be more resilient when the next event occurs.

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Six of the eight performance measures for this activity (75 per cent) were achieved in 2022/23.

The Animal Services team continued to work hard during the year to undertake community education and engagement activities to promote responsible dog ownership, and to respond to issues when they arose. The team delivered eight engagement activities, exceeding their target of six per annum, and responded to 162 out of 170 urgent call-outs (95.3 per cent) within one hour. The number of urgent call-outs increased from 150 in 2021/22.

Response times to attend noise call outs also exceeded target with 93 per cent (573 of the 616 complaints) attended within one hour.

Volumes of resource consent applications decreased in 2022/23 to 154, after the previous high of 226 consents last year, however the complexity of applications has increased. Despite a major project underway with the review of the Wairarapa Combined District Plan, 142 of the 154 consents that were received were processed within statutory timeframes.

We received and processed a private plan change to rezone Rural (Future Urban Zone) to residential for retirement village and residential development.





In 2022/23, the Building team processed 649 consents, including amendments, with 83 per cent within statutory timeframes. While not achieving the target, this was an improvement on 58.2 per cent within statutory timeframes in 2021/22. In addition, 577 code compliance certificates were processed, with 90 per cent processed within statutory timeframes.

Throughout this year 100 per cent of Building Warrants of Fitness have been reviewed within 20 days of their due date.

Pool inspections scheduled for 2022/23 were impacted by the death of a team member. A total of 508 inspections were undertaken. The number of pool inspections undertaken is expected to increase in the coming year.

The Wairarapa EOC has seen a large increase in trained EOC staff numbers with 44 new staff and eleven staff leaving, resulting in an increase of 33 staff. Thirty staff have been involved with the EOC for more than a year.

Reserves and infrastructure contributions from developers were \$2.55 million compared to the \$1.93 million in the prior year, reflecting the continuing high level of subdivision activity during the year. (Note: Roading contributions are recorded against the Roading activity.) Fee income from resource consents at \$0.48 million includes cost recovery for hearings. Work on the Wairarapa Combined District Plan continued during the year, with MDC's share being \$0.526 million (prior year \$0.324 million).

Building development income of \$1.44 million was 12 per cent less than planned and 12 per cent less than the prior year, reflecting the start of a decline from the high level of activity in residential building. Operating costs were 10 per cent less than planned reflecting adjustments made as consent volumes declined. Prior year costs reflect legal and settlement costs incurred defending liability claims (see Contingencies note 33).

Parking Control revenue is up by 5 per cent on the plan, but costs of enforcement and meter maintenance have exceeded plan by 11.9 per cent.

Animal Services costs have exceeded plan by 12.5 per cent while revenue (including dog fees) has fallen 4.5 per cent short of plan. Staffing levels have needed to increase to meet the level of service needs (including after-hours call-outs) and health and safety standards. The \$0.171 million rates required has ended up being 24.7 per cent of the operating costs versus a plan target of 20 per cent.

What we do: Deliver fair, appropriate and customer-friendly regulatory services that support community health and safety					
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)	
Response time to attend Priority 1 urgent call outs (e.g. dog attacks).	90% attended within one hour	Achieved 95.3% 162 of 170 urgent call-outs attended on time	Achieved 94% 141 of 150 urgent call-outs attended on time	N/A - New Measure	
Response time to attend noise control call outs.	90% attended within one hour	Achieved 93% 573 of 616 complaints attended within one hour	Achieved 93.7% 687 of 733 complaints attended within one hour	N/A - New Measure	



What we do: Deliver fair, appropriate and customer-friendly regulatory services that support community health and safety				
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
Number of animal control community education and engagement activities.	A minimum of 6 per annum related to high priority issues or concerns	Achieved 8 Education/Engagement Activities	Achieved 8 Education/Engagement Activities	N/A - New Measure
Percentage of building consents processed within statutory timeframes ¹	90%	Not Achieved 83% 538 of 649 consents issued were processed within statutory timeframes	Not Achieved 58.2% 477 of 832 consents granted (including amendments) were processed within statutory timeframes	Not Achieved 78% 664 of 851 consents were processed within statutory timeframes
Percentage of code compliance certificates processed within statutory timeframes ¹	90%	Achieved 90% 520 of 577 certificates were processed within statutory timeframes	Not Achieved 75% 400 of 533 certificates were processed within statutory timeframes	N/A - New Measure
Percentage of resource consents processed within statutory timeframes ¹²	90%	Achieved 92.2% 142 of 154 resource consents were processed within statutory timeframes	Achieved 93% 210 of 226 resource consents were processed within statutory timeframes	Not Achieved (target was 99%) 98% 202 of 207 resource consents received were processed within statutory timeframes
Percentage of commercial Building Warrant of Fitness' (BWOFs)that have been	At least 90% of BWOFs have been reviewed within 20 days of their due date.	Achieved 100%	Achieved 100% 100% reviewed within 20 days of the due date. 90% compliance across 387 Building Warrant of Fitness.	N/A - New Measure





What we do: Deliver fair, appropriate and customer-friendly regulatory services that support community health and safety

Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)
reviewed within 20 days of their due date.				





	What we do: Deliver fair, appropriate and customer-friendly regulatory services that support community health and safety					
Measure	2021-31 Target	2022/23 Result (Y2 of 2021-31 LTP)	2021/22 Result (Y1 of 2021-31 LTP)	2020/21 Result (Y3 of 2018-28 LTP)		
Proportion of known residential swimming pools that have been inspected.	 25% Target changes from Year 2: Year 2: 50% Year 3: 80% Years 4-10: cycle to be repeated but ensuring 100% of pools have been re-inspected by the end of Years 6 and 9 	Not Achieved 48% inspected 39% of total pools compliant 508 Inspections undertaken	Not Achieved 3% 28 inspections undertaken	N/A - New Measure		

 The time it takes to process consents is measured according to MBIE and IANZ guidelines as to the correct application of the Building Act 2004 and the Resource Management Act 1991 about when timing starts and stops.
 The statutory timeframe differs depending on the nature of the notified resource consent. The applicable statutory timeframes relating to this measure are included in Part 6 of the Resource Management Act 1991.



COST OF SERVICE STATEMENTS

	Resource Management & Planning		
2021/22 Actual		2022/23 Actual	2022/23 Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
1,132,531	Resource management & planning	1,288,667	1,587,441
158,794	River scheme contributions	156,771	161,471
324,283	Wairarapa District Plan (MDC share)	526,079	501,015
1,615,608		1,971,516	2,249,927
	Operating Revenue		
365,813	User charges - consent fees & recoveries	476,047	418,222
1,926,128	Reserves & infrastructure contributions	2,550,498	1,408,500
2,291,942		3,026,545	1,826,722
	Appropriations		
(329,590)	Transfers from reserves	(519,121)	(801,500)
130,000	Transfers to reserves	140,000	140,000
1,926,128	Transfers to reserves - various contributions	2,550,498	1,408,500
\$1,050,204	Rates Requirement	\$1,116,349	\$1,170,205

	Building Development		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
2,821,442	Building Services costs	2,164,278	2,402,688
590	Project - Earthquake assessments	4,960	0
\$2,822,032		\$2,169,238	\$2,402,688
	Operating Revenue		
1,631,071	Consent fees & charges	1,437,916	1,634,636
\$1,631,071		\$1,437,916	\$1,634,636
	Appropriations		
(575,000)	Transfers from reserves	-	-
\$615,961	Rates Requirement	\$731,322	\$768,052

	Environmental Services		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
812,778	Environmental health & licensing costs	871,965	890,647
160,027	Alcohol Act enforcement activities	173,187	223,042
972,805		1,045,153	1,113,689
	Operating Revenue		
67,459	License fees & charges	79,505	66,370
77,298	Alcohol licensing fees & charges	74,060	89,827
262,098	Internal recoveries	305,927	294,191
406,855		459,492	450,388
	Appropriations		
0	Transfers from reserves	-	(15,000)
8,000	Transfers to reserves - project funding	-	-
\$573,950	Rates Requirement	\$585,661	\$648,301





	Parking Control		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
212,859	Parking control costs	238,203	202,737
17,571	Depreciation - meters	17,571	18,084
230,430		255,774	220,821
	Operating Revenue		
226,018	Parking meters and fines	236,275	217,500
	Appropriations		
\$4,411	Rates Requirement (surplus)	\$19,499	\$3,321
	Animal Services		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
617,608	Dog control services incl. pound	694,620	669,315
	Operating Revenue		
489,578	Dog registration fees & other revenue	511,529	523,550
	Appropriations		
(12,139)	Transfers from reserves	(15,500)	
1.005			(15,000)
4,905	Provision for loan repayments	12,477	(15,000) 12,761
4,905 (3,000)	Provision for loan repayments Depreciation not rates funded	12,477 (8,600)	

	Emergency Management		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
170,039	Emergency management costs	171,146	161,942
129,562	WREMO CD/EM costs (MDC Share)	136,624	133,980
299,601		307,770	295,922
	Operating Revenue		
83,601	Misc. recoveries - CD/EM Wairarapa	84,787	25,978
	Appropriations		
-	Transfers from reserves - project funding	-	-
3,000	Transfers to reserves - self insurance	3,000	3,000
\$219,000	Rates Requirement	\$225,983	\$272,944

Regulatory Services

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Rates Requirement Summary
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2021/22	· · ·	2022/23	2022/23
Actual \$	Activity	Actual \$	Budget \$
891,411	Resource Management & Planning	959,578	1,008,734
158,794	River Scheme contributions	156,771	161,471
615,961	Building Development	731,322	768,052
573,950	Environmental Services	585,661	648,301
4,411	Parking Control	19,499	3,321
117,797	Animal Services	171,468	134,926
219,000	Emergency Management	225,983	272,944
\$2,581,324	Rates Requirement	\$2,850,280	\$2,997,748

l l	Regulatory Services		
	Capital Expenditure Summary		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Regulatory Services	\$	\$
-	Environmental Services equipment	477	6,000
21,148	Animal Services equipment & signage	6,873	2,400
217,509	New Animal pound - part project	119,501	1,400,000
-	Parking equipment	-	20,000
1,236	Building Development equipment	-	20,000
-		-	-
\$239,894		126,852	\$1,448,400
	Capital Funding		
(22,385)	Transfers from reserves	(7,351)	(\$48,400)
(217,509)	Loan funding	(119,501)	(1,400,000)
(\$239,894)		(\$126,852)	(\$1,448,400)

ALCOHOL ACT AND ALCOHOL LICENSING

The figures reported below are included within the Environmental Services Statement (above) and provide more breakdown of the Alcohol Act enforcement activities costs. Separate disclosure below is per the requirements of Sale and Supply of Alcohol (Fees) Regulations 2013 s19 (1).

2022/23 Actual \$	Operating Costs	2022/23 Actual \$	2022/23 Budget \$
-	District Licensing Committee costs	-	10,000
153,818	Inspector Operations	167,802	203,261
6,209	Alcohol Act enforcement activities	5,385	9,781
160,027	Total Alcohol licensing costs	173,187	223,042
0	Operating Revenue		
77,298	Alcohol Act Licensing fees & charges	74,060	89,827
\$82,729	Rates Requirement	\$99,127	\$133,215



LEADERSHIP, STRATEGY AND CORPORATE SERVICES Mana whakahaere me ngā ratonga ōkawa



WHAT WE DO

We provide strategic direction and leadership to the Council and our community, enable democratic decision-making that is open, transparent and accountable, and support the effective and efficient operation of all Council activities.

This includes working with iwi, consulting with the community on key decisions, running the local body election process every three years and pursuing strategic objectives for our community.

The corporate activity supports the organisation through various professional services including human resources, communications, finance, IT, policy and strategic planning – including responsibility for climate change, environment and economic development portfolios, corporate planning and reporting, project management, elected member support, general administration and senior management.

WHAT WE ACHIEVED IN 2022/23

Key achievements in 2022/23 include:

- Progressing Year 1 implementation of the Masterton District Climate Action Plan. Key actions that have been completed include:
- Established the Masterton District Climate Advisory Group to provide Council with advice, information and recommendations on issues associated with climate change that are affecting the Masterton District. Members include councillors, iwi reps, and members of our community.
- Established the Council's first Community Climate Fund with funding allocated towards eight community-led projects.
- Secured external funding to establish a 3-year fixed-term Climate Change Activator role to support the delivery of the Masterton District Climate Action Plan and Corporate Carbon Emissions Reduction Plan.
- Continued work to enable the sale of vacant land at Panama Village for the development of public housing.
- Led the preparation of Council's key corporate documents including the 2021/22 Annual Report which was adopted on 24 May 2023, and the 2023/24 Annual Plan adopted on 28 June 2023.
- Re-established the Rural Advisory Group that was established in the previous triennium.
- Supported the 2022 Local Elections. The election took place on 8 October 2022 and resulted in the election of four new members for Masterton District Council, including our first Māori ward member. An induction programme for the new Council took place in the months following the election.





- Revised the Local Governance Statement and published the Pre-election report to support the 2022 Local Elections.
- Represented Council and our community on policy and strategy work being undertaken jointly by the three Wairarapa District Councils, including the completing the review of the Wairarapa Rangatahi (Youth) Strategy and the Wairarapa Smoke and Vape Free Policy. Community policy reviews were also progressed for the Wairarapa Local Alcohol Policy and the Wairarapa Class 4 Gambling and Standalone TAB Venues Policy.
- Developed and reviewed a range of Masterton specific policies, including reviewing the Masterton district Easter Sunday Shop Trading Policy and Council's Protected Disclosures Policy; and developed Council's first Social Media Policy and Submissions Policy.
- Continued representing Council and our community on Wellington Regional Growth Framework workstreams led by the Wellington Regional Leadership Committee, including the Wellington Regional Climate Change Risk and Impact Assessment, Wellington Regional Emissions Reduction Strategy, Wellington Regional Economic Development Plan, Regional Food Systems Strategy, Regional Future Development Strategy and the Regional Housing and Business Capacity Assessment Update.
- Continued monitoring, assessing, keeping Council informed of and responding to requests for information related to central government reforms, in particular the Three Waters, Resource Management Act and Future for Local Government reforms.
- Worked with Iwi entities to progress the development and implementation of an Iwi/Hapū/Marae/Hapori Māori engagement framework and implemention of our Te Reo and Tikanga policy. We also commenced work on the development of Council's first Bilingual Signage Policy, Cultural Competency Framework and associated Cultural Competency Policy.
- We made nine submissions over the last 12 months, including submissions on the proposed Change 1 to the Regional Policy Statement for the Wellington Region, Waka Kotahi State Highway Interim Speed Management Plan, Water Services Legislation Bill, Future for Local Government, Severe Weather Emergency Recovery Legislation, and the Charging our Future Strategy. We also supported the Taituara Sale and Supply of Alcohol (Community Participation) Amendment Bill submission and provided feedback on Greater Wellington Regional Council's draft Biodiversity Framework Mauri Tūhono.

HOW WELL WE PERFORMED

Every year Council produces an Annual Report that informs our community about what has been achieved and how well we performed against the plans and budgets that were set for that year. In addition, there is regular reporting to the Senior Leadership Team and Council on progress with work and projects in this activity group, and once every three years Council undertakes a Community Satisfaction Survey that includes questions about Council's leadership and reputation.

This document is the 2022/23 Annual Report. Key highlights and achievements for the 2022/23 financial year are included in this document.

The three-yearly satisfaction survey took place this year - further detailed in the Resident Satisfaction section. The survey, undertaken by research company Key Research, is based on online responses from 490 residents who were asked about satisfaction across a range of areas of Council responsibility, including services and facilities, the performance of the Mayor and councillors, and staff, value for money, and reputation. The 2023 results saw a drop in overall satisfaction compared with the 2020 survey.

Expenditure in the Economic Development activity exceeded Plan as a one-off grant from Three Waters 'Better Off' funding of \$335,000 was paid to Pukaha Mt Bruce.



COSTS OF SERVICE STATEMENTS

Repres	sentation		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
534,500	Mayor & Councillors' remuneration	589,947	593,550
2,544	Reporting & consultation	33,292	31,612
21,142	Election costs	140,459	131,000
646,732	Operating expenses	588,647	753,939
1,204,919		1,352,344	1,510,101
	Operating Revenue Internal allocation of governance costs (per		
499,968	funding policy 40% internal)	515,983	546,640
0	Recoveries of Election Costs	67,387	63,500
499,968		583,370	610,140
	Appropriations		
(30,000)	Transfers from reserves	(25,000)	(80,000)
75,000	Transfers to reserves	30,000	-
\$749,951	Rates Requirement	\$773,975	\$819,961

	Development (Social, Cultural, Economic & Environmental)			
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23	
Actual		Actual	Budget	
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$	
1,320,629	Community development	1,809,430	1,459,432	
508,275	Arts & culture	547,742	641,762	
897,398	Economic development & promotion	1,348,785	1,143,324	
284,344	Environmental initiatives	352,314	428,158	
47,539	Depreciation	44,157	47,034	
3,058,186		4,102,428	3,719,709	
	Operating Revenue			
53,690	Government grants	522,884	2,436	
38,176	Creative NZ grants	30,420	30,957	
143,055	Other recoveries	414,771	60,657	
32,887	Internal recoveries	20,000	58,100	
267,808		988,075	152,151	
	Appropriations			
(167,213)	Transfers from reserves	(231,120)	(525,000)	
374,826	Transfers to reserves	94,705	-	
1,662	Provision for loan repayments	5,969	7,361	
\$2,999,654	Rates Requirement	\$2,983,908	\$3,049,919	



	Roading Advisory Services		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
918,760	Professional staff & operating costs	1,011,357	1,127,116
21,179	Depreciation	22,362	13,028
939,939		1,033,719	1,140,144
	Operating Revenue		
680,539	Prof. services - subsidised roading	633,045	691,835
184,271	Prof. services - non-subsidised roading	167,898	183,491
75,129	Prof. services - other Council activities	232,776	254,394
-	External revenue	-	10,424
939,939		1,033,719	1,140,144
	Appropriations		
-	Transfers to reserves	-	-
\$0	Rates Requirement	\$0	(\$0)

	Asset & Project Management		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
1,633,387	Professional staff & operating costs	1,694,257	1,980,402
	Operating Revenue		
1,630,732	Internal charges & recoveries	1,638,644	1,959,738
2,654	External recoveries	55,614	20,664
1,633,387		1,694,257	1,980,402
	Appropriations		
\$0	Rates Requirement	(\$0)	(\$0)

(Corporate Services		
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Operating Costs	\$	\$
2,143,479	Management & administration	1,982,163	2,217,838
1,599,522	Financial management	2,046,915	1,807,297
1,503,629	Strategic Planning	1,328,525	1,393,654
1,027,022	Information systems	1,153,010	1,122,355
656,247	Communications & engagement	738,231	926,397
657,081	Human Resources	627,965	690,588
153,650	Council vehicle fleet costs	162,937	129,616
7,740,630		8,039,747	8,287,745
	Operating Revenue		
345,897	Miscellaneous revenue & recoveries	359,264	385,598
413,191	Interest revenue (external)	1,009,572	348,500
277,064	Interest revenue (on internal loans)	528,782	250,423
296,000	Other Internal recoveries	290,305	268,120
5,357,914	Support services allocated internally	4,880,596	5,785,740
153,650	Council vehicle fleet recoveries	162,937	129,616
6,843,715		7,231,456	7,167,997
	Appropriations		
(1,124,600)	Transfers (from) reserves	(1,355,000)	(1,414,748)
25,000	Transfers to reserves	65,000	60,000
262,685	Transfers to reserves - interest	481,709	235,000
(60,000)	Depreciation not rates funded	-	-
\$0	Rates Requirement	\$0	(\$0)

00

	Leadership, Strategy & Corporate Services			
	Rates Requirement Summary			
	2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
	Actual		Actual	Budget
	\$	Activity	\$	\$
	749,951	Representation	773,975	819,961
	0	Internal Functions (net)	0	(0)
	1,161,910	Community Development	1,056,729	1,101,370
	547,485	Arts and Culture	556,214	564,992
	975,834	Economic Development and Promotion	1,017,997	1,015,400
_	314,424	Environmental Initiatives	352,968	368,158
	\$3,749,605	Rates Requirement	\$3,757,882	\$3,869,880

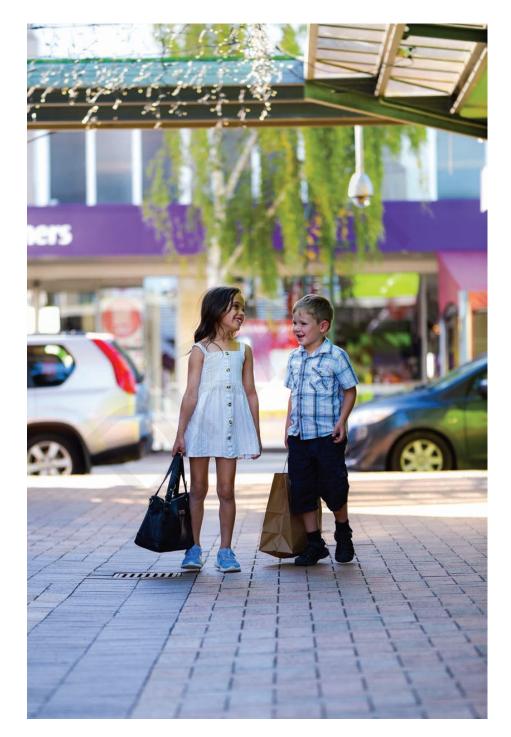
Leadership, Strategy & Corporate Services

Capital Expenditure Summary			
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23
Actual		Actual	Budget
\$	Roading Advisory Services	\$	\$
-	Survey Equipment	12,250	-
	Corporate Services		
96,500	IT equipment replacement	78,149	130,000
62,429	Computer programmes/Software	0	0
29,796	System Security Upgrades	0	0
-	Audio Visual Equipment	10,018	10,000
-	Website Upgrade	30,137	30,000
-	IT Council Meetings Info System	-	50,000
125,881	Pool Vehicle replacement	29,670	115,000
37,363	Information management - system upgrade	87,846	100,000
351,967		235,820	435,000
	Development		
18,574	CBD security cameras	27,800	24,000
-	- Decorative lighting upgrade 23,70		12,000
-	Flag mounting system	6,450	0
12,782	Community Assets	0	0
248,030	Youth hub at Skatepark	12,809	300,000
279,387		70,824	336,000
-			
631,354	Total capital expenditure	318,894	771,000
	Capital Funding		
(511,354)	Transfers from reserves	(318,894)	(771,000)
(120,000)	External funds	-	-
(631,354)		(318,894)	(771,000)





FINANCIAL REPORTS Ngā pūrongo putea











REPORTING AS REQUIRED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL REPORTING AND PRUDENCE) REGULATIONS 2014

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 2002 - FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

The Local Government Act 2002 sets out a number of disclosure requirements for Councils over and above the generally accepted accounting practice (GAAP) information. New disclosures were added in legislative changes and additions to the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014.

NETWORK ASSETS

Schedule 6 of the Regulations requires the Council to add to the information currently disclosed under GAAP, to enable separate disclosure for each of the five network infrastructures (water supply; sewerage; stormwater; roads and footpaths; and flood protection and control works). In addition, water supply and sewerage are to be separated between treatment plant and facilities and other assets. Also, any asset additions are to be split between assets constructed by the Council and those transfered to (or vested in) the Council.

Most of the detail required to comply with these regulations can be found in Notes 12 and 13 to the Financial Statements. Additional information on the replacement values of network assets is disclosed below.

Optimised Replacement Value of network assets is as follows:

as at 30 June 2023	\$ millions	Optimised Replacement Values	Optimised Depreciated Replacement Values
Roads, bridges & footpaths			
(includes bridges & culverts, e	excludes land)	790.05	610.53
Water treatment plant & facilitie	es - Masterton	21.92	8.58
Water reticulation (including run	al supplies)	131.78	61.10
Sewerage treatment plant & fac	ilities - Masterton	47.18	39.99
Sewerage reticulation - Mastert	on	157.98	82.66
Sewerage systems - rural*		19.58	14.38
Stormwater assets		60.03	34.42
Flood protection & control work	S	7.86	5.76
		1236.38	857.43

Notes: - excludes land values associated with the assets.

- Infrastructural assets were revalued as at 30 June 2023

* Rural sewerage systems at Riversdale Beach, Castlepoint and Tinui have not been split into treatment and reticulation components, but the value split is estimated at 29/71 (treatment/retic)

RATING BASE INFORMATION

The Local Government Act (Amendment No.3) includes a clause 30A in Schedule 10. The information below satisfies the disclosure requirements of that clause and adds comparative information for the current year, value of rates income and average rates.

30 June 2023

Number of rating units within the District	13,411
Capital Value of rating units as at 30 June 2023	\$8,975 million
Land Value of rating units as at 30 June 2023	\$4,776 million
Rates income for 2023/24 (per Annual Plan)	\$41,478,694 (excl GST & capital contribution rates)
Average rates income per rating unit	\$3,093 (excl GST)

30 June 2022

Number of rating units within the District	13,179
Capital Value of rating units as at 30 June 2022	\$8,816 million
Land Value of rating units as at 30 June 2022	\$4,712 million
Rates income for 2022/23 (per Annual Plan)	\$38,330,774 (excl GST & capital contribution rates)
Average rates income per rating unit	\$2,908 (excl GST)





INSURANCE INFORMATION

Local Government Act (Amendment No.3) clause 31A in Schedule 10 requires disclosure of information relating to the insurance of assets.

The cost of the Canterbury earthquakes has highlighted the importance of good risk management and the part insurance and/or risk financing plays when it comes to rebuilding public assets. In many instances, Councils can provide services in the future only through the continuing use of their assets. Public entities have had to think carefully about how they are managing their risks and how they are using the insurance and risk finance options available to them.

Set out below is detail of the Council's insurance of assets, under the prescribed three headings.

Insurance of Assets - for the year ending 30 June 2023

Asset values from Statement of Financial Position	Carrying value 1 July 2022	All values in \$000's
Property, plant and equipment	140,119	
Infrastructural assets	871,542	
Forestry	387	
Investment properties	-	
	1,012,048	
Less:		
Land component of operational assets	89,738	
Land under roads & road formation	87,668	
	177,406	

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Net Non-Financial Assets (excluding land)	\$	834,642	
Insurance Arrangements 2022/23 Material damage cover for buildings, plant, contents	Ş	171,207	Cover spread over 5 insurers, S5k excess, covers 236 buildings or assets, of which 42 are insured for indemnity value only, the balance for full reinstatement value, contents cover totals S5.7 million, earthquake claims are subject to higher deductibles. The policy is shared with CDC & SWDC.
Motor vehicle insurance cover - value estimate	\$	1,066	Insured for market value, carrying value assumed here.
Forestry (standing timber) cover	\$	606	Cover for trees declared value for fire, windstorm value \$17.5k, deductible of 1.5% of declared value
Risk Sharing Arrangements Cover for infrastructural assets as a member of LAPP (underground assets)	s	340,644	This is the replacement value (ORV) of assets listed on the LAPP Fund schedule for 2022/23. LAPP cover equated to 40% ie \$136,258k, with a claim thresshold of \$800k and deductible of \$240k. LAPP factor up the ORV for additional costs of recovery and had reinsurance to cover for up to three events with claims of \$85m, \$105m and \$150m. The Government's disaster recovery plan commits to paying 60% of the costs of recovering from a disaster, with a deductible for Masterton DC of \$355k.
Cover for roading assets (subsidised)	S	749,741	This is the replacement value of all roading assets that would be subject to Waka Kotahi subsidies, including bridges and culverts, but excluding land and formation value. The subsidy on flood and other roading network damage is 57%, but a sliding scale would see that increase depending on the severity of the event. Council's share of the recovery costs on these assets would be met from existing budgets, the flood damage fund, bridge depn funds, general capital funds and raising new debt (if required).
Assets Self-insured			Masterton airport's runway and taxiways are not covered by
Airport runway & taxiways	\$	5,851	insurance. The risk of damage is low and it is expected that in the event of an earthquake causing damage, the cost of repair would be done from Council's general reserves.
Non-subsidised roading (CBD paving, street furniture, berms, car parks and street trees)	\$	16,100	This is the replacement value of roading assets which are not subject to Waka Kotahi. The risk of damage to these assets is low and other than depreciation funds held, no specific insurance cover is provided for.

The Council has no insurances relating to financial or intangible assets





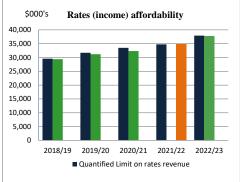
BENCHMARKS - PER LG (FINANCIAL REPORTING AND PRUDENCE) REGULATIONS 2014

RATES AFFORDABILITY BENCHMARKS

Rates (income) affordability	Rates (increases) affordability
quantified limit on rates; and	quantified limit on rates increases.
1. The actual rates revenue equals or is less than each	2. Actual rates increases equal or are less than each
The Council meets this benchmark if:	

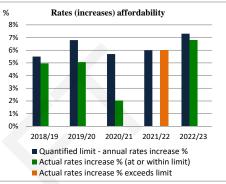
Rates (increa

This graph compares the Council's actual revenue from rates, with the rates revenue limit forecast in the Long-Term Plan and Annual Plan.



The rates revenue in 2021/22 exceeded the limit by a small amount as there was more growth in the rating base than the limit anticipated.

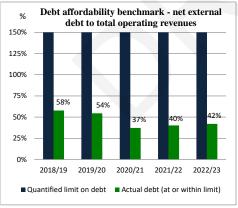
The quantified rates increase limit is after the effect of rating base growth. The limit is the LGCl increase in the year, plus 3.5% (from 2018) or 4.5% (from 2021). Actual percentage increase is calculated by taking the change in revenue less the percentage of planned growth in the rating base. In 2021/22 the growth has been slightly higher than planned resulting in the limit being exceeded.



DEBT AFFORDABILITY BENCHMARKS

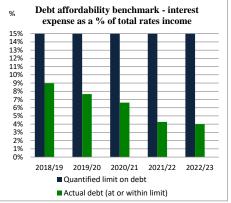
The Council meets the debt affordability benchmarks if its actual borrowing and borrowing costs are within the Council's quantified limits for borrowing, as set in the LTP.

The graph below compares the Council's actual borrowing with the quantified limit: Net External Debt(1) not to exceed 150% of Total Operating Revenues(2).

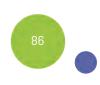


 Net External Debt is defined as gross external debt (aggregate borrowings of the council, including any capitalised finance leases and financial guarantees provided

capitalised finance leases and financial guarantees provided to third parties) less any financial assets (excluding trade and other receivables). The graph below compares the Council's actual borrowing cost with the quantified limit: Interest expense on external debt not to exceed 15% of total rates income.



⁽²⁾ Operating Revenue is as per the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue & Expense - all earnings including financial contributions, but excluding vested assets.

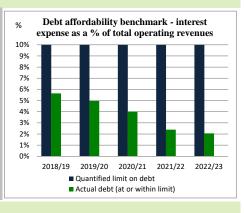




DEBT AFFORDABILITY BENCHMARKS (CONTINUED)

The graph to the right compares the Council's actual borrowing cost with the quantified limit: Interest expense on external debt not to exceed 10% of total operating revenues (1).

(1) Operating revenue is defined as earnings from rates, government grants and subsidies, user charges, interest, dividends, financial and other revenue but excluding vested assets.



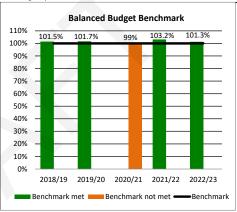
BALANCED BUDGET BENCHMARK

The graph below shows the Council's operating revenue as a proportion of operating expenses. The Council meets this benchmark if its revenue equals or is greater than its operating expenses.

As per the regulations, Operating Revenue definition excludes financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment. Operating Expenses excludes losses on derivative financial instruments and any losses on revaluation of property, plant, or equipment.

Notes:

Operating expenses include the losses from writing down the residual values of assets that have been renewed. These write-downs are not budgeted for or funded, hence, using the above definition, a small deficit result may result in any one year.



ESSENTIAL SERVICES BENCHMARK

The graph below to the right shows the Council's capital expenditure on network services as a proportion of depreciation on network services. The Council meets this benchmark if its capital expenditure on network services equals or is greater than depreciation on those network services.

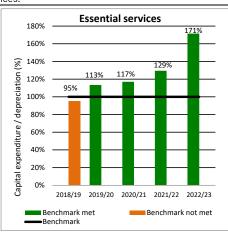
Notes:

Essential services are: roads and footpaths, water supplies, sewerage systems and stormwater systems.

2022/23 capital and renewals expenditure on Roading of \$15.5m was more than depreciation of \$7.8m due to \$4.2m spent on Colombo Rd bridge replacement and \$4.7m spent on restoring rural roads following storm events, with a high proportion funded by Waka Kotahi.

Water supply capital and renewals of \$3.6m is \$1.6m more than depreciation and includes finishing renewal projects that were committed in the prior year.

Wasterwater renewals capital totalled \$4.3m versus depreciation of \$3.5m.





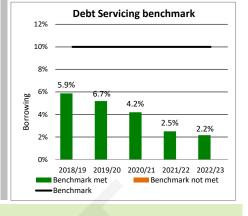


DEBT SERVICING BENCHMARK

The graph on the right shows the Council's borrowing costs as a proportion of operating revenue, as required by the regulations. The benchmark to stay within is 10%.

This measure differs from the Council's debt affordability benchmark as Operating Revenue definition excludes financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment. Notes:

The decline in the last two years has been the result of a lower level of capital expenditure funded by debt and declining interest rates.



DEBT CONTROL BENCHMARK

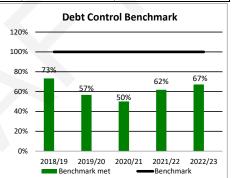
The following graph displays the Council's actual net debt as a proportion of planned net debt (per the last LTP). The Council meets the debt control benchmark if its actual net debt equals or is less than its planned net debt.

In this statement, net debt means financial liabilities less financial assets (excluding trade and other receivables). Notes:

Delays in some capital projects have resulted in debt being below the level planned and funds on hand are higher than planned (reserve funds not drawn on).

Funds on hand (that off-set debt in the Net Debt calculation) are higher than planned due to better than expected financial contributions.

The 2021-31 LTP anticipated some large capital expenditure projects which required debt funding. A number of these have not progressed so net debt levels are lower than planned for in that LTP.



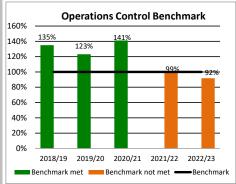
OPERATIONS CONTROL BENCHMARK

The graph below shows the Council's actual net cash flow from operations as a proportion of its planned net cash flow from operations. The Council meets the benchmark when actual net cash flow from operations equals or is greater than its planned net cash flow from operations.

Notes:

The Council's cashflow from operation's has been significantly better than planned in prior years due to revenue exceeding the planned levels.

In 2022/23 the Council incurred significant unplanned expenditure on rural roads in order to recover from two storm events, but the Waka Kotahi share of that expenditure was not confirmed until June, meaning a significant portion of that funding was a receivable at year end and operational cashflow reflects that.



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FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENTS

As per the Local Government Act 2002 (Schedule 10, sec 26), the Council is required to produce an audited funding impact statement for the Council and for each group of activities, comparing the information in the required format with the Long-Term Plan. Set out below, and on the following 12 pages, are the funding impact statements in the required format. Both Plan, Long-Term Plan, and prior year comparatives are shown where required.

Annual PlanActual \$000sSources of Operating Funding\$000sGeneral rates, uniform charges, rates penalties*210Targeted rates (excluding water by meter)*34,53134,589\$006sSubsidies and grants (for operating)4,6795,803\$688Fees & charges (incl metered water)8,3489,8711Interest & dividends431418418Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)30633937,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applications-Total applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,126Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,126Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)10,321Sources of Capital Funding-Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure10,32110,7128,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt-Gross proceeds from sale of assets20Capital expenditure: to apetal expenditure23,99610,589 to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)(9,126) <th>2022-23</th> <th>2022-23</th>	2022-23	2022-23
Sources of Operating FundingControlGeneral rates, uniform charges, rates penalties*210238Targeted rates (excluding water by meter)*34,53134,589Subsidies and grants (for operating)4,6795,803Fees & charges (incl metered water)8,3489,871Interest & dividends431418Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)306339Total operating funding (A)48,50551,258Applications of Operating FundingPayments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital FundingCapital expenditure: to meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in investments <t< th=""><th>Annual Plan</th><th>Actual</th></t<>	Annual Plan	Actual
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties*210238Targeted rates (excluding water by meter)*34,53134,589Subsidies and grants (for operating)4,6795,803Fees & charges (incl metered water)8,3489,871Interest & dividends431418Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)306339Total operating funding (A)48,50551,258Applications of Operating Funding739,242Payments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital FundingSubsidies & grants for capital expenditure10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital FundingCapital expenditure: to improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service23	\$000s	\$000s
Targeted rates (excluding water by meter)*34,53134,589Subsidies and grants (for operating)4,6795,803Fees & charges (incl metered water)8,3489,871Interest & dividends431418Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)306339Total operating funding (A)48,50551,258Applications of Operating FundingPayments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital FundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252 <td>225</td> <td>275</td>	225	275
Subsidies and grants (for operating)4,6795,803Fees & charges (incl metered water)8,3489,871Interest & dividends431418Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)306339Total operating funding (A)48,50551,258Applications of Operating FundingPayments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Fundingto meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	37,505	37,528
Fees & charges (incl metered water)8,3489,871Interest & dividends431418Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)306339Total operating funding (A)48,50551,258Applications of Operating Funding9,87148,505Payments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital FundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	3,621	9,979
Interest & dividends 431 418 Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines) 306 339 Total operating funding (A) 48,505 51,258 Applications of Operating Funding Payments to staff and suppliers 37,579 39,242 Finance costs 1,800 1,904 Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 39,378 41,146 Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 9,126 10,112 Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 10,321 8,013 Development & financial contributions 1,481 2,867 Increase /(decrease) in debt 13,711 1,500 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 20 - Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand 840 3,267 - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	10,115	10,056
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines) 306 339 Total operating funding (A) 48,505 51,258 Applications of Operating Funding 37,579 39,242 Finance costs 1,800 1,904 Other operating funding applications - - Total applications of operating funding (B) 39,378 41,146 Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 9,126 10,112 Sources of Capital Funding 0,321 8,013 Development & financial contributions 1,481 2,867 Increase /(decrease) in debt 13,711 1,500 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 20 - Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 10,589 - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589	357	1,027
Total operating funding (A)48,50551,258Applications of Operating Funding Payments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: to meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	328	301
Payments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding9,12610,112Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding to improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	52,151	59,167
Payments to staff and suppliers37,57939,242Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding to improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252		
Finance costs1,8001,904Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital fundingCapital expenditure:-1,760Coher additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	10,100	
Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Fundingto improve level of service23,99610,589- to improve level of service13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	40,420	46,996
Total applications of operating funding (B)39,37841,146Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding9,12610,112Sources of Capital Funding10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital FundingCipital expenditure: to meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	1,709	2,538
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 9,126 10,112 Sources of Capital Funding 10,321 8,013 Development & financial contributions 1,481 2,867 Increase /(decrease) in debt 13,711 1,500 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 20 - Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding - - Capital expenditure: - - - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252		
Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 10,321 8,013 Development & financial contributions 1,481 2,867 Increase /(decrease) in debt 13,711 1,500 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 20 - Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand 840 3,267 - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	42,129	49,534
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure10,3218,013Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding to meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	10,021	9,634
Development & financial contributions1,4812,867Increase /(decrease) in debt13,7111,500Gross proceeds from sale of assets20-Lump sum contributions-1,760Other dedicated capital fundingTotal sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding-Capital expenditure: to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252		
Increase /(decrease) in debt 13,711 1,500 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 20 - Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand 840 3,267 - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	10,730	10,658
Gross proceeds from sale of assets 20 - Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding - - Capital expenditure: - - - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	3,831	3,664
Lump sum contributions - 1,760 Other dedicated capital funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding 25,533 14,139 Capital expenditure: - - - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	5,194	1,700
Other dedicated capital funding - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 25,533 14,139 Application of Capital Funding 25,533 14,139 Capital expenditure: - - - to meet additional demand 840 3,267 - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	5,365	456
Total sources of capital funding (C)25,53314,139Application of Capital Funding2025,53314,139Capital expenditure: to improve level of service23,99610,589 to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252-	-	5,440
Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand 840 3,267 - to improve level of service 23,996 10,589 - to replace existing assets 13,715 10,741 Increase/(decrease) in reserves (4,592) (863) Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	-	-
Capital expenditure:- to meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	25,120	21,919
- to meet additional demand8403,267- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252		
- to improve level of service23,99610,589- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252		
- to replace existing assets13,71510,741Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,660	7,552	5,687
Increase/(decrease) in reserves(4,592)(863)Increase/(decrease) in investments699518Total application of capital funding (D)34,66024,252	15,091	10,149
Increase/(decrease) in investments 699 518 Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	18,263	18,554
Total application of capital funding (D) 34,660 24,252	(6,476)	(3,557
	711	720
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D) (9,126) (10,112)	35,141	31,552
	(10,021)	(9,634
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D) 0 0	0	(0

* Rates revenue at the Council level is net of rates charged on Council properties.





FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23
	Annual Plan	Actual	Annual Plan	Actual
Reconciliation - between FIS & Financial Statements	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Operating Revenue - per FIS	48,505	51,258	52,151	59,167
Capital Funding (revenue)- per FIS	11,802	12,639	14,561	19,763
	60,307	63,897	66,712	78,930
Other Gains	36	4,576	-	1,012
	60,343	68,473	66,712	79,941
Operating Revenue - per Stmt of Comp. Rev. & Exp.	60,343	68,473	71,081	79,941
Less Other Gains/ (Losses) on Sale of Assets	36	4,576	4,369	1,012
	60,307	63,897	66,712	78,930
Operating Expenditure - per FIS Add depreciation	39,378 14,938	41,146 14,527	42,129	49,534 17,226
	54,317	55,673	58,096	66,759
Other Losses	-	2,884	-	2,623
Operating Expenditure - per Stmt of Comp. Rev. & Exp.	54,317	58,557	58,096	69,382
Capital Expenditure - per FIS	38,552	24,597	40,906	34,390
Capital Expenditure - per Cost of Service Statements	38,552	24,597	40,906	34,390
	-	-	-	-
Transfer to/(from) Reserves - per COSS	(10,595)	(7,033)	(17,992)	(9,864)
Depreciation transferred to reserves - per COSS	5,983	6,169	6,151	5,851
Proceeds from sale of assets - tsf to reserves	20	-	5,365	456
	(4,592)	(863)	(6,476)	(3,557)
Increase/(Decrease) in Reserves - per FIS	(4,592)	(863)	(6,476)	(3,557)

DEPRECIATION by Group	2021-22 Annual Plan	2021-22 Actual	2022-23 Annual Plan	2022-23 Actual
	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Groups of Activities				
Roading	6,470	6,315	7,286	7,817
Water Services	1,686	1,679	1,937	2,054
Wastewater Services	2,916	2,803	3,154	3,535
Stormwater	374	384	422	542
Solid Waste Services	215	204	204	209
Community Facilities/Activities	3,012	2,780	2,612	2,683
Regulatory Services	52	51	44	50
Leadership, Strategy & Corporate Services	213	312	308	336
	14,938	14,527	\$15,967	\$17,226





FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

FINANCIAL REPORTS Ngā pūrongo putea

ROADING		LTP Amended	
	LTP 2021-22	Year 2 2022-23	Actual 2022-23
	\$000s	2022-23 \$000s	2022-23 \$000s
Sources of Operating Funding			
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-	-	
Targeted rates	7,335	7,683	7,789
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	2,885	2,921	8,257
Fees & charges	73	75	81
nternal charges & overheads recovered	-	-	
nterest & dividends	-	-	
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	190	194	147
Total operating funding (A)	10,483	10,872	16,274
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	5,673	5,848	12,405
Finance costs	11	49	27
nternal charges and overheads applied	1,459	1,418	1,354
Other operating funding applications	-	-	
Total applications of operating funding (B)	7,143	7,315	13,786
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	3,340	3,557	2,488
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	2,933	4,939	9,293
Development & financial contributions	375	378	969
ncrease /(decrease) in debt	1,323	1,068	146
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	
ump sum contributions	-	-	2,522
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	4,631	6,385	12,930
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	840	1,276	2,769
- to improve level of service	2,113	1,988	5,640
- to replace existing assets	5,928	9,114	9,57
ncrease/(decrease) in reserves	(909) *	(2,436) *	(2,756
ncrease/(decrease) in investments	-	-	189
Total application of capital funding (D)	7,972	9,942	15,418
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(3,340)	(3,557)	(2,488
Funding holongo (A. R) (C. D)			
unding balance (A-B)+(C-D)			

* The Plan allowed for depreciation funded into reserves as part of the change in investments





FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

		LTP Amended	
WATER SERVICES	LTP	Year 2	Actual
	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23
	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Sources of Operating Funding			
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-	-	-
Targeted rates (excl water by meter)	3,716	4,368	4,289
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	440	-	153
Fees & charges (incl metered water)	532	547	591
nternal charges & overheads recovered	103	104	111
nterest & dividends	5	5	13
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	-	-	-
Total operating funding (A)	4,796	5,024	5,156
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	2,327	1,934	2,590
Finance costs	146	193	315
nternal charges and overheads applied	881	858	914
Other operating funding applications	- 1	_	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	3,354	2,984	3,819
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	1,442	2,040	1,337
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	2,334	-	225
Development & financial contributions	-	-	C
ncrease /(decrease) in debt	2,459	140	841
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	25
Lump sum contributions	-	-	536
Other operating funding applications			-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	4,793	140	1,628
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	-	613	536
- to improve level of service	4,604	82	1,030
 to replace existing assets 	2,185	1,886	2,621
ncrease/(decrease) in reserves	(554) *	(401) *	(904)
ncrease/(decrease) in investments			(317)
Total application of capital funding (D)	6,234	2,180	2,965
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(1,442)	(2,040)	(1,337
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)			





FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

As required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014

FINANCIAL REPORTS Ngā pūrongo putea

WASTEWATER SERVICES	LTP	LTP Amended Year 2	Actual
	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23
	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Sources of Operating Funding	<i>,</i>		
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-	-	-
Targeted rates	6,904	7,229	7,291
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	500	-	169
Fees & charges	501	571	515
Internal charges & overheads recovered	38	34	38
Interest & dividends	-	-	-
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	-	-	-
Total operating funding (A)	7,944	7,833	8,012
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,878	1,402	1,887
Finance costs	1,392	1,080	1,584
Internal charges and overheads applied	1,177	1,149	1,263
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	4,446	3,631	4,733
			,
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	3,497	4,203	3,279
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	450	-	714
Development & financial contributions	123	123	144
Increase /(decrease) in debt	(2,006)	(2,667)	(597)
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	8
Lump sum contributions	-	-	1,052
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(1,433)	(2,544)	1,320
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	-	818	1,052
- to improve level of service	300	-	85
 to replace existing assets 	1,742	1,523	4,240
Increase/(decrease) in reserves	22 *	(681) *	(510)
Increase/(decrease) in investments	-	-	(268)
Total application of capital funding (D)	2,064	1,659	4,599
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(3,497)	(4,203)	(3,279)
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)			-

* The Plan allowed for depreciation funded into reserves as part of the change in investments.



*



As required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting a	and Prodetice) Regu		
STORMWATER SERVICES	LTP	LTP Amended Year 2	Actual
	2021-22 \$000s	2022-23 \$000s	2022-23 \$000s
Sources of Operating Funding			
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-	-	-
Targeted rates	664	792	840
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	200	-	94
Fees & charges	-	-	-
Internal charges & overheads recovered	-	-	-
Interest & dividends	-	-	-
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	-	-	-
Total operating funding (A)	864	792	934
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	298	296	590
Finance costs	17	13	19
Internal charges and overheads applied	213	211	277
Other operating funding applications	_	-	0
Total applications of operating funding (B)	529	520	886
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	335	271	48
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-
Development & financial contributions	-	-	-
Increase /(decrease) in debt	(36)	112	(42)
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	1,330
Other operating funding applications			-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(36)	112	1,288
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	1,330
- to improve level of service	100	153	-
 to replace existing assets 	560	307	475
Increase/(decrease) in reserves	(361) *	(76) *	(393)
Increase/(decrease) in investments			(76)
Total application of capital funding (D)	299	384	1,336
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(335)	(271)	(48)
Funding holongy (A. R.) (C. D.)		·	
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)			-





FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

FINANCIAL REPORTS Ngā pūrongo putea

SOLID WASTE SERVICES			
SOLID WASTE SERVICES	LTP	LTP Amended Year 2	Actual
	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23
	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Sources of Operating Funding	-	-	-
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-	-	-
Targeted rates	1,021	1,105	1,287
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	180	264	282
Fees & charges	3,150	3,359	3,826
Internal charges & overheads recovered	73	76	140
nterest & dividends	-	-	-
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)		-	-
Total operating funding (A)	4,425	4,804	5,535
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	3,769	3,979	4,537
Finance costs	61	45	74
Internal charges and overheads applied	442	428	505
Other operating funding applications	-		-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	4,271	4,452	5,116
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	154	352	419
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-
Development & financial contributions	-	-	-
Increase /(decrease) in debt	(182)	(202)	(158)
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other operating funding applications		-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	(182)	(202)	(158)
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve level of service	60	20	-
- to replace existing assets	200	-	18
Increase/(decrease) in reserves	(289) *	130 *	117
Increase/(decrease) in investments			125
Total application of capital funding (D)	(28)	151	260
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(154)	(352)	(419)
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)	-	-	-





General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties -	COMMUNITY FACILITIES / ACTIVITIES	LTP	LTP Amended Year 2	Actual
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties -				
Fargeted rates 9,457 10,128 10,041 Subsidies and grants (for operating) 189 50 59 Fees & charges 1,628 1,660 1,818 Internal charges & overheads recovered 675 685 771 Interest & dividends - 42 - Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines) - - - Payments to staff and suppliers 7,173 7,086 7,367 Finance costs 173 439 263 Internal charges and overheads applied 2,448 2,383 2,411 Other operating funding applications - - - Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,908 10,043 Starplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 2,156 2,658 2,647 Sources of Capital Funding - - - - Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 9,741 6,746 1,403 Sources of Capital Funding - - - - Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 9,741 6,745 1,403	Sources of Operating Funding			
Subsidies and grants (for operating) 189 50 59 sees & charges 1,628 1,660 1,818 nternal charges & overheads recovered 675 685 771 nterest & dividends - 42 - Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines) - - - - Payments to staff and suppliers 7,173 7,086 7,367 - - Sinnace costs 173 439 263 -	General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-	-	-
Tees & charges 1,628 1,660 1,818 Internal charges & overheads recovered 675 685 771 Interest & dividends - 42 - Dther receipts (incl petrol tax & fines) - - - Total operating funding 11,950 12,566 12,688 Applications of Operating Funding - - - Payments to staff and suppliers 7,173 7,086 7,367 Finance costs 173 439 263 Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,908 10,041 Other operating funding applications - - - Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,908 10,041 Sources of Capital Funding - - - - Sources of Capital Funding - 0 - - - Sources of Capital Funding - - 0 - - - - Sources of Capital Funding - 0 - - 0 - - - - -	Targeted rates	9,457	10,128	10,041
nternal charges & overheads recovered 675 685 771 nterest & dividends - 42 Conter receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	Subsidies and grants (for operating)	189	50	59
nterest & dividends - 42 Dther receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	Fees & charges	1,628	1,660	1,818
Deter receipts (incl petrol tax & fines) - - - Total operating funding (A) 11,950 12,566 12,688 Applications of Operating Funding 7,173 7,086 7,367 Payments to staff and suppliers 7,173 7,086 7,367 Finance costs 173 439 263 Internal charges and overheads applied 2,448 2,383 2,411 Other operating funding applications - - - Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,908 10,043 Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 2,156 2,658 2,647 Sources of Capital Funding - 0 - Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 4,485 5,013 4266 Development & financial contributions - 0 - orcrease /(decrease) in debt 9,741 6,746 1,403 Gross proceeds from sale of assets - - - ups sum contributions - - - - Other operating funding applications - - - -	nternal charges & overheads recovered	675	685	771
Total operating funding (A)11,95012,56612,688Applications of Operating Funding Payments to staff and suppliers7,1737,0867,367Finance costs173439263Internal charges and overheads applied2,4482,3832,411Other operating funding applicationsTotal applications of operating funding (B)9,7949,90810,041Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)2,1562,6582,647Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure4,4855,013426Development & financial contributions-0Sourplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)9,7416,7461,403Sourcees of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure9,7416,7461,403Development & financial contributionsSourge //decrease) in debt9,7416,7461,403-Sourplus funding applicationsTotal sources of capital funding (C)14,22617,2952,244Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure:1,082 to improve level of service14,96712,7543,216 to improve level of service14,96712,7543,216 to improve level of service14,96712,7543,216 to improve level of service14,96712,7543,216-	nterest & dividends	-	42	-
Applications of Operating Funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Dther operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,794 9,098 10,041 Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 2,156 2,658 2,648 Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 9,741 6,746 9,741 6,746 1,403 Gross proceeds from sale of assets	Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	-	-	-
Payments to staff and suppliers 7,173 7,086 7,367 Finance costs 173 439 263 Internal charges and overheads applied 2,448 2,383 2,411 Other operating funding applications	Total operating funding (A)	11,950	12,566	12,688
Payments to staff and suppliers 7,173 7,086 7,367 Finance costs 173 439 263 Internal charges and overheads applied 2,448 2,383 2,411 Other operating funding applications	Applications of Operating Funding			
nternal charges and overheads applied 2,448 2,383 2,411 2,448 2,383 2,411 2,156 2,658 2,647 Sourplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 2,156 2,658 2,647 Sources of Capital Funding Sources of Capital funding (C) Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand - to improve level of service - to replace existing assets - to replace existing assets 		7,173	7,086	7,367
Dether operating funding applications - - - Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,908 10,041 Sourplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 2,156 2,658 2,647 Sources of Capital Funding - 0 - Development & financial contributions - 0 - Development & financial contributions - 0 - Sourgeus (/decrease) in debt 9,741 6,746 1,403 Gross proceeds from sale of assets - 5,535 415 Lump sum contributions - - - - Dether operating funding applications - - - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 1,082 - - - to improv	Finance costs	173	439	263
Dether operating funding applications - - - Total applications of operating funding (B) 9,794 9,908 10,041 Sourplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 2,156 2,658 2,647 Sources of Capital Funding - 0 - Development & financial contributions - 0 - Development & financial contributions - 0 - Storss proceeds from sale of assets - 5,535 415 Lump sum contributions - - - - Other operating funding applications - - - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 1,082 - - - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - -	nternal charges and overheads applied	2,448	2,383	2,411
Total applications of operating funding (B)9,7949,90810,041Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)2,1562,6582,647Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure4,4855,013426Development & financial contributions-0-Development & financial contributions-0-Sourcess /(decrease) in debt9,7416,7461,403Gross proceeds from sale of assets-5,535415Lump sum contributionsOther operating funding applicationsTotal sources of capital funding (C)14,22617,2952,244Application of Capital Funding - to improve level of service14,96712,7543,216- to replace existing assets2,7742,0721,356- to replace existing assets2,7742,0721,356- to replace existing assets709- Total application of capital funding (D)16,38219,9534,891	o 11	-	-	· ·
Sources of Capital Funding Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure Development & financial contributions Gross proceeds from sale of assets Sump sum contributions Development & funding applications Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to improve level of service 14,967 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,774 2,774 2,072 1,358 4,045 - complace existing assets - complace		9,794	9,908	10,041
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure 4,485 5,013 426 Development & financial contributions - 0 - Development & financial contributions - 0 - Gross proceeds from sale of assets - 5,535 415 Lump sum contributions - - - Other operating funding applications - - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 1,082 - Capital expenditure: - 1,082 - - - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 increase/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) increase/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	2,156	2,658	2,647
Development & financial contributions - 0 ncrease /(decrease) in debt 9,741 6,746 1,403 Gross proceeds from sale of assets - 5,535 415 Lump sum contributions - - - Dther operating funding applications - - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - - - Capital expenditure: - 1,082 - - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 ncrease/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) ncrease/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	Sources of Capital Funding			
Increase /(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other operating funding applications Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand - to improve level of service - to replace existing assets - to replace existing assets 	Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	4,485	5,013	426
Gross proceeds from sale of assets - 5,535 415 Lump sum contributions - - - Other operating funding applications - - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 1,082 - Capital expenditure: - 1,082 - - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 ncrease/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) ncrease/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	· · ·	-	0	
Lump sum contributions - - - Other operating funding applications - - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 1,082 - Capital expenditure: - 1,082 - - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 increase/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) Increase/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	ncrease /(decrease) in debt	9,741	6,746	1,403
Other operating funding applications - - Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 14,226 17,295 2,244 Application of Capital Funding - 1,082 -	Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	5,535	415
Total sources of capital funding (C)14,22617,2952,244Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to meet additional demand - to improve level of service- 1,082- to improve level of service14,96712,7543,216- to replace existing assets2,7742,0721,356Increase/(decrease) in reserves(1,358) *4,045 *(389)Increase/(decrease) in investments709Total application of capital funding (D)16,38219,9534,891	Lump sum contributions	-		
Application of Capital Funding Capital expenditure: - to improve level of service - to improve level of service - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,358 4,045 (accesse) in reserves (decrease) in investments - - Total application of capital funding (D)	Other operating funding applications	-		-
Capital expenditure: - 1,082 - to meet additional demand - 12,754 3,216 - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 ncrease/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) ncrease/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	Total sources of capital funding (C)	14,226	17,295	2,244
- to meet additional demand - 1,082 - to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 ncrease/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) ncrease/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	Application of Capital Funding			
- to improve level of service 14,967 12,754 3,216 - to replace existing assets 2,774 2,072 1,356 ncrease/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) ncrease/(decrease) in investments - - 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891				
- to replace existing assets2,7742,0721,356ncrease/(decrease) in reserves(1,358) *4,045 *(389)ncrease/(decrease) in investments709Total application of capital funding (D)16,38219,9534,891		-		
ncrease/(decrease) in reserves (1,358) * 4,045 * (389) ncrease/(decrease) in investments 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891		,	,	
ncrease/(decrease) in investments 709 Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	- to replace existing assets	2,774	2,072	1,356
Total application of capital funding (D) 16,382 19,953 4,891	ncrease/(decrease) in reserves	(1,358) *	4,045 *	(389)
	ncrease/(decrease) in investments	-	-	709
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D) (2,156) (2,658) (2,647)	Total application of capital funding (D)	16,382	19,953	4,891
	Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(2,156)	(2,658)	(2,647
	Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)			





FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

FINANCIAL REPORTS Ngā pūrongo putea

As required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting	and Prudence) Regu	lations 2014	
REGULATORY SERVICES		LTP Amended	
	LTP	Year 2	Actual
	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23
Sources of Operating Funding	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Sources of Operating Funding General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties			
Targeted rates	- 2,589	- 2,658	- 2,989
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	2,309	2,058	2,909
Fees & charges	2,229	2,325	2,741
Internal charges & overheads recovered	2,225	299	306
Interest & dividends	1	1	5
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	116	114	154
Total operating funding (A)	5,228	5,397	6,195
	-)	-,	-,
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	4,269	4,321	4,735
Finance costs	-	39	12
Internal charges and overheads applied	1,566	1,517	1,647
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	5,835	5,877	6,394
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	(607)	(480)	(199)
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-
Development & financial contributions	983	993	2,550
Increase /(decrease) in debt	1,295	(45)	112
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	2
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other operating funding applications	-		-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	2,278	948	2,665
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve level of service	1,304	-	120
 to replace existing assets 	32	441	7
Increase/(decrease) in reserves	335 *	27 *	2,195
Increase/(decrease) in investments	-		144
Total application of capital funding (D)	1,671	468	2,467
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	607	480	199
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)		<u>-</u>	

* The Plan allowed for depreciation funded into reserves as part of the change in investments.





LEADERSHIP, STRATEGY & CORPORATE		LTP Amended	
SERVICES	LTP	Year 2	Actual
	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23
	\$000s	\$000s	\$000s
Sources of Operating Funding			
General rates, uniform charges, rates penalties	-		
Targeted rates	3,710	3,823	3,867
Subsidies and grants (for operating)	285	202	966
Fees & charges	234	237	485
Internal charges & overheads recovered	9,406	9,073	9,071
Interest & dividends	425	355	1,010
Other receipts (incl petrol tax & fines)	-	-	
Total operating funding (A)	14,060	13,691	15,398
Applications of Operating Funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	12,565	12,208	12,884
Finance costs	-	12	244
Internal charges and overheads applied	2,687	2,588	2,759
Other operating funding applications	-	-	,
Total applications of operating funding (B)	15,252	14,808	15,88
		<u> </u>	
Surplus/(Deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	(1,191)	(1,117)	(488
Sources of Capital Funding			
Subsidies & grants for capital expenditure	120	-	
Development & financial contributions	-	-	
Increase /(decrease) in debt	417	(14)	(4
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	20	20	,
Lump sum contributions	-	-	
Other operating funding applications	-	-	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	557	6	
Application of Capital Funding			
Capital expenditure:			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	
- to improve level of service	549	-	59
- to replace existing assets	295	254	259
Increase/(decrease) in reserves	(1,478) *	(1,366) *	(917
Increase/(decrease) in investments	-	,	111
Total application of capital funding (D)	(634)	(1,112)	(48)
Surplus / (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	1,191	1,117	488
Funding balance (A-B)+(C-D)		_ , ,	101
	-	-	





2022/23 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

			MASTERTON	DISTRICT COUN
TATEMENT	OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 Ju	ne 2023		
\$			\$	\$
30 June 2022		Notes	30 June 2023	Plan
	CURRENT ASSETS			
6,322,473	Cash & cash equivalents	10	4,094,336	4,345,32
9,101,750	Other financial assets	11	8,627,577	8,102,11
855,765	Inventories	8	676,763	245,95
65,968	Derivative financial instruments	22	33,792	
4,627,833	Debtors and other receivables	9	9,479,989	4,305,11
20,973,789	Total Current Asset	S	22,912,458	16,998,52
	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
140,119,083	Property, equipment & other assets	12,13	140,430,296	148,689,77
871,541,736	Infrastructural assets	12,13	962,556,018	829,031,41
3,396,201	Intangible assets	14	3,204,853	3,769,79
387,467	Forestry assets	15	478,346	538,70
0	Investment property	16	0	
512,939	Derivative financial instruments	22	1,286,811	
	Other financial assets	11		
225,958	- Investments in CCO's & other similar ent	ities	214,507	227,64
9,573,503	- Investments in other entities		8,095,110	9,799,60
1,025,756,887	Total Non-current Asset	s	1,116,265,941	992,056,94
\$1,046,730,676	TOTAL ASSETS		\$1,139,178,399	\$1,009,055,46
	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
10,172,231	Creditors & other payables	20	13,760,600	12,444,78
0	Derivative financial instruments	22	0	
1,086,623	Employee benefits	21	1,138,368	1,309,30
23,585	Provisions (current)	23	28,302	20,00
8,000,000	Financial liabilities - current portion	24	5,100,000	5,100,00
19,282,439	Total Current Liabilitie	s	20,027,270	18,874,09
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
42,000,000	Financial liabilities	24	46,600,000	50,093,65
2,469	Derivative financial instruments	22	0	3,010,00
9,353	Employee benefits	21	9,928	11,06
107,974	Provisions & other liabilities	23	109,990	72,35
42,119,796	Total Non-current Liabilitie	s	46,719,918	53,187,06
\$985,328,441	NET ASSETS	-	\$1,072,431,211	\$936,994,30
	PUBLIC EQUITY			
456,714,681	Retained earnings (ratepayers' equity)	25	472,929,962	477,196,91
500,293,219	Revaluation reserves	25	574,738,111	436,968,67
28,320,541	Special funds & restricted reserves	28	24,763,138	22,828,72

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.





				М	ASTERTON DI	STRICT COUNCIL
	ST	ATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE & EXPE	INSE			
	\$	For the Year Ended 30 June 2023			\$	\$
	Actual				Actual	Budget
	2021/22		Note		2022/23	2022/23
		OPERATING REVENUE				
	34,776,472	Rates Revenue	3		37,753,105	37,679,274
	50,303	Rural sewerage scheme capital rates	3&4		50,303	50,446
	2,866,901	Financial Contributions			3,663,910	3,831,498
	13,815,233	Subsidies and grants	4		20,637,349	14,351,028 *1
	418,159	Finance Revenue	5		1,027,397	357,250
	10,246,612	Other Operating Revenue	4		10,357,563	10,442,234 *1
	1,723,633	Assets vested from subdivisions	4		5,440,267	-
	4,576,128	Other Gains	4a		1,011,545	4,368,960
	68,473,441	Total Operating Revenue			79,941,438	71,080,690
		OPERATING EXPENDITURE				
	12,311,176	Personnel Costs	6		13,215,698	14,126,104
	26,930,509	Other Expenses	7		33,779,940	26,294,341
	1,904,048	Finance Costs	5		2,538,112	1,708,613
	14,527,220	Depreciation & amortisation	12, 13, 14		17,225,696	15,966,833
	2,884,021	Other Losses	4a		2,622,527	-
	58,556,974	Total Operating Expenditure			69,381,973	58,095,891
:	\$9,916,467	Surplus/(Deficit) before taxation			\$10,559,466	\$12,984,800
	-	Income tax expense			-	-
\$	9,916,467	SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER TAXATION		\$	10,559,466	\$12,984,800
		Other Comprehensive Revenue & Expense				
1	29,409,082	Gain/(Loss) on asset revaluations	12, 13, 25		76,543,779	-
	(4,405)	Financial assets fair value movement	25		(476)	-
1	29,404,677	Total Other Comprehensive Revenue & Expense			76,543,303	0
\$ 13	39,321,145	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE & EXPENSE		\$	87,102,769	\$12,984,800

STATEMENT OF CHAN	GES IN EQUI	ТҮ				
For the Y	ear Ended 30	June 2023				
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening Balance	Revaluations	Special Funds & Reserves	Ratepayers' Equity	Total 2022/23	Plan 2022/23	Prior Year 2021/22
1 July 2022	(Note 25) 500,293,219	(Note 28) 28,320,541	(Note 25) 456,714,681	\$985,328,441	924,009,505	846,007,297
Comprehensive revenue & expense for the year	76,543,303		10,559,466	87,102,769	12,984,800	139,321,145
Tsf disposals revaltns	(2,098,411)		2,098,411	0	,,	,- , -
Transfers from Reserves		(14,227,176)	14,227,176	0		
Transfers to Reserves		4,363,080	(4,363,080)	0		
Tsf proceeds on sale of assets		455,992	(455,992)	0		
Tsf depreciation to reserves		5,850,700	(5,850,700)	0		
Closing Balance	574,738,111	24,763,138	472,929,962	\$1,072,431,211	936,994,305	985,328,441

*1 The budget for subsidies & grants has been adjusted to reflect more than just roading subsidies

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



		1	MASTERTON DIS	STRICT COUI
	STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS for the Yea	r Ending	30 June 2023	
Last Year		\$	Actual	Budget
2021/22	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Notes	2022/23	2022/23
	Cash was provided from:	-		
34,715,387	Rates (M.D.C. only)		37,520,708	37,593,39
50,303	Rural sewerage scheme capital rates		50,303	50,44
2,866,901	Financial Contributions		3,663,910	3,831,49
13,612,562	Subsidies and grants		16,836,957	14,351,02
406,515	Interest & Dividends received		925,251	357,25
7,616,721	Receipts from other revenue		10,440,342	11,220,60
59,268,390		-	69,437,472	67,404,2
	Cash was applied to:			
(26,806,419)	Payments to suppliers		(26,643,639)	(22,176,98
(12,328,739)	Payments to employees		(13,163,378)	(14,126,10
(1,868,852)	Interest paid		(2,301,217)	(1,708,61
30,307	Goods and services tax (paid)/received (net)	_	(347,914)	-
(40,973,703)		_	(42,456,148)	(38,011,70
18,294,687	Net Cash from Operating Activities	<u>29</u>	26,981,324	29,392,52
	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
	Cash was provided from:			
-	Receipts from sale of property, plant and equip	ment	455,991	5,365,00
-	Forestry/investment property proceeds		-	
7,851,700	Receipts from sale of investments		4,901,749	1,080,55
7,851,700			5,357,740	6,445,55
	Cash was applied to:			
(22,333,239)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(32,515,200)	(41,937,54
(146,750)	Purchase of intangible assets		(188,465)	-
(5,870,775)	Acquisition of investments		(3,563,536)	(5,50
(28,350,764)			(36,267,201)	(41,943,05
(20,499,064)	Net Cash from Investing Activities		(30,909,461)	(35,497,50
	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
	Cash was provided from:			
4,200,000	Proceeds from new financial liabilities	_	5,000,000	8,494,10
4,200,000			5,000,000	8,494,10
	Cash was applied to:			
(2,700,000)			(3,300,000)	(3,300,44
-	Repayment of finance lease liabilities	_	-	-
(2,700,000)			(3,300,000)	(3,300,44
1,500,000	Net Cash from Financing Activities	_	1,700,000	5,193,6
(704,377)	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents		(2,228,137)	(\$911,32
7,026,850	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the ye	ar _	6,322,473	13,358,7
\$ 6,322,473	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the ye	ar 10	\$ 4,094,336	\$ 12,447,44

The GST (net) component of operating activities reflects the net GST paid and received with the Inland Revenue Department. The GST (net) component has been presented on a net basis, as the gross amounts do not provide meaningful information for financial statement purposes.

During the period, the Council acquired PPE (office equipment) totalling \$0 (202: \$0) by means of finance leases. <u>10</u> & <u>29</u> refer to Note 10 & Note 29

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Accounting Policies for the year ended 30 June 2023

Reporting Entity

The Council is a Territorial Authority governed by the Local Government Act 2002 (LGA). The council was constituted on 1 November 1989 pursuant to the Local Government (Wellington Region) Reorganisation Order 1989. The Council consists of a single operating entity with no subsidiaries or associates, which provides local infrastructure, local public services, and performs regulatory functions for the community. The Council's primary objective is to provide goods and services for the community or social benefit, rather than making a financial return. Accordingly, the Council has designated itself as a public benefit entity (PBE) for financial reporting purposes.

The financial statements of the council are for the year ended 30 June 2023. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Council on XX November 2023.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and the accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Council have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the LGA Part 6, Section 98 and Part 3 of Schedule 10, and the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014 (LG(FRP)R), which includes the requirements to comply with New Zealand generally accepted accounting practice (NZ GAAP). These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with, and comply with, Tier 1 PBE Accounting Standards. These standards are based on International Public Sector Accounting Standards for the New Zealand environment.

Measurement Base

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, modified by the revaluation of land and buildings, infrastructural assets, investment property, forestry assets, library books and certain financial instruments (including derivative instruments). The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Council is New Zealand dollars. The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars and are rounded to the nearest dollar. Some Note disclosures use values rounded to the nearest thousands (\$000s).

New Amendment Applied - PBE IPSAS 2 Statement of Cash Flows

An amendment to PBE IPSAS 2 Statement of Cash Flows requires entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. No new information has been required by this amendment as the council does not have finance leases, a reconciliation has been provided for secured borrowings and the non-cash movement for accrued interest is trivial.

New Standards Issued and Effective

Financial Instruments PBE IPSAS 41

In March 2019, the External Reporting Board (XRB) issued PBE IPSAS 41 Financial Instruments, which supersedes both PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. It is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The council has applied this standard





in preparing its 30 June 2023 financial statements. In accordance with the transitional provisions in PBE PSAS 41, the Council have elected not to restate comparative information. The comparative information continues to be reported under PBE IPSAS 29.

The main changes between PBE IPSAS 29 and PBE IPSAS 41 are:

- New financial asset classification requirements for determining whether an asset is measured at fair value or amortised.
- A new impairment model for financial assets based on expected losses, which may result in the earlier recognition of impairment losses.
- Revised hedge accounting requirements to better reflect the management of risks.

PBE FRS 48 Service Performance Reporting

PBE FRS 48 replaces the service performance reporting requirements of PBE IPSAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and is effective for the year ending 30 June 2023.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no other changes in accounting policies during the financial year as a consequence of changes in accounting standards.





SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Goods and Services Tax

Items in the financial statements are stated exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are presented on a GST inclusive basis. Where GST is not recoverable as input tax, it is recognised as part of the related asset or expense. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the IRD is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. The net GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as an operating cash flow in the statement of cashflows. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

Budget Figures

The budget figures are those approved by the Council in its 2022-23 Annual Plan. The budget figures have been prepared in accordance with NZ GAAP, using accounting policies that are consistent with those adopted by the council in preparing these financial statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, estimates and assumptions have been made concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the actual results. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The significant estimates and assumptions that have the greatest risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

- Estimating the fair value of land, buildings and infrastructural assets see Note 12
- Estimating the retirement gratuity obligations see Note 21
- Estimating the landfill closure and aftercare provision see Note 23

Critical judgements exercised by management in applying accounting policies:

- Classification of investment property Note 16
- Infrastructural assets there are a number of estimates and assumptions exercised when valuing infrastructural assets using the depreciated replacement cost method. These include:
 - Estimating any obsolescence or surplus capacity of the asset.
 - Estimating the replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost is derived from recent construction contracts in the region for similar assets.
 - Estimates of the remaining useful life over which the asset will be depreciated. These estimates can be affected by the local conditions. For example, weather patterns and traffic growth. If useful lives do not reflect the actual consumption of the benefits of the asset, then the council could be over- or under-estimating the annual depreciation charge recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense. To minimise this risk, infrastructural asset lives have been determined with reference to the NZ Infrastructural Asset Valuation and Depreciation Guidelines published by the National Asset Management Steering Group and have been adjusted for local conditions based on past experience. Asset inspections, deterioration and asset condition-modelling are also carried out regularly as part of asset management planning activities, which provides further assurance over useful life estimates.
- Classification of Property
 - The council owns a number of properties, which are maintained primarily to provide housing to pensioners. The receipt of market-based rental from these properties is incidental to holding these properties. These





properties are held for service delivery objectives as part of the council's senior housing policy. These properties are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

- The Council previously had partly-occupied land and buildings in its ownership that had been occupied by the Masterton Borough Council depot and gasworks. This land had been identified by the council as surplus to requirements, but site contamination issues and previous ownership issues meant it could not be regarded as a 'property intended for sale'. During the 2022/23 year the Council has sold the property.
- Urban Wastewater Resource Consent and Treatment Plant Upgrade
 - The Council has worked through the process of renewing its resource consent for its wastewater treatment and disposal facility and constructed a new plant between 2010 and 2015. Over the previous 14 years, costs relating to the options analysis, consultation, concept design and resource consent application process, have been capitalised as intangible assets – recognising the one-off costs of gaining the consent. In December 2009 the Council was granted a consent, based on a proposed scheme, for 25 years. The capitalised costs of the consent have been assumed to be written off over the 25-year life of the consent.
- Judgement relating to Water Services Reform Programme
- Following the announcement by the Local Government Minister on 27 October 2021 regarding central government proceeding with the three waters service delivery reforms using a legislated "all in" approach, Council continues to recognise its three waters assets at 30 June 2023 in accordance the accounting policies set out below. There has been no adjustment in these financial statements to reflect the expected future transfer of assets and debt to a new water entity. It is expected central government will continue to develop details around the mechanism and timing for the transfer. As further details are established this may require adjustments to Council's three water assets either in respect of disclosure or measurement.

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. The specific accounting policies for significant revenue items are explained below.

Rates Revenue

Rates are set annually by resolution and according to the processes required under the LGA and the LG (Rating) Act 2002 and they relate to a financial year. All ratepayers are invoiced within the financial year to which the rates have been set.

Rates revenue is recognised when payable. Rates arising from late payment penalties are recognised as revenue when rates become overdue. Rates remissions are recognised as a reduction of rates revenue when the council applies the remission to the rates accounts of those properties which qualify for the remissions, as per the remissions policy.

Rates collected on behalf of the Greater Wellington Regional Council (GWRC) are not recognised in the financial statements, as the council is acting as an agent for GWRC.

Other Revenue

Most water billing revenue is recognised on an accrual basis. Some revenue from low-use metered properties is recorded in the month invoiced. Parking and dog control infringements are recognised when infringement notices are issued.

The council receives government grants from the New Zealand Transport Agency, which subsidises part of the council's costs in maintaining the local roading infrastructure. The subsidies are recognised as revenue upon entitlement as conditions pertaining to eligible expenditure have been fulfilled.





Other grants are recognised as revenue when they become receivable, unless there is an obligation in substance to return the funds if conditions of the grant are not met. If there is such an obligation, the grants are initially recorded as grants received in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions of the grant are satisfied.

Revenue from the providing of services (e.g. building consent fees) is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at balance date, based on the actual service provided as a percentage of the total services to be provided. Sales of goods and services (e.g. transfer station fees) are recognised when a product or service is sold to the customer. Sales are usually in cash or by credit account.

Where a physical asset is acquired for nil or nominal consideration, the fair value of the asset received is recognised as revenue. Assets vested in the council are recognised as revenue when control over the asset is obtained.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method. Dividends are recognised when the right to receive payment has been established.

Donated and bequeathed financial assets are recognised as revenue unless there are substantive use or return conditions. A liability is recorded if there are substantive use or return conditions and the liability released to revenue as the conditions are met (e.g. as the funds are spent for the nominated purpose).

For Financial Contributions, the revenue recognition point is at the latter of the point when the council is ready to provide the service for which the contribution was levied, or the event that will give rise to a requirement for a development or financial contribution under the legislation or Council's operative District Plan. Financial contributions revenue is shown separately on the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. Those contributions that are required as a nominal contribution towards specific future work are recognised as revenue and held as part of special funds (equity).

Classification of Revenue

Revenue may be derived from either exchange or non-exchange transactions. Assets and revenues arising from exchange and non-exchange transactions are recognised in accordance with the requirements of PBE IPSAS 23 while revenue from exchange transactions in accordance with PBE IPSAS 9.

Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions arises where the council provides goods or services to another entity or individual and directly receives approximately equal value in a willing arm's length transaction (primarily in the form of cash in exchange).

Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transaction arises when the council receives value from another party without giving approximately equal value directly in exchange for the value received.

Approximately Equal Value

Approximately equal value is considered to reflect a fair or market value, which is normally commensurate with an arm's length commercial transaction between a willing buyer and willing seller. Some goods or services that Council provides (e.g. the sale of goods at market rates) are defined as being exchange transactions. Only a few services provided by the council operate on a full user-pays, cost-recovery or breakeven basis and these are considered to be exchange transactions unless they are provided at less than active and open market prices. Most of the services that the council provides for a fee are subsidised by rates and therefore do not constitute an approximately equal exchange. Accordingly, most of the council's revenue is categorised as non-exchange. Due to the volume of transactions, classifying revenue as exchange or non-exchange is on a broad category basis where the deciding factor is the nature of the main proportion of transactions within any revenue stream.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.





Grant Expenditure

Non-discretionary grants are those grants that are awarded if the grant application meets the specified criteria and are recognised as expenditure when an application that meets the specified criteria for the grant has been received. Discretionary grants are those grants where the Council has no obligation to award on receipt of the grant application and are recognised as expenditure when a successful applicant has been notified of the council's decision.

Income Tax

Income tax expense in relation to the surplus or deficit for the period comprises current tax and deferred tax. Generally, the council's structure and activities mean no income tax is applicable.

Finance Leases

A finance lease is a lease that transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. Currently the Council has no Finance Leases. If we did, the accounting treatment is as follows.

At the commencement of the lease term, the council recognises finance leases as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased item or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no certainty as to whether the council will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Operating Leases

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts (if any) are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

Debtors and Other Receivables

Debtors and other receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Loans, including loans to community organisations made by the council at nil, or below market interest rates are initially recognised at the present value of their expected future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar asset/investment.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The difference between the face value and present value of expected future cash flows of the loan is recognised in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense as a grant. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the effective interest method.

Inventories

Inventories (such as spare parts and other items) held for distribution or consumption in the provision of services that are not supplied on a commercial basis are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. The cost of purchased inventory is determined using the FIFO method.



Inventories acquired through non-exchange transactions are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition.

The write down from cost to current replacement cost or net realisable value is recognised in the surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Financial Assets

The council classifies its financial assets into one of the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs unless they are carried at fair value through surplus or deficit in which case the transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the council has transferred substantially, all the risks and rewards of ownership. The fair value of financial instruments, whether traded in active markets or not, is based on a market price valuation supplied by an investment advisor.

The four categories of financial assets are defined below.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Surplus or Deficit

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months of the balance sheet date. After initial recognition they are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses on re-measurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. Financial assets in this category include the investment funds managed by ANZ Investments Ltd.

Loans and Receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included as current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date, which are included in non-current assets. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment.

Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the surplus or deficit. There are no loans to community organisations made at nil or below market interest rates. Loans and receivables are classified as "debtors and other receivables" in the Statement of Financial Position.

Held to Maturity Investments

These are assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the council has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Revenue

These are those that are not classified in any of the other categories above. They are included in non-current assets unless council intends to dispose of the share investment within 12 months of balance date or if the debt instrument is not expected to be realised within 12 months of balance date. This category encompasses: investments that the council intends to hold long-term, but which may be realised before maturity; and shareholdings that the council holds for strategic purposes. After initial recognition these investments are measured at their fair value.

Gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive revenue except for impairment losses, which are recognised in the surplus or deficit. In the event of impairment, any cumulative losses previously recognised in equity will be removed from equity and recognised in the surplus or deficit even though the asset has not been de-recognised. On de-recognition the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive revenue is re-classified from equity to surplus or deficit.

Impairment of Financial Assets

At each balance sheet date, the council assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Any impairment losses are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Carbon Credits

The Council has classified carbon credits as financial assets. Purchased carbon credits are recognised at cost on acquisition and revalued annually. Free carbon credits received from the Crown are recognised at fair value on receipt. They are not amortised but are instead tested for impairment annually. They are derecognised when they are used to satisfy carbon emission obligations. Their value is based on the carbon price and the change in value is recognised through the surplus or deficit.

Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments

The Council uses derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps) to manage exposure to interest rate risks arising from interest rate fluctuations. In accordance with its treasury policy, the council does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at each balance date. The associated gains or losses on derivatives are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Non-Current Assets held for Sale

Non-current assets held for sale are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction, not through continuing use. Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Any impairment losses for write-downs of noncurrent assets held for sale are recognised in the surplus or deficit. Any increases in fair value (less costs to sell) are recognised up to the level of any impairment losses that have been previously recognised.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of:

• Operational assets - these include land, buildings, landfill post closure, library books, plant and equipment, and motor vehicles.



- Restricted assets parks and reserves owned by which provide a benefit or service to the community and cannot be disposed of because of legal or other restrictions.
- Infrastructure assets the fixed utility systems owned by the council. Each asset class includes all items that are required for the network to function, for example sewer reticulation includes reticulation piping, manholes, sewer pump stations and a portion of the laterals to private properties.

Property, plant and equipment is shown at cost or valuation, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Additions

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

In most instances, an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised at its cost. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. Gains and losses on disposals are included in the surplus or deficit. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in asset revaluation reserves in respect of those assets are transferred to retained earnings.

Subsequent Costs

Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis on all property, plant and equipment other than land, at rates that will write off the cost (or valuation) of the assets to their estimated residual values over their useful lives. The useful lives and associated depreciation rates of major classes of assets have been estimated as follows:

Buildings - component lives range from	5 to 100 years	1% - 20 %
Plant and equipment	7-20 years	5%-14%
Intangibles - software	4 years	25%
Motor vehicles	6.67 years	15%
Office equipment, office furniture	4 to 10 years	10% to 25%
Library books	3 to 4 years	25% to 33.3%
Infrastructural assets		
Roading network		
Formation (not depreciated)		
Top surface (seal) 2nd coat/1st coat	17 and 80 years	5.9% and 1.25%
Road metal (unsealed)	3 years	33%



Buildings - component lives range from	5 to 100 years	1% - 20 %
Pavement (base course) 50 per cent depreciated	80 years	1.25%
Pavement (sub base) 15 per cent depreciated	80 years	1.25%
Pipe culverts	90 years	1.1%
Footpaths(basecourse)40 per cent depreciated	50 years	2%
Footpaths (seal) chip/AC/concrete	15/18/50 years	6.67%, 5.55% and $2%$
Kerb and Channel	80 years	1.25%
Signs	12 years	8.33%
Road markings	1 year	100%
Streetlights (lamps, fittings and poles)	5/15/60 years	20%, 6.67% and 1.67%
Bridges	65 to 100 years	1% to 1.54%
Other structures	50 years	2%
Water system		
Treatment plant	10 to 100 years	1% to 10%
Pipes	73 to 100 years	1.0 % to 1.37 %
Valves, hydrants, connections	50 years	2 %
Reservoirs and tanks	50 and 80 years	1.25 % and 2 %
Sewerage System		
Pipes	64 to 85 years	1.18 % to 1.56 %
Manholes	75 years	1.33 %
Treatment plant	10 to 80 years	1.25 % to 10 %
Drainage network		
Pipes	80 to 90 years	1.1 % to 1.25 %
Stopbanks	300 years	0.33%
Seawall and river weirs	100 years	1%
Airport runway		
Pavement and seal	80 years and 17 years	1.25 % and 5.88 %

The residual value and useful life of an asset is reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each revaluation, which are carried out every three years.





Revaluation

Those asset classes that are revalued are valued on a three yearly valuation cycle on the basis described below. All other asset classes are carried at depreciated historical cost. The carrying values of revalued items are reviewed at each balance date to ensure that those values are not materially different to fair value.

Operational Land and Buildings

Valued at fair value as determined from market-based evidence by an independent valuer. The most recent valuation was performed by Jones Lang LaSalle Ltd, and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2021. A fair value assessment has been undertaken by the same valuer as at 30 June 2023 and not adjustment to the 2021 fair values has been considered necessary.

Restricted Land and Buildings

Some land owned by the council has reserve status while other land has obligations to prior owners if sold. Reserve status can be revoked and land with prior obligations is not of any significant value. On that basis the council has not identified any of its land and buildings assets as restricted.

Infrastructural Asset Classes: Roads, Water Systems, Sewerage Systems and Stormwater Systems

Valued at fair value determined on a depreciated replacement cost basis by an independent valuer.

At balance date, the council assesses the carrying values of its infrastructural assets to ensure that they do not differ materially from the assets' fair values. If there is a material difference, then the off-cycle asset classes are revalued. A valuation was performed by WSP New Zealand Limited with an effective date of 30 June 2020. A fair value assessment was been provided by the same valuer, effective 30 June 2022 where they applied an indexing approach. A full revaluation has been calculated and applied as at 30 June 2023, again by WSP New Zealand Limited. Other asset classes carried at valuation were revalued as below.

Land under Roads

Land under roads was valued based on fair value of adjacent land determined by Opus International Consultants Ltd, effective 30 June 2003. Under the previous NZ IFRS the council has elected to use the fair value of land under roads as at 30 June 2003 as deemed cost. Land under roads is no longer revalued.

Library Collections

At depreciated replacement cost in accordance with the guidelines released by the New Zealand Library Association and the National Library of NZ in May 2002. Library valuations are performed by the Library Manager and are not subject to an independent review because books are purchased at current market prices and these are used to determine fair value. The last valuation was performed in June 2023.

Accounting for Revaluations

The council accounts for revaluations of property, plant and equipment on a class of asset basis. The results of revaluing are credited or debited to an asset revaluation reserve for that class of asset in other comprehensive revenue. Where this results in a debit balance in the asset revaluation reserve, this balance is expensed in the surplus or deficit. Any subsequent increase on revaluation that off-sets a previous decrease in value recognised in the surplus or deficit, will be recognised first in the surplus or deficit up to the amount previously expensed, and then credited to the revaluation reserve for that class of asset.

Intangible Assets

Software Acquisition and Development

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised as intangible assets on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and use the specific software. Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense when incurred. The council has not incurred any costs that are directly associated with the in-house development of software for use by the council only. Software assets are depreciated, straight line, over four years.





Resource Consents

The Council holds resource consents for many of its activities. Where the consent has a life beyond one year and the costs of obtaining the consents have been identified separately from the asset, the value of the consent is treated as an intangible asset and is amortised over its useful life. Costs associated with gaining a consent are included with the consent value e.g. engineering investigations, assessment of environmental effects, legal review, consent processing charges, hearings and appeals. The period over which the consent value is amortised over (straight line) is based on the life of the consent as granted by the Greater Wellington Regional Council (e.g. wastewater plant consent was granted is for 25 years).

Easements

While the Council holds easements for only some of its assets, no comprehensive register is kept, no historical cost information is available, and no attempt has been made to place a value on the easements held. Because easements have an indefinite useful life and are not generally amortised, the lack of recognition of the value does not significantly affect the financial results of the council.

Forestry Assets

Forestry assets are independently revalued annually. The 30 June 2023 valuation has been performed by Jack Palmer of Forme Consulting Group Ltd, at fair value less estimated point of sale costs. The valuation has been peer reviewed. Fair value is determined based on the present value of expected net cash flows discounted at a current market determined pre-tax rate.

Gains or losses arising on initial recognition of biological assets at fair value less estimated point of sale costs and from a change in fair value less estimated point of sale costs are recognised in the surplus or deficit. The costs to maintain the forestry assets are included in the surplus or deficit.

Investment Property

From time to time the Council has held a small number of investment properties for strategic purposes that have been valued at fair value as determined annually by an independent valuer. Gains or losses arising from a change in the fair value of investment property are recognised in the surplus or deficit. There are properties, not defined as investment properties, where rental returns are earned. These properties which are leased to third parties under operating leases, are owned primarily to meet service delivery objectives. Council currently holds no properties for investment.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is depreciated replacement cost for an asset where the future economic benefits or service potential of the asset are not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and where the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits or service potential.

Cash-generating assets are those assets that are held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The value in use for cash-generating assets is the present value of expected future cash flows. If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. For revalued assets the impairment loss is recognised against the revaluation reserve for that class of asset. Where that results in a debit balance in the revaluation reserve, the balance is recognised in the surplus or deficit.





Non-cash-generating assets are those assets that are not held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

For non-cash generating assets, value is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

For assets not carried at a revalued amount, the total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset is credited to the revaluation reserve. However, to the extent that an impairment loss for that class of asset was previously recognised in the surplus or deficit, a reversal of the impairment loss is also recognised in the surplus or deficit.

For assets not carried at a revalued amount (other than goodwill) the reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Employee Entitlements

Short-term Employee Entitlements

Employee benefits that the Council expects to be settled within 12 months of balance date are measured at nominal values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to, but not yet taken at balance date, alternative leave owing but not taken for working on statutory holidays, and retiring gratuity entitlements expected to be settled within 12 months.

The Council recognises a liability for sick leave to the extent that absences in the coming year are expected to be greater than the sick leave entitlements earned in the coming year. The amount is calculated based on the unused sick leave entitlement that can be carried forward at balance date, to the extent that the council anticipates it will be used by a portion of staff to cover those future absences.

The Council recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Long-term Employee Entitlements

Retirement leave entitlements that are payable beyond 12 months, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on: likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement and contractual entitlements information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. A discount rate of 5.37 per cent, and an inflation factor of 2 per cent were used. The discount rate is based on the rate we apply to our internal loans which is halfway between investment funds and cost of loan funds. The inflation factor is based on the expected long-term increase in remuneration for employees.

Superannuation Schemes

Defined contribution schemes: obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation schemes are recognised as an expense in the surplus or deficits incurred.

Provisions

The Council recognises a provision for future expenditure of uncertain amount or timing when there is a present obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that expenditures will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.



Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as an interest expense.

Financial Guarantee Contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the council to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are initially recognised at fair value. If a financial guarantee contract was issued in a stand-alone arm's length transaction to an unrelated party, its fair value at inception is equal to the consideration received. When no consideration is received, a provision is recognised based on the probability the council will be required to reimburse a holder for a loss incurred, discounted to present value. The portion of the guarantee that remains unrecognised prior to discounting to fair value is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Financial guarantees are subsequently measured at the initial recognition amount less any amortisation, however if the council assesses that it is probable that expenditure will be required to settle a guarantee, then the provision for the guarantee is measured at the present value of the future expenditure.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date or if the borrowings are not expected to be settled within 12 months.

Equity

Equity is the community's interest in the council and is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Equity is disaggregated and classified into a number of reserves. The components of equity are:

- Retained earnings
- Special funds and restricted reserves
- Asset revaluation reserves.

Special Funds and Restricted Reserves

These are a component of equity representing a particular use to which various parts of equity have been assigned. Reserves may be legally restricted or created by the council for a designated purpose.

Restricted reserves are those subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by the council and which may not be revised by the council without reference to the Courts or a third party. Transfers from these reserves may be made only for certain specified purposes or when certain specified conditions are met.

Also included in this category are reserves restricted by Council decision. The council may alter them without reference to any third party or the Courts. Transfers to and from these reserves are at the discretion of the Council.

The Council's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital are described in Note 27.

Property Revaluation Reserves

These reserves relate to the revaluation of property, plant and equipment to fair value.





Cost Allocation

The Council has derived the cost of service for each significant activity of the council using the cost allocation system outlined below:

- Direct costs are those costs directly attributable to an activity. Indirect costs are those costs, which cannot be identified in an economically feasible manner, with a specific significant activity.
- Direct costs are charged directly to significant activities.
- Indirect costs are charged to significant activities using an allocation model that utilises cost drivers such as actual usage of support services, staff numbers and rates funding required.





NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Notes to the Acco				Note 1
F	RATES REQUIREMENT SUMMARY			
2021/22		2022/23	2022/23	
Actual		Actual	Budget	Variance
	Groups & Activities			
\$	Roading	\$	\$	\$
6,356,206	Subsidised Roading	6,194,503	6,410,574	216,071
1,352,454	Non-subsidised Roading Water Services	1,455,572	1,398,301	(57,270)
3,600,598	Urban Water Supply	4,414,940	4,209,309	(205,631)
116,835	Rural Water Supplies & Races	228,996	137,330	(91,665)
	Wastewater Services			(,,
6,555,873	Wastewater Services - Urban	7,465,352	6,910,237	(555,115)
362,163	Wastewater Services - Rural*	433,362	398,741	(34,621)
	Stormwater Services			
717,156	Urban Stormwater System	916,192	842,041	(74,151)
	Solid Waste Services			
544,131	Solid Waste Services	190,194	99,684	(90,510)
424,321	Waste Minimisation Services	1,017,568	1,185,050	167,482
2 2 6 6 2 2 4	Community Facilities/Activities	2 4 2 4 1 7 2	0.505.004	
3,266,321	Parks, Reserves & Sportsfields	3,181,478	3,525,831	344,353
1,268,894	Trust House Recreation Centre	1,382,927	1,432,480	49,553
155,771	Cemeteries	185,342	195,827	10,485
2,350,666	Library & Archive	2,625,937	2,630,882	4,944
1,613,750	Property	1,706,395	1,705,521	(874)
319,021	Airport	380,951	327,891	(53,060)
122,740	Mawley Park	103,390	163,894	60,503
	Regulatory Services			
1,050,204	Resource Management & Planning	1,116,349	1,170,205	53,856
573,950	Environmental Services	585,661	648,301	62,640
615,961	Building Development	731,322	768,052	36,730
4,411	Parking Services	19,499	3,321	(16,178)
117,797	Animal Services	171,468	134,926	(36,542)
219,000	Emergency Management	225,983	272,944	46,961
215,000	Leadership, Strategy & Corporate Services	223,505	272,544	40,501
749,951	Representation	773,975	819,961	45,986
0	Internal Functions (net)	0	(\$0)	(0)
1,161,910	Community Development	1,056,729	1,101,370	44,641
547,485	Arts and Culture	556,214	564,992	8,777
975,834	Economic Development	1,017,997	1,015,400	(2,597)
314,424	Environmental Initiatives	352,968	368,158	15,190
35,457,831	Total Rates Requirement	38,491,263	38,441,221	(50,042)
	Rates Revenue			
35,342,568	Masterton District rates levied	38,337,649	38,330,774	6,875
50,303	Rural Wastewater capital contributions*	50,303	50,446	(143)
605,658	Rates penalties	712,379	225,000	487,379
(526,509)	Rates remissions	(604,291)	(165,000)	(439,291)
35,472,020	Rates Revenue (incl Council properties)	38,496,041	38,441,221	54,820
14,189	Net Rates Surplus/(Deficit)	4,778	(0)	4,778

*Rural wastewater net cost is offset by capital contributions.

The figures above represent the net requirement for rates funding for each significant activity of the Council. The figures include capital expenditure from rates, transfers to & from reserves & loan principal repayments funded from rates. Depreciation not funded into asset replacement reserves is reversed before arriving at the net figures.



es to the Accounts			Note 2
SUMMARY REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR	GROUPS OF ACTIV	ITIES	
	\$ Actual	\$ Budget	\$ Last Yea
	2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Revenue			
Roading	21,269,415	13,030,841	9,811,634
Water Services	1,629,438	650,678	3,005,437
Wastewater Services	2,630,455	653,148	2,176,085
Stormwater Services	1,424,475	-	577,345
Solid Waste Services	4,247,893	4,451,400	4,086,228
Community Facilities/Activities	3,073,728	5,937,649	4,416,061
Regulatory Services	5,756,545	4,678,774	5,129,064
Leadership, Strategy & Corporate Services	11,530,877	11,050,835	10,304,815
Total activity revenue	51,562,825	40,453,326	39,506,668
plus other gains	1,011,545	4,368,960	4,576,128
Less internal revenue	(10,436,339)	(11,471,316)	(10,436,130
Rates revenue	37,803,408	37,729,720	34,826,775
Total revenue	\$79,941,438	\$71,080,690	\$68,473,441
Expenses			
Roading	21,602,892	15,145,302	14,803,325
Water Services	5,873,010	4,954,481	5,041,929
Wastewater Services	8,268,207	7,060,746	7,463,385
Stormwater Services	1,428,618	880,158	1,110,723
Solid Waste Services	5,324,949	5,630,427	5,053,885
Community Facilities/Activities	12,724,175	13,017,130	12,145,937
Regulatory Services	6,444,071	6,952,361	6,558,083
Leadership, Strategy & Corporate Services	16,222,496	16,638,102	14,577,060
Total activity expenses	77,888,419	70,278,707	66,754,328
plus other losses	2,622,527	-	2,884,021
Less internal expenses	(11,128,972)	(12,182,816)	(11,081,375
Total expenses	\$69,381,973	\$58,095,891	\$58,556,974





otes to the Accounts					Note 3
RATES REVENUE		Notes	\$	\$	\$
excluding m	etered water supply rates		Actual	Budget	Last Year
			2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Gross MstnDC Rates Re	evenue		38,337,649	38,330,774	35,342,56
made up of the	following (all rates are targeted)			
Land Value	rates for Roading (urban & rural,)	5,874,281	5,884,977	5,544,32
Uniform Ch	arges for Roading (urban & rural)	1,910,044	1,911,710	1,782,94
Capital Val	ue rates (urban & rural)		12,944,297	12,948,957	11,894,99
Capital Val	ue Water & Wastewater rates (ur	rban)	8,308,302	8,303,059	7,576,32
Uniform Ch	arges Water & Wastewater (urbo	an)	2,813,441	2,785,007	2,559,10
Uniform Ch	arges (targeted between urban &	& rural)	5,226,377	5,231,028	4,895,53
Uniform Ch	arges Recycling (urban & beach)		853,188	848,949	715,85
Uniform Ch	arges Rural water & wastewater	schemes	407,719	417,088	373,47
less Rates lev	vied on Council properties		(692,633)	(711,500)	(645,24
plus Rates Pe			712,379	225,000	605,65
less Rates Re	missions	<u>30</u>	(604,291)	(165,000)	(526,50
		—	37,753,105	37,679,274	34,776,47
Rural Wast	ewater capital contributions		50,303	50,446	50,30
	Total Rev	venue From Rates	37,803,408	\$37,729,720	\$34,826,77

Notes to the Accounts		The second se	Note 4
	Actual	Budget	Last Year
		Ū	
SUBSIDIES AND GRANTS	2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Roading subsidies Waka Kotahi	17,549,755	10,434,841	7,496,860
Other Government grants	3,033,613	3,871,037	5,717,724
Other grants	53,981	45,150	600,649
Total Subsidies and Grants	\$20,637,349	\$14,351,028	\$13,815,233
OTHER REVENUE			
Regulatory fee revenue	2,751,280	2,881,761	2,761,384
Rental revenue	1,048,042	1,060,128	1,044,761
Solid waste user charges	3,825,957	4,032,400	3,738,357
Other user charges and recoveries	2,029,603	1,758,821	2,005,926
Metered water & wastewater, incl Waingawa area	401,232	381,594	357,115
Infringements and fines	154,104	127,530	152,406
Local authority petrol tax	147,346	200,000	186,664
Sub total	10,357,563	10,442,234	10,246,612
Revenue recognised from vested assets	5,440,267	-	1,723,633
Total Other Revenue	\$15,797,830	\$10,442,234	\$11,970,246
There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attach	ed to governmen	t grants recognis	ed.
Annual Rates Revenue - per LGFA Guarantee and Indemnity Deed		Actual	Last Year
Rates revenue per Note 3 (includes rural wastewater capital con	tributions)	37,803,408	34,826,775
Targeted water supply rates (metered water)		301,012	271,218
Rates levied in Carterton District for wastewater		100,220	85,897
		\$38,204,639	\$35,183,890





	Accounts			Note 4a
OTHER GAI	NS/(LOSSES)	\$ Actual 2022/23	\$ Budget 2022/23	\$ Last Year 2021/22
Gains	Forestry asset revaluation gain	90,879	25,162	-
	Property, plant and equipment gains on disposal	158,197	4,333,300	-
	Library books revaluation gain	18,304	10,498	-
	Total non-financial instrument gains	267,380	4,368,960	-
Gain c	n valuation of financial assets (fair value via surplus/deficit)	-	-	-
	Gain on mark-to-market valuation of cash flow hedges *	744,165	-	4,410,378
	Carbon credits of forestry - revaluation gain	-	-	165,750
	Total Gains	1,011,545	4,368,960	4,576,128
Losses	Property, plant and equipment losses on disposal	(2,265,700)	-	(1,753,405
	Library books revaluation loss		-	(21,487
	Forestry asset revaluation loss		-	(151,985
	Total non-financial instrument losses	(2,265,700)	-	(1,926,877
Loss c	n valuation of financial assets (fair value via surplus/deficit)	(178,582)	-	(957,144
	Loss on mark-to-market valuation of cash flow hedges *	-	-	-
	Carbon credits of forestry - revaluation loss	(178,245)	-	-
	Total Losses	(2,622,527)	-	(2,884,021





tes to the Accounts			Note 4b
REVENUE ANALYSIS - Exchange & Non-exchange	\$ Actual	\$ Budget	\$ Last Year
Exchange Revenue	2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Finance revenue	1,027,397	357,250	418,159
Rental revenue	1,048,042	1,060,128	1,044,76
Solid waste user charges	3,825,957	4,032,400	3,738,35
Other user charges and recoveries	2,029,603	1,758,821	2,005,92
Metered water & sewer rates charged in CDC area	401,232	381,594	357,11
Total Exchange Revenue	\$8,332,231	\$7,590,193	7,564,31
Non-Exchange Revenue			
Rates revenue	37,803,408	37,729,720	34,826,77
Financial contributions	3,663,910	3,831,498	2,866,90
Subsidies and grants	20,637,349	14,351,028	13,815,23
Regulatory fee revenue	2,751,280	2,881,761	2,761,38
Infringements and fines	154,104	127,530	152,40
Local authority petrol tax	147,346	200,000	186,66
Assets vested from developments/subdivisions	5,440,267	-	1,723,63
Other gains	1,011,545	4,368,960	4,576,12
Total Non-Exchange Revenue	\$71,609,207	\$63,490,497	\$60,909,12
Total Revenue	\$79,941,438	\$71,080,690	\$68,473,44
Explanation of the Analysis			
Revenue may be derived from either exchange or non-exchange transa	ctions.		
Revenue from exchange transactions			

This revenue arises where the Council provides goods or services to another entity or individual and directly receives approximately equal value in a willing arm's length transaction (primarily in the form of cash in exchange). Revenue from non-exchange transactions

This revenue arises when the Council receives value from another party without giving approximately equal value directly in exchange for the value received.

Approximately equal value

Approximately equal value is considered to reflect a fair or market value, which is normally commensurate with an arms length commercial transaction between a willing buyer and willing seller. Some goods or services that Council provides (e.g. the sale of goods at market rates) are defined as being exchange transactions. Only a few services provided by Council operate on a full user pays, cost recovery or breakeven basis and these are considered to be exchange transactions unless they are provided at less than active and open market prices. Most of the services that Council provides for a fee are subsidised by rates and therefore do not constitute an approximately equal exchange. Accordingly most are non-exchange. **Broad category basis**

Due to the volume of transactions, classifying revenue as exchange or non-exchange is on a broad category basis where the deciding factor is the nature of the main proportion of transactions within any revenue stream.

Notes to the Accounts				Note 5
FINANCE REVENUE & FI	NANCE COSTS	\$	\$	\$
Finance revenue		Actual	Budget	Last Year
Interest Revenue on	:	2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
 financial assets he 	eld/invested by Council	621,418	157,250	258,524
 financial assets in 	vested from funds borrowed in advance	160,761	-	29,611
 financial assets m 	anaged by ANZ Investments Ltd	245,218	200,000	130,024
Total fin	ance revenue	1,027,397	357,250	418,159
Finance costs				
Interest expense:	 on bank borrowings 	34,181	34,000	33,647
	- on LGFA bonds	2,257,876	1,669,613	1,835,231
	- on loan funds borrowed in advance	238,159	-	29,611
Discount unwind on	provisions (Note 23)	7,895	5,000	5,559
Total fina	ance costs	2,538,112	1,708,613	1,904,048
	Net Finance Costs/(Revenue)	\$1,510,714	\$1,351,363	\$1,485,889





otes to the Accounts				Note 6
ERSONNEL COSTS		Actual	Budget	Last Year
		2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Salaries & wages	-	11,710,860	12,584,122	11,000,030
Mayor & Councillors' honorariu	ums	580,480	584,550	528,278
Medical insurance (incl FBT)		378,616	416,288	333,866
Superannuation - employer co	ntributions	493,422	541,144	452,256
Income Protection Insurance		-	-	14,309
Incr/(Decr) in employee benefi	ts liability	52,320	-	(17,563
	Total Personnel costs	\$13,215,698	\$14,126,104	\$12,311,176
otes to the Accounts			Г	Note 7
OTHER EXPENSES		Actual	Budget	Last Year
		2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Fees to principal auditor:	- for annual report	179,543	130,935	127,566
	- for debenture trust deed	4,750	4,000	4,000
	 for LTP (amendment) audit 	0	0	17,250
Donations		1,240	9,000	1,800
Grants - funding community de	evelopment	913,645	4,610,700	411,05
Grants - funding arts & culture		422,895	460,276	397,77
Grants - funding economic dev	elopment	835,763	528,000	440,28
Grants - other		84,263	89,077	32,13
ACC levies		24,189	37,296	24,56
Inventories (change in value - i	ncrease in stock value held			
results in reduced expenses)		179,002	-	(601,307
Impairment of receivables		5,532	1,533	(6,671
Election costs		140,459	131,000	21,14
Civic entertainment costs		2,775	6,090	2,75
Ceremonies & presentations		4,301	11,142	21
Other operating expenses		30,981,583	20,275,292	26,057,94
	Total other expenses	\$33,779,940	\$26,294,341	\$26,930,509

Notes to the Accounts			Note 7a
COST OF SERVICE STMT RECONCILIATION		Actual	Budget
Revenue		2022/23	2022/23
Financial Contributions	-	3,663,910	3,831,498
Subsidies and grants (per Note 4)		20,637,349	14,351,028
Other Revenue (per Note 4)		15,797,830	10,442,234
Finance Revenue (per Note 5)		1,027,397	357,250
Total Operating Revenue	*1	41,126,486	28,982,010
Expenditure	-		
Personnel Costs (per Note 6)		13,215,698	14,126,104
Other Expenses (per Note 7)		33,779,940	26,294,341
Finance Costs (per Note 5)		2,538,112	1,708,613
Depreciation (per Notes 12,13,14)	_	17,225,696	15,966,833
Total Operating Expenditure	*2	\$66,759,446	\$58,095,891
Add back MstnDC rates on Council properties	_	692,633	711,500
	Net Operating Cost	\$26,325,594	\$29,825,381

*1 Revenue reconciles to Total revenue in note 2 less rates revenue and other gains

*2 Expenditure reconciles to Total expenditure in Note 2 less other losses





tes to the Accounts		1
/ENTORIES		
\$		\$
30 June 2022		30 June 2023
Held	for distribution inventory:	
450,333	Water & sewer reticulation spares	171,253
29,251	Street furniture & pavers	25,898
317,192	Water treatment chemicals	399,278
19,784	Pre-paid envelopes	24,461
Com	mercial inventory:	
14,586	Rubbish bags & bins	10,151
0	Baleage - ex Homebush	31,490
24,619	Miscellaneous items	14,231
\$855,765	Total Stock	\$676,763





		Note
TORS & OTHER REC	CEIVABLES	
\$		\$
10 June 2022		30 June 2023
643,790	Rates receivables	911,046
1,300,278	Roading subsidies receivable	4,862,610
2,305,270	Sundry debtors & receivables	3,151,707
209,210	GST receivable	377,474
291,430	Prepayments	371,129
4,749,978		9,673,966
(122,145)	- less provision for doubtful debts	(193,976)
\$4,627,833	Total Debtors & Other Receivables	\$9,479,989
	Total receivables comprise:	
1,964,090	Receivables from exchange transaction	2,224,370
2,663,743	Receivables from non-exchange transaction	7,255,620
nir Value		
lue of debtors and on pairment	ceivables are non-interest bearing and receipt is normally on other receivables approximates their fair value. ided for a nominal sum of \$5,000 for any impairment of rate	
nd legal proceeding atepayers can apply	vides a range of powers to recover outstanding debts, includ which can lead to sale of the property to recover the rates. for payment plan options to allow them to catchup. The value calculate discounted uplus.	
	calculate discounted values.	
change & Non-Exc		
	hange transactions includes outstanding amounts for commo	ercial sales, fees & charges
at have not been su		
	n-exchange transactions includes outstanding amounts for ra	tes, grants, infringements & fees
d charges that are	nartly subsidised by rates	
	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below:	20 June 2022
30 June 2022	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below:	30 June 2023
30 June 2022 3,751,517	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due	8,082,436
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days	8,082,436 711,954
30 June 2022 3,751,517	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due	8,082,436
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Total	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 0	bles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0	bibles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Past due > 120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 0	bibles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445	bibles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Past due > 120 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0 5,827 \$5,827
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 3,445 \$3,445 30 June 2022 0 3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445	bbles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-20 days Total provision for impairment Total provision for impairment Total provision for impairment	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0 5,827 \$5,827 30 June 2023
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 30 June 2022 118,073	biles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Past due > 120 days Total individual impairment At 1 July	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0 5,827 \$5,827 30 June 2023 122,145
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 3,445 \$3,445 30 June 2022 118,073 12,474	bbles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-120 days At 1 July Additional provisions made during the year	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0 5,827 \$5,827 30 June 2023 122,145 77,821
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 3,445 \$3,445 \$3,445 30 June 2022 118,073	bbles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due 61-120 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-20 days Past due 51-20 days Past due 51-20 days Past due 51-20 days Past due 51-20 days Past due 710 days	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0 5,827 \$5,827 \$5,827 30 June 2023 122,145 77,821 (2,545)
30 June 2022 3,751,517 424,856 208,017 365,588 \$4,749,978 30 June 2022 3,445 118,700 \$122,145 30 June 2022 0 0 3,445 \$3,445 30 June 2022 118,073 12,474	bbles as at 30 June 2022 and 2023 are detailed below: Not past due Past due 1-60 days Past due > 120 days Total Individual impairment Collective impairment Total provision for impairment Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-60 days Past due 1-120 days At 1 July Additional provisions made during the year	8,082,436 711,954 344,083 535,493 \$9,673,966 30 June 2023 5,827 188,149 \$193,976 30 June 2023 0 0 5,827 \$5,827 30 June 2023 122,145 77,821

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otes to the Accou				Note 10
ASH & CASH EQ	UIVALENTS		\$	
30 June 2022			30 June 2023	
6,322,473	Cash at bank and in hand		4,094,336	
<u> </u>	Short term deposits of 3 months or less (from acquisition)		0 \$4.094.336	
\$6,322,473	Total cash and cash equivalents		1 / /	
fair value. The to	e of cash at bank and term deposits with maturities less than th tal value of cash and cash equivalents that can only be used for rust Deed is \$235,230 (2022 = \$270,106).			
otes to the Accou	nts			Note 11
THER FINANCIA	L ASSETS			
\$			\$	
30 June 2022		Notes	30 June 2023	
8,973,140	Short term deposits - maturities > 3 but less than 12 mths	*2	8,487,000	
128,610	Corporate bonds & Borrower Notes (LGFA)	*4&5	140,577	
0	Investments held by fund manager	*3	0	
\$9,101,750	Total Current Portion of Financial Assets		8,627,577	
	Non-current			
225.059	Investments in CCO's & other similar entities	*1	214 507	
225,958 \$225,958	Shares (NZLGFA & Civic Financial Services)	*1	214,507 \$214,507	
3223,338	Investments in other entities		3214,507	
58,802	Corporate bonds	*4	0	
854,457	Borrower notes (NZ LGFA)	*5	1,046,475	
387,345	NZ Units - Carbon Credits on forestry	*7	209,100	
8,272,899	NZ fixed interest investments held by fund manager	*3	6,839,535	
\$9,573,503	N2 NXed interest investments need by fund manager	5	\$8,095,110	
\$9,799,461	Total Non-Current Portion of Financial Assets		\$8,309,617	
\$18,901,210	Total Other Financial Assets		\$16,937,194	
	Internal loans/investments			
\$9,262,681	Balance at 30 June (also see Note 24)	*6	\$8,547,792	
\$34,486,365	Total Funds On Hand or Invested (including Cash & Internal)		\$29,579,322	
	Fair value: the carrying amount of term deposits approximates	their fair		
l	Impairment: There are no impairment provisions for Other Fina assets are either past due or impaired.			nancial
*1	Shares are valued as 'fair value through other comprehensive re 127,230 Civic Financial Services fully paid ordinary \$1.00 sh and 100,000 paid up shares in the NZ LGFA valued at cost o uncalled).	ares value	ed at \$0.90 each,	
	Bank deposits have maturity dates which range from 35 days to two financial institutions, as per the Council's investment policy			
*3 .	ANZ Investments are contracted to actively manage an investments a 50/50 split between two (High Grade and Sovereign) bond 'fair value through surplus/deficit'.			
	Corporate bonds held directly by the Council are valued as 'fair Revenue & Expense'.	value thro	ough Other Comp	rehensive
	The Council holds \$1.128 million of borrower notes issued by N at 'fair value through Other Comprehensive Revenue & Expense of borrowings from the NZ LGFA, with interest accrued also pay	'. These v	vill be repaid on n	
	The Council has continued to utilise internal loans/investments capital projects and short term cash flow funding to allow optin			
	The Council has been allocated 5,100 NZU carbon credits, based been re valued at the estimated carbon price at 30 June 2023 o			e have



PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT	Original Cost/												
-	Original Cost/	Accum.										Accum.	
2023	Valuation	Depreciation	Carrying	Current			Current	Current Year	Current	Current	Original Cost/	Depreciation	Carrying
		& Impairment	Amount	Year	Vested	Impairment	Year	Transfers/	Year	Year	Valuation	& Impairment	Amount
	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-22	Additions	Assets *5	*3	Disposals *1	Adjustments *2	Depreciation	Revaluation	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-23
Operational Assets													
Land	89,737,656	-	89,737,656	95,599	0		(250,000)				89,583,255	-	89,583,2
Buildings	46,266,894	(2,319,616)	43,947,278	1,540,820			(295,007)	301,977	(2,196,443)	-	47,710,366	(4,411,740)	43,298,6
Plant & vehicles	5,307,605	(3,526,424)	1,781,181	252,623			(18,301)		(345,764)		5,466,216	(3,796,476)	1,669,
Equipment & furniture	8,616,223	(5,693,736)	2,922,486	790,471			(3)		(570,988)		9,390,685	(6,248,718)	3,141,9
Library books	496,798	-	496,798	190,884			(29,227)		(167,054)	18,304	509,705	-	509,
Work in progress	1,233,684	-	1,233,684	1,295,298				(301,977)			2,227,005	-	2,227,
Total operational assets	151,658,859	(11,539,776)	140,119,083	4,165,696	-	-	(592,537)	-	(3,280,249)	18,304	154,887,231	(14,456,935)	140,430,
nfrastructural Assets													
Land (under roads)	87,667,513		87,667,513	0	408,757						88,076,271		88,076,3
Roading network	563,627,108		563,627,108	12,594,391	2,113,572		(457,082)	851,287	(7,778,048)	39,580,864	610,532,092		610,532,0
Water treatment plant - Masterton	5,323,456		5,323,456	50,012			-		(502,323)	3,709,278	8,580,423		8,580,4
Water reticulation (incl rural supplies)	46,826,434		46,826,434	2,058,635	536,008		(228,993)	202,250	(1,441,910)	13,152,453	61,104,877		61,104,8
Sewerage treatment plant - Masterton	40,084,306		40,084,306	137,906			(335,228)	437,615	(\$815,710)	480,439	39,989,329		39,989,3
Sewerage reticulation - Masterton	68,586,578		68,586,578	1,921,540	1,051,765		(933,414)	-	(1,763,611)	13,793,170	82,656,028		82,656,0
Sewerage systems - rural *4	13,170,121		13,170,121	32,334			-		(461,442)	1,642,200	14,383,213		14,383,3
Stormwater assets	29,916,023		29,916,023	475,351	1,330,165		(44,857)	-	(557,080)	3,303,586	34,423,188		34,423,
Flood protection & control works	5,876,686		5,876,686	0			-	-	(87,339)	(29,513)	5,759,834		5,759,
Other infrastructure	5,403,909		5,403,909	275,343			-	76,433	(143,797)	911,301	6,523,190		6,523,
Work in progress (WIP)	5,059,602	-	5,059,602	7,035,557				(1,567,585)			10,527,573	-	10,527,
Total infrastructural assets	871,541,736	-	871,541,736	24,581,070	5,440,267	0	(1,999,574)	-	(13,551,260)	76,543,779	962,556,018	-	962,556,
- Total Property, Plant & Equipment	\$ 1,023,200,595	(\$11 539 776)	\$ 1 011 660 819	\$ 28 746 766	\$ 5 440 267	\$ 0	(\$2,592,110)	\$ 0	(\$16,831,508)	\$ 76,562,082	\$ 1,117,443,249	(\$14,456,934)	¢ 1 102 096 1

There are no restrictions over the title of the Council's Plant, Property and Equipment assets, nor are any assets pledged as security for liabilities.

*1 Disposals are reported net of accumulated depreciation and represent the carrying value of the components that have been replaced.

*2 The Transfers & Adjustments column shows transfers in and out of work in progress as detailed below:

In buildings, the hydro slide staircase at the pools was completed. Liquidation costs were written off for the Youth Hub. Furthur costs were added for the New pound & the future Civic Centre costs. In land costs of purchasing future airport land was added.

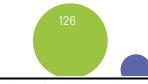
In infrastructural assets sewer & water reticulation jobs, along with airport hanger expansion, Waipoua trails bridge and some roading work were completed & transferred out of work in progress.

Included in current year additions WIP are part-completed sewer & water reticulation work, airport planning costs, CBD design costs and roading work yet to be completed.

*3 There have been no right-downs for impaired assets.

*4 Rural sewerage systems at Riversdale Beach, Castlepoint and Tinui are only the treatment components on this row, with their reticulation included in the row above. The value split is estimated at 29%/71% (treatment/retic).

*5 Vested Assets included land, roading, water, sewer & stormwater assets transferred to the Council from completion of six subdivisions, known as Poplars (stage 3), Westbush (stage 2 & 3), Seddon Street, 60 South Belt, Iorns Street & Roberts Road.



PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT	Original Cost/	Accum.										Accum.	
2022	Valuation	Depreciation	Carrying	Current			Current	Current Year	Current	Current	Original Cost/	Depreciation	Carrying
		& Impairment	Amount	Year	Vested	Impairment	Year	Transfers/	Year	Year	Valuation	& Impairment	Amount
	30-Jun-21	30-Jun-21	30-Jun-21	Additions	Assets *5	*3	Disposals *1	Adjustments *2	Depreciation	Revaluation	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-22
Operational Assets													
Land	87,181,751	-	87,181,751	2,555,904	0						89,737,656	-	89,737,65
Buildings	42,964,850	(24,689)	42,940,160	3,021,011			(212,310)	525,533	(2,327,117)	-	46,266,894	(2,319,616)	43,947,27
Plant & vehicles	5,057,530	(3,195,698)	1,861,831	257,843			(646)		(337,847)		5,307,605	(3,526,424)	1,781,18
Equipment & furniture	8,118,246	(5,169,686)	2,948,559	510,600			(1,807)		(534,866)		8,616,223	(5,693,736)	2,922,48
Library books	532,851	-	532,851	186,603			(25,669)		(175,500)	(21,487)	496,798	-	496,79
Work in progress	988,151	-	988,151	771,066				(525,533)			1,233,684	-	1,233,68
Total operational assets	144,843,378	(8,390,074)	136,453,304	7,303,028	-	-	(240,431)		(3,375,330)	(21,487)	151,658,859	(11,539,776)	140,119,08
nfrastructural Assets													
Land (under roads)	87,484,124		87,484,123	-0	183,390						87,667,513		87,667,51
Roading network	481,216,032	(6,177,640)	475,038,392	8,007,738	805,857		(330,070)	1,065,266	(6,284,375)	85,324,300	563,627,108		563,627,10
Water treatment plant - Masterton	5,675,202	(448,156)	5,227,045	7,402			(611))	(448,858)	538,479	5,323,456		5,323,45
Water reticulation (incl rural supplies)	37,041,080	(1,104,464)	35,936,617	1,281,825	155,360		(165,987)	1,951,325	(1,130,889)	8,798,184	46,826,434		46,826,43
Sewerage treatment plant - Masterton	35,230,353	(677,084)	34,553,269	0			-		(\$677,084)	6,208,121	40,084,306		40,084,30
Sewerage reticulation - Masterton	53,491,410	(1,309,930)	52,181,481	1,975,105	227,037		(933,710)	274,945	(1,268,630)	16,130,349	68,586,578		68,586,57
Sewerage systems - rural *4	11,042,707	(360,909)	10,681,798	31,319			(24,026)		(364,270)	2,845,300	13,170,121		13,170,12
Stormwater assets	22,117,844	(387,536)	21,730,307	517,355	351,989		(83,937)	17,812	(395,493)	7,777,990	29,916,023		29,916,02
Flood protection & control works	4,870,010	(70,492)	4,799,518	30,132			-	43,518	(73,438)	1,076,957	5,876,686		5,876,68
Other infrastructure	4,589,137	(112,354)	4,476,784	339,559					(121,838)	709,404	5,403,909		5,403,90
Work in progress (WIP)	5,608,729	-	5,608,730	3,254,071			(450,333)	(3,352,866)			5,059,602	-	5,059,60
Total infrastructural assets	748,366,628	(10,648,564)	737,718,064	15,444,504	1,723,633	0	(1,988,674)) -	(10,764,874)	129,409,082	871,541,736	-	871,541,73
- Fotal Property, Plant & Equipment	\$ 893,210,007	(\$19.038.638)	\$ 874,171,368	\$ 22.747.533	\$ 1.723.633	\$0	(\$2,229,105)	\$0	(\$14,140,204)	\$ 129,387,596	\$ 1,023,200,595	(\$11,539,776)	\$ 1.011.660.81

There are no restrictions over the title of the Council's Plant, Property and Equipment assets, nor are any assets pledged as security for liabilities.

*1 Disposals are reported net of accumulated depreciation and represent the carrying value of the components that have been replaced.

*2 The Transfers & Adjustments column shows transfers in and out of work in progress as detailed below:

In buildings, the work on the Temporary Pound, the Skate Park and the Waiata House Pool car compound was completed and these became operational. Youth Hub costs along wth future Civi Centre costs were added. In land costs of purchasing future airport land along with design costs for one of our reserve landscapping work was added.

In infrastructural assets sewer & water reticulation jobs, along with water meter installation and some roading work were completed & transferred out of work in progress.

Included in current year additions WIP are part-completed sewer & water reticulation work, airport planning costs, CBD design costs and roading work yet to be completed.

*3 There have been no right-downs for impaired assets.

*4 Rural sewerage systems at Riversdale Beach, Castlepoint and Tinui are only the treatment components on this row, with their reticulation included in the row above. The value split is estimated at 29%/71% (treatment/retic).

*5 Vested Assets included land, roading, water, sewer & stormwater assets transferred to the Council from completion of two subdivisions, known as Gordon Street and Cashmere Oaks (stage 1).



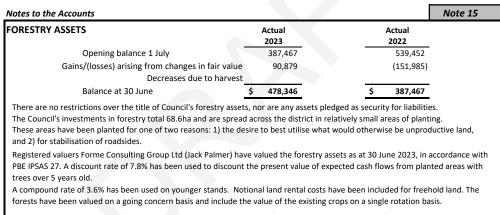




Notes to the Accounts						Note 14
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	\$	\$		\$	\$	
	2022	2022	\$	2023	2023	\$
	Computer	Resource	2022	Computer	Resource	2023
_	Software	Consents	Total	Software	Consents	Total
Opening Original Cost	1,173,482	4,084,434	5,257,916	1,348,747	3,455,666	4,804,413
Opening Accum. Amortisation	(1,079,401)	(678,112)	(1,757,513)	(1,151,260)	(364,500)	(1,515,760)
Carrying Amount (start of year)	94,081	3,406,322	3,500,403	197,487	3,091,166	3,288,653
Additions	114,680	-	114,680	117,983	15,320	133,303
Revaluation		-			-	
Disposals (net BV)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation Change	(71,859)	(315,157)	(387,016)	(87,761)	(306,427)	(394,188)
Transfers/Adjustments	60,585		60,585	10,835		10,835
Closing Original Cost	1,348,747	3,455,666	4,804,413	1,477,565	3,470,986	4,948,551
Closing Accum. Amortisation	(1,151,260)	(364,500)	(1,515,760)	(1,239,021)	(670,927)	(1,909,948)
Carrying Amount (end of year)	197,487	3,091,166	\$ 3,288,653	238,544	2,800,059	\$ 3,038,602
Work in progress	10,835	96,714	\$ 107,549		166,251	\$ 166,251
-	208,322	3,187,880	\$ 3,396,201	238,544	2,966,309	\$ 3,204,853

There are no restrictions over the title of Council's Intangible assets, nor are any assets pledged as security for liabilities. Computer software is amortised over the assessed useful life of 4 years.

Resource consents are amortised over the number of years for which each consent has been granted. Those consents which have yet to be granted by GWRC are amortised over the number of years for which the consent has been applied for. In the case of the Homebush sewage treatment and disposal consent, the Council received a 25 year consent in 2009. The Council does hold easements over some of its assets where they affect private property, but the incomplete nature of the easement coverage means little reliance could be placed on the valuation of easements, hence no disclosure has been made.



Log prices are based on a 12 quarter average for the lower North Island (this is to remove the impact of seasonal variation and short term price fluctuations). These have moved up slightly from the 2022 valuation. The valuation is also affected by increasing costs of harvest and cartage.









CADITAL EVDEND	ounts OTURE SUMMARY		2021/22	2021/22	c	unco of Funding	Note 17 (cont
Activity	Project		2021/22 Budget	2021/22 Actual	Rates	rce of Funding Reserves	Other
- covery	,		1				
Community Faciliti	sub totals carried forwar es/Activities contd.	d Ş	21,402,702	\$ 20,015,934	\$ 2,569,562	\$ 6,547,784	\$ 10,898,588
rust House	Building & services renewals	R	195.000	125,803		125,803	
Recreation Centre	Plant & equipment renewals	R	60,000	-		0	
Cemeteries	Cemetery renovations & extensions	R	94,000	103,017		103,017	
ibrary	Book stock renewals	R	180,000	186,603		186,603	
	Computer & equipment upgrades	R	45,750	17,593		17,593	
	Library building & furniture upgrades	R	11,000	10,973		10,973	
Archive	Archives equipment renewal	N	30,000	-		0	
	Archive extension	N	1,100,000	-			
District Buildings	Facilities & equipment	R	-	15,494		15,494	
	Building upgrades & office renovations	N N	154,300	68,387		68,387	226 540
Iderly Housing	New Civic/Events Centre Pensioner housing renewals	R	4,945,000 341,000	326,549 354,576		- 354,576	326,549
Other Property	Public conveniences upgrade	R	19,000	-		-	
,	Rental & Other property upgrades	R	542,000	28,150		28,150	
	Asbestos removal - all property	R	100,000	52,463		52,463	
	Rural Hall & Fire Station upgrades	R	85,000	1,152		1,152	
	Rural halls - water stimulus project	N	120,000	34,206			34,206
Airport	Airport runway and precinct upgrades	N	1,170,000	76,998			76,998
	Airport land purchase - stage 1	N	2,139,750	129,297			129,297
	Runway & road realignment stage2	N	287,180	-			
	Runway reseal & remarking	R	10,000	-		0	
	Equipment upgrades	R	5,000				
	Hanger area expansion	N	260,000	424,035			424,035
	Security fencing - stage 1	N	39,000	12,270			12,270
	Runway widening & development	N	2,962,623				
Mawley Park	Mawley Park facility - renewals	R	74,000	18,300		18,300	
Regulatory Service			,	,		,	
invironmental Serv.	Testing equipment	R	8,000			0	
Building Devlpmt	Building Development - equipment	R	4,000	1,236		1,236	
Animal Services	Replaement poo bins	R	20,000	19,502		19,502	
	Security H & S equipment	N	4,000	1,646		1,646	
	New animal shelter	N	1,300,000	217,509			217,509
Leadership, Strateg	y & Corporate Services						
Development	CBD security cameras	R	20,000	18,574		18,574	
	Library Book Houses	N	-	12,782		12,782	
	Decorative lighting	R	5,000	-			
	Youth Hub at Skatepark	N	538,570	248,030			248,030
Corporate Services	IT equipment replacement	R	120,000	96,500		96,500	
	Document Management System	R	50,000	37,363		37,363	
	ICT Security upgrades	N	-	29,796		29,796	
	Pool Vehicle replacement	R N	100,000	125,881		125,881	
	Payment Approvals software app Sub total	N Ś	10,000 38,551,875	62,429 \$ 22,873,047	\$ 2.569.562	62,429 \$ 7,936,004	\$ 12,367,482
lested Infrastructu	ire Assets (acquired from subdivision)	2	38,331,873	\$ 22,873,047	\$ 2,303,302	\$ 7,330,004	\$ 12,307,482
resteu minastructi	Roads, water, sewer, stormwater	Vested		1,723,633			1,723,633
	Total Capital Expenditure	\$	38,551,875		\$ 2,569,562	\$ 7,936,004	\$ 14,091,115
*	1 New external loan funding totals \$4,200,000				+ _/======	+ .//	+,
	2 Waka Kotahi (NZTA) subsidies on roading ca				917		
	3 External funding towards asset purchases \$			010 00010 00,011	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	4 Vested assets ex subdivision include; Roadir		; Water \$155,36	0; Sewer \$227,03	37 and Stormwa	ater \$351,989	
Conital Europality	na Analusia	-	Dia	A			
Capital Expenditu	•		Plan	Actual			
	Asset Renewa		13,717,990	10,740,785		% of Plan (exc	l vested)
	Growth-drive		840,000	1,543,375		58%	
	New Assets (improve level of service Vested Asse		23,993,885	10,588,887 1,723,633			
	vesteu Asse	<u></u>	38,551,875	\$ 24,596,681			
Nork in Progress	Analysis	Ť		,		2022	2021
0	quipment in the course of construction by c	lass of acco	t is detailed be	0.04		\$ 000	\$ 000
i operity, plant and e	quipment in the course of construction by c	Water su				1,396	2,532
			ater reticulation			589	426
		Roading				2,533	2,381
		-					2,301
		Stormwa				4	
			rastructure			538	269
		Buildings				1,084	988
		Land				149	
			applied for but	, ,		96	96
Variance from Bud		Compute	r software & sy			11	61
Commentary is detail					ork in progress	6,401	6,754



lotes to the Accounts	Note 18
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS During the year Councillors and staff of the Council were involved in minor transactions with the Council (s rates, transfer station charges, advertising spend and building consents). No disclosure is made where the within a normal supplier or client /recipient relationship and on terms and conditions no more or less favor that it is reasonable to expect the Council would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the circumstances.	transactions are urable than those
During the year the Council had dealings with a entities where there is a direct relationship between a Cou member. These are considered related party transactions and are monitored. The more significant relation disclosed below for transparency purposes. The transactions disclosed were effectively 'at arm's length'. Th involved were either not part of the decision-making process, or did not vote on the Council resolution wh affecting their interests was made.	nships or values are ne individuals
The agendas at all Council and committee meetings include an opportunity to declare any potential conflic intention is that these parties do not unfairly influence the Council's decision. The notes below provide mo more significant transactions and relationships.	
Related party transactions disclosed: Masterton Trust Lands Trust (MTLT) - during the year the Council had a range of dealings with MTLT. At the four district councillors were also elected members of MTLT. They were Cr F Mailman, Cr R Johnson, Cr G C Following the October 2023 election Mayor Caffell, Cr R Johnson and Cr T Hullena were elected to the Cou MTLT provided the Council's library activity with a grant for books of \$25,000. Where there have been lega sale/purchase negotiations involving MTLT over the last two years, the above councillors/trustees have been the decision-making process.	Caffell and Cr S Ryar ncil and MTLT. The I disputes or land
Te Hapori Skatepark group (THS) - the group is chaired by Cr S Lennox (councillor from October 2022). THS Friends of QE Park ran a music event (Summer Hummer) in Jan 2023. Event grants of \$6,000 were paid for and a further \$3,000 of advertising costs for the event were paid by the Council. THS also passed over to 0 grant funding of \$7,965 to support Council in providing supervision at the skatepark.	Summer Hummer
Dirtboy Limited (DbL) is a business owned by Cr C Bowyer (elected to Council in October 2022). DbL has a Council to provide grass mowing at Hood Aerodrome. The contract was in place before Cr Bowyer's election to DL in 2022/23 was \$26,861. Cr Bowyer also leases a hanger site at Hood Aerodrome and paid \$5,065 (+ he also paid Council \$160 (+GST) for an annual landing fee for the plane ZK-CIM	on. The value paid
Masterton A & P Assoc (A&P Assoc) - Council provides an annual grant nominally towards the value of rate Solway Showgrounds. 2022/23 = \$7,500 (2021/22 \$7,500). Council also paid an events grant of \$1,000 tow running the 2023 A&P show (\$1,100 in 2022). Councillors D Holmes and T Nixon (until October 2022) were of the A&P Assoc.	ards the costs of
Wairarapa Youth Charitable Trust - have a land lease from the Council at 161 Dixon Street, 2022/23 value \$5,870). In 2022/23 Council paid the trust \$1,274 for a share of fencing materials and \$1,200 to lease a sto 2022/23 the Council paid a \$5,000 grant to the trust. Cr F Mailman (councillor until Oct 2022) was a trustee	orage shed. In
Mediaworks Ltd employs Cr B Gare (councillor until October 2022). The Council used them as one of a nu communications channels for a range of community engagement projects. Cr Gare was not involved in any decision making related to communications and engagement expenditure.	
Lansdowne Residents Association (LRA), People First NZ and Concretextra Ltd. Cr S Ryan (councillor until committee member of LRA, is employed by People First NZ and is a managing shareholder in Concretextra LRA was allocated funding of \$3,000 (2021/22 = \$3,000) to undertake projects in their suburb/neighbourher received a community wellbeing grant of \$2,000 in 2022/23 (\$2,500 in 2021/22). Concretextra supplied graph of \$4,430.	Ltd. In 2022/23 th ood. People First N
Digital Seniors Trust (DST) - applied for and received community wellbeing grants in 2022/23 for \$15,000 a \$15,000. The Manager Finance, David Paris is a trustee of DST.	and 2021/22 for





ransactions with key management personnel	2022/23	2021/22
Councillors Remuneration	\$580,481	\$570,079
No. of members (incl iwi reps and rural advisory board members)	12	14
Senior Management Team, including the Chief Executive		
Remuneration	\$1,700,291	\$1,401,942
Full-time equivalent members	9.0	9.0
Total key management personnel remuneration	\$2,280,772	\$1,972,022
Total full-time equivalent personnel	18.0	20.0

*Prior year comparatives now exclude the independent Audit & Risk committee Chairperson.

Notes to the Accounts			Note 19
REMUNERATION - Elected Representation	ves	2022/23	2021/22
Up until October 2022 Masterton District Coun	cil consisted of a Mayor and ten councillo	rs. From the Octobe	r 2022 local
government elections the Council has consiste	d of a Mayor and eight councillors, includi	ng one elected from	a Maori
ward. The Mayor's salary and Councillors' rem	uneration pool are set by the Remunerati	on Authority. The al	location of
the 'pool' is decided by the Council. Two iwi re	presentations were appointed in October	2016 and re-confirm	ned in
October 2019 and 2022.			
Mayor - to Oct'22	Lyn Patterson	34,786	117,441
Mayor - from Oct'22	Gary Caffell	95,824	0
Deputy Mayor - to Oct '22	Graham McClymont	13,952	47,254
Councillor, then Deputy Mayor from Oct'22	Bex Johnson	66,515	47,254
Councillor - to Oct'22	Gary Caffell	11,530	41,801
Councillor - to Oct'22	Chris Peterson	10,733	36,349
Councillor - to Oct '22	Frazer Mailman	11,806	39,983
Councillor - to Oct '22	Brent Gare	10,733	36,349
Councillor - to Oct '22	Sandy Ryan	10,733	36,349
Councillor	Tim Nelson	51,007	36,349
Councillor - to Oct '22	Tina Nixon	10,733	36,349
Councillor	David Holmes	54,518	36,349
Councillor - from Oct '22	Marama Tuuta	36,764	41,801
Councillor - from Oct '22	Tom Hullena	36,764	0
Councillor - from Oct '22	Stella Lennox	36,764	0
Councillor - from Oct '22	Craig Bowyer	40,274	0
Councillor - from Oct '22	Brent Goodwin	36,764	0
Rural Advisory Board membe	rs (x4)	683	2,850
lwi Representatives (x2)		9,600	13,600
	_	\$ 580,481	\$ 570,079
n addition (but included as part of operating expenses) Philip Jo	nes the Audit Committee independent Chairperson wa	as paid \$9,466 (last year \$9	9,072)





tes to the Account	-			
REMUNERATION	Chief Executive			
The Chief Executive of	of the Masterton District Council is	appointed under sect	ion 42 of the LG Act 2002.	
David Hopman was C	Chief Executive until 30 June 2023		2022/2	2021/2
	The salary package	paid, including benef	fits was: \$317,27	7 \$252,360
Note in 2023 the sala	ary package included final holiday p	bay.		
REMUNERATION	- Council employees			
	Total annual remuneration b	by band for employed	es as at 30 June:	
	2023		202	2
	< \$60,000	42	< \$60,000	5
	\$60,000- \$79,999	32	\$60,000- \$79,999	2
	\$80,000- \$99,999	33	\$80,000- \$99,999	3
	\$100,000-\$119,999	19	\$100,000-\$119,99	
	\$120,000-\$139,999	12	\$120,000-\$139,99	
	\$140,000-\$179,999	10	\$140,000-\$179,99	
	\$180,000-\$319,999	3	\$180,000-\$289,99	
(includes part time &	Total Employees*	151	Total Employee	s* 14
casuals)	Total FTEs	132	Total FT	s 12
Total romunaration i	ncludes all financial and non-financial			-
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one) hour working week.		
24 (2022 = 24) full-tir A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance p	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severations but excludes se	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan	es totalling
24 (2022 = 24) full-tir A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance p	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 TENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). Dayment includes non-monetary by y other contractual entitlements to) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severations but excludes se	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan	es totalling
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance protections and an	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). bayment includes non-monetary be y other contractual entitlements to ts) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severations but excludes se	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan	es totalling nuation
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed EVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance p contributions and an tes to the Account	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). bayment includes non-monetary be y other contractual entitlements to ts) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severations but excludes se	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan	es totalling nuation Note 20
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance p contributions and an tes to the Account CREDITORS & OTH	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). bayment includes non-monetary be y other contractual entitlements to ts) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severations but excludes se	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan	es totalling nuation Note 20 \$
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance protection contributions and an tes to the Account CREDITORS & OTH 30 June 2022 6,954,094 969,789	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). payment includes non-monetary by y other contractual entitlements to ts IER PAYABLES Trade payables Deposits & bonds) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severa enefits but excludes so o which the employee	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan was entitled.	es totalling nuation Note 20 \$ 30 June 2023 10,434,07 1,182,29
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYIN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance p contributions and an tes to the Account CREDITORS & OTH 30 June 2022 6,954,094 969,789 231,704	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). bayment includes non-monetary by y other contractual entitlements to ts IER PAYABLES Trade payables Deposits & bonds Agency rates collected - Great) hour working week. (2021/22 = 2) severa enefits but excludes so o which the employee	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan was entitled.	es totalling nuation Note 20 \$ 30 June 2023 10,434,07 1,182,29 270,35
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance protection contributions and an tes to the Account CREDITORS & OTH 30 June 2022 6,954,094 969,789	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). bayment includes non-monetary bi y other contractual entitlements to ts HER PAYABLES Trade payables Deposits & bonds Agency rates collected - Great Revenue received in advance	2) hour working week. e (2021/22 = 2) severa enefits but excludes so which the employee which the employee	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan was entitled.	es totalling nuation \$ 30 June 2023 10,434,07 1,182,29 270,35 1,721,53
24 (2022 = 24) full-tin A full-time employed SEVERANCE PAYN For the year ended 3 58,268 (2021/22 \$30 The term severance p contributions and an tes to the Account CREDITORS & OTH 30 June 2022 6,954,094 969,789 231,704 1,732,908 283,736	me equivalent (FTE) employees. e is determined on the basis of a 40 IENTS - Council employees 0 June 2023, the Council made one ,800). bayment includes non-monetary by y other contractual entitlements to ts IER PAYABLES Trade payables Deposits & bonds Agency rates collected - Great	2) hour working week. e (2021/22 = 2) severa enefits but excludes so which the employee which the employee	ance payments to employe alary, holiday pay, superan was entitled.	es totalling nuation \$ 30 June 2023 10,434,07 1,182,29 270,35 1,721,53 152,33
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tes to the Account	ts		Note 21
EMPLOYEE BENEF	IT LIABILITIES		\$
30 June 2022			30 June 2023
1,063,386	Staff holiday provi	ision	1,066,813
5,882	Salaries & wages a	accrued	37,419
(1,512)	Councillor's honor	ariums payable	-
9,499	Staff sick leave pro	ovision	17,418
6,213	Staff alternative le	ave provision	13,363
12,507	Staff retirement g	ratuities	13,28
\$1,095,976		Total Employee Benefit Liabilities	\$1,148,297
1,086,623	Comprising:	Current	1,138,36
9,353		Non-current	9,92
\$1,095,976		Total Employee Benefit Liabilities	\$1,148,297

The entitlement was 'grandfathered' in the 1990s, with the two staff having their entitlement frozen, except for salary movements. The discounted rate for future payments is 5.37% (last year 3.41%) while no salary inflation factor has been applied. The discounted rate has been applied to the best estimate of future cashflows. Any changes to these assumptions will affect the carrying amount of the liability.

tes to the Account	ts		Note 22
DERIVATIVE FINAN	CIAL INSTRUMENTS		\$ Actual
30 June 2022	Assets		30 June 2023
65,968	Current	Interest rate swaps - fair value hedges	33,792
512,939	Non-current	Interest rate swaps - fair value	1,286,811
\$578,907			\$1,320,603
	Liabilities		
0	Current	Interest rate swaps - fair value	(
2,469	Non-current	Interest rate swaps - fair value	(
\$2,469			\$0
Fair value			
The fair value of inte	rest rate swaps have bee	n determined by calculating the expected future cash flow	s under the terms
of the swaps and dise	counting these values to	present value. The inputs to the valuation model are from	independently
sourced market para	meters such as interest r	ate yield curves. Most market parameters are implied fron	n instrument
prices.			
A A C C C C C C C C C C			

Movements in the value of the derivative instruments are shown through the Surplus/(Deficit) in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue & Expenses, as per IPSAS 29 & 30.

Interest rate swaps

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding interest rate swap contracts for the Council were \$32.4m (2022 \$38.4m). There are no forward start date contracts (2022 = two with a total of \$3m). At 30 June 2023, the fixed interest rates of interest rate swaps varied from 2.26% to 3.96% (2022: 1.6525% to 3.96%).



PROVISIONS				
30 June 2022	Landfill Aftercare Provision			30 June 2023
\$				\$
92,649	Opening balance			131,559
(23,596)	Amounts used during	the year		(28,109
56,946	Adjustments to provis	sion*		26,947
5,559	Discount unwinding (Note 5)		7,895
131,559	Closing balance			138,292
Commentary				
accepted by the GW disposal of special w cleanfill (as it is depo allowed for over a 10	ndfill was closed for general refuse on 30t RC and a resource consent application has astes. The Council's responsibilities under sited) and some imported material. The 0 year time period to 2020. s provided for the completion of the capp	s been lodged for the closure plan liability for this w	the closure plan and include progressive o ork was originally red	l on-going limited capping using cognised and
The value in the liabit operating cost. The second	lity provision reflects the cost of that wor ums expended in 2022/23 included movi ompleting this work have resulted in an in	k. On-going cons ng cover materia	sent monitoring is tre I and cleanfill around	ated as an
	Provision for Financial Guaran	tees		
	nt Funding Agency (LGFA)			
	der of the LGFA. The LGFA was incorporat			
debt funding to local	authorities in New Zealand and it has a c	redit rating from	Standard and Poors	of AAA.
	are now 77 of the 78 councils and 3 CCOs including Masterton DC. LGFA has uncalle			
uncalled capital of o	ther shareholders, \$20m is available in the	e event that an in	nminent default is ide	entified.
At 30 June 2023, NZ require Masterton D unable to determine Council considers the * we are not awai * local government	ther shareholders, \$20m is available in the LGFA had loans outstanding of \$17.6 billio istrict Council to recognise the guarantee a sufficiently reliable fair value for the gu erisk of NZLGFA defaulting on repayment re of any local authority debt default even at legislation would enable local authoritie	e event that an in on (2022: \$15.79 liability at fair va arantee and ther of interest or ca its in New Zealan	nminent default is ide billion). Financial rep lue. However, the Co refore has not recogn pital to be very low o d; and	entified. orting standards buncil has been ised a liability. Th n the basis that:
At 30 June 2023, NZ require Masterton D unable to determine Council considers the * we are not awar * local governmen debt obligations if fu	ther shareholders, \$20m is available in the LGFA had loans outstanding of \$17.6 billio istrict Council to recognise the guarantee a sufficiently reliable fair value for the gu erisk of NZLGFA defaulting on repayment e of any local authority debt default even tt legislation would enable local authoritie rther funds were required.	e event that an in on (2022: \$15.79 liability at fair va arantee and ther of interest or ca its in New Zealan	nminent default is ide billion). Financial rep lue. However, the Co refore has not recogn pital to be very low o d; and	entified. orting standards buncil has been ised a liability. Th n the basis that:
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At 30 June 2023, NZ require Masterton D unable to determine Council considers the * we are not awai * local governmen debt obligations if fu Community Organi The Council has prov is only one guarante the overdraft or deb the financial stability prudent to be carried considered necessar	ther shareholders, \$20m is available in the LGFA had loans outstanding of \$17.6 billio istrict Council to recognise the guarantee a sufficiently reliable fair value for the gu e risk of NZLGFA defaulting on repayment the of any local authority debt default even that legislation would enable local authorities rther funds were required. sations ided banks with guarantees on the borrow e in place, last year there were three. Cou- tif the community organisation defaults. of the community organisations, which v d if any one of these groups' guarantees is y. The loans for Wairarapa Multi-Sport Sta	e event that an in on (2022: \$15.79 liability at fair va arantee and ther of interest or cal its in New Zealan es to levy a rate t wings of commun incil is obligated of The exercising of vill vary over timus is likely to be calle adium Trust and I cil's obligation for Value of	nminent default is ide billion). Financial rep lue. However, the Co efore has not recogn pital to be very low o d; and o recover sufficient fi nity organisations. Cu under these guarante guarantees will be d e. A financial provision Vetball were both ful these two is now dis Amount owing	entified. orting standards puncil has been ised a liability. Th n the basis that: unds to meet any rrrently there tes to pay ependent on on would be t is currently ly repaid and scharged. Amount owing
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At 30 June 2023, NZ require Masterton D unable to determine Council considers the * we are not awar * local governmer debt obligations if fu Community Organi The Council has prov is only one guarante the overdraft or deb the financial stability prudent to be carried considered necessar the accounts closed Waira 30 June 2022	ther shareholders, \$20m is available in the LGFA had loans outstanding of \$17.6 billio istrict Council to recognise the guarantee a sufficiently reliable fair value for the gu e risk of NZLGFA defaulting on repayment te of any local authority debt default even it legislation would enable local authoritie rther funds were required. sations ided banks with guarantees on the borroo e in place, last year there were three. Cou ti f the community organisation defaults. of the community organisations, which v d if any one of these groups' guarantees is y. The loans for Wairarapa Multi-Sport Sta during the financial year, therefore Counc Masterton Motorplex Inc. arapa Multi-Sport Stadium Trust Board Netball	e event that an in on (2022: \$15.79 liability at fair va arantee and ther of interest or cap its in New Zealan es to levy a rate t wings of commun incil is obligated The exercising of vill vary over timus i likely to be calle adium Trust and I il's obligation for Value of <u>Guarantee</u> <u>300,000</u> 100,000 135,000	nminent default is ide billion). Financial rep lue. However, the Co efore has not recogn pital to be very low o d; and o recover sufficient for hity organisations. Cu under these guarante guarantees will be d e. A financial provision vetball were both ful these two is now dis Amount owing <u>30 June 2023</u> 30,705 0	entified. orting standards puncil has been ised a liability. Th n the basis that: unds to meet any errently there ese to pay ependent on on would be is currently ly repaid and scharged. Amount owing 30 June 2022 91,18 30 June 2023
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lotes to the Accoun	nts				Note 24					
INANCIAL LIABILIT	IES as at 30 June 2023		\$	\$	\$					
		_	30 June 2022	30 June 2023	Budget 2023					
SUMMARY		bank) loans	0	0	0					
		LGFA bonds	50,000,000	51,700,000	55,193,652					
		ance leases	0	0	0					
		ternal loans	9,262,681	8,547,792	8,433,068					
		inancial liabilities	59,262,682	60,247,793	63,626,720					
	Less current portion of extern		(8,000,000)	(5,100,000)	(5,100,000)					
Internal loans/investments reversed		-	(9,262,681)	(8,547,792)	(8,433,068)					
1	Total non-current financial lia	bilities	\$42,000,000	\$46,600,000	\$50,093,652					
			\$		\$					
COST OF DEBT SE		2022/23	Actual	_	Budget					
	Loan repayments (external)		3,300,000		3,300,449					
	Interest expense (external)	-	2,530,217	-	1,708,613					
Co	st of Debt Servicing (external)	-	5,830,217	-	5,009,062					
	Loan repayments (internal)		714,889		711,039					
	Interest expense (internal)		528,782		250,423					
Co	ost of Debt Servicing (internal)	_	1,243,671		961,462					
	Treasury Policy Compliance	_		Policy Limits						
	Net External Debt to Operatir	ig Revenues	41.7%	150%	49.0%					
b	nterest (external) as % of operat	ing revenue	3.4%	10%	2.6%					
Ir	nterest (external) as % of total ra	tes revenue	6.7%	15%	4.5%					
Interest (inte	ernal & external) as % of total ra	tes revenue	8.1%	20%	5.2%					
MOVEMENTS IN TO	OTAL DEBT		\$ Actual	\$ Budget						
Opening	Balance 1 July 2022		\$59,262,682	\$59,144,108						
Loan r	epayments		(4,014,889)	(4,011,488)						
	orrowing (external, internal & fi	nance leases)	5,000,000	8,494,100						
Closing E	Balance 30 June 2023	=	\$60,247,793	\$63,626,720						
MATURITY ANALY										
The follo	wing is a maturity analysis of the	e Council's borrowi	• • •		ernal borrowings).					
		_	30 June 2022	30 June 2023						
	Repayments due in l		8,000,000		Weighted average					
		ear, less than five	28,100,000 13,900,000	33,400,000 13,200,000	interest on external loans					
	Ld	er than five years	\$50,000,000	\$51,700,000	4.98%					
Co courit		=								
	incil has secured it's loans and									
	the Council's rates revenue is									
represer	nting the lenders. Lease liabilit	es are effectively s	secured as the rig	ghts to the leased	d asset revert to					
	or in the event of default.									
	ch LGFA bond has a term shorter than the intended term of the borrowing, but for the maturity analysis									
the lesso	FA bond has a term shorter that	an the intended te	ini oi the bollow	mg) sacror me	ve, it has been assumed that they will be repaid over sanctioned terms and refinanced as they mature.					
the lesso Term: Each LG				-						
the lesso Term: Each LG above, i		will be repaid over	sanctioned term	s and refinanced	as they mature.					
the lesse Term: Each LG above, ir The loar	t has been assumed that they	will be repaid over acilities (CAFs) of w	sanctioned term /hich \$5m was bo	s and refinanced prrowed for thre	as they mature. e months during					
the less Term: Each LG above, i The loar the year	t has been assumed that they on sinclude two Cash Advance Fa	will be repaid over acilities (CAFs) of w 10m undrawn. Inte	sanctioned term /hich \$5m was bo	s and refinanced prrowed for thre	as they mature. e months during					
the less Term: Each LG above, i The loar the year rates for	t has been assumed that they one include two Cash Advance Far. At year end \$0 drawn and \$	will be repaid over acilities (CAFs) of w 10m undrawn. Into to 6.3 years.	sanctioned term /hich \$5m was bo erest rate swaps	and refinanced prrowed for thre have been used	as they mature. e months during to fix interest					





Notes to the	e Accounts				Note 24 (cont'd)
FINANCIAL	LIABILITIES as at 30 June 2023				
Leases	: As at the 30th June 2023 (and 2021) Council had no fin	ance leases in place		
New Debt	In addition to the \$5.0M borrowed	for a variety of new	capital projects, the	e Council borro	wed \$4.7M in
	new external borrowing during the				
Internal loans	\$0 Internal Loan funds were require				
	Internal interest paid/earned totall		•	orago balanco d	dua Tha
	interest rates charged averaged 4.7		•	•	
	point between what the Council co				
	point between what the Council co	ulu earn and what C	ouncil was paying o	in its external io	d115.
Schedule of	External Loan & Finance Lease Move	ements by Groups o	of Activities		
External Inter	for the year ended 30 June 2023	Onenine Delever	Nav. Damassian	Deduction	
Ś 000's	rest	Opening Balance \$ 000's	s 000's	Reduction \$ 000's	Closing Balance \$ 000's
3 000 s 27	Roading	530	3 000 s 168	\$ 000 s (22)	\$ 000 S 676
315	Water	6,670	1,141	(299)	7,512
1,584	Wastewater Services	35,246	1,805	(2,402)	34,649
66	Solid Waste	1,535	0	(158)	1,377
19	Stormwater	444	0	(42)	402
12	Regulatory	218	120	(8)	330
507	Community Facilities	5,357	1,766	(368)	6,755
2,530		50,000	5,000	(3,300)	51,701
Schedule of	Internal Loan/Investment Movemer	nts by Groups of Act	tivities		
	for the year ended 30 June 2023				
Internal Inter	est	Opening Balance	New Borrowing	Reduction	Closing Balance
\$ 000's		\$ 000's	\$ 000's	\$ 000's	\$ 000's
37	Roading	736	-	(49)	687
58	Water	928	-	(38)	890
139	Wastewater Services	2,652	-	(339)	2,313
13	Solid Waste	292	-	(47)	245
0	Stormwater	0	· · ·	-	0
9	Regulatory	151	_	(6)	145
273	Community Facilities	4,504	-	(236)	4,268
529		9,263	-	(715)	8,548





tes to the Accounts					Note 25
QUITY					
RETAINED EARNING	iS				\$
30 June 2022					30 June 20
444,904,979	Opening Balance			-	456,714,6
11,376,365	Transfers From Special Funds	& Reserve	S		14,227,1
(10,512,959)	Transfers (To) Special Funds &	Reserves			(10,669,77
1,029,829	Transfer to equity revaluation	reserve o	n disposal assets		\$ 2,098,41
9,916,467	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year				10,559,46
\$456,714,681	Closing Balance				\$472,929,96
REVALUATION RESER	N/E		Movements		
REVALOATION RESE			due to asset		
				Develoption	
20 June 2022		otes	disposals &	Revaluation	30 June 20
30 June 2022	N	otes	impairment	Movements	50 June 20
66,963,434	Land	3	(180,000)		66,783,4
24,419,413	Buildings	*	(693,018)		23,726,3
	Infrastructural Assets	*3			
3,707,759	Land (under roads)				3,707,7
289,204,362	Roading & footpath assets		(260,751)	39,580,864	328,524,4
23,775,919	Water supply - urban		(114,349)	16,701,965	40,363,5
3,152,890	Water supplies - rural		(1,997)	159,766	3,310,6
60,960,120	Sewerage system - urban		(822,318)	14,273,609	74,411,4
5,926,355	Sewerage systems - rural		-	1,642,200	7,568,55
15,560,320	Stormwater assets		(25,370)	3,303,586	18,838,5
3,185,554	Flood Protection & Control V	Vorks	-	(29,513)	3,156,0
2,955,920	Other infrastructure assets		-	911,301	3,867,2
563,844	Infrastructural resource cons Financial assets value change via			-	563,8
(82,664)	comprehensive revenue	*4	(609)	(476)	(83,74
\$ 500,293,219		-	(\$2,098,411)	\$ 76,543,303	\$ 574,738,12
Analysis of Movements		-			
	ed portion of Land disposals:				
_	1 5 1	Be	entley Depot and for	mer gasworks sold	(180,00
*2 Revalı	ed portion of Building disposals:		2 1	c	. ,
	I S I		Kitchener	Street Trail closed	(3,10
		Spor		and fitout replaced	(103,89
		1	•	Rural Halls rewired	(36,43
	Leaseh	old improv		et Archive vacated	2,44
				cile fitout replaced	(8,34
				ama fitout replaced	(150,08
		P	entley Depot and for	1	(393,52
*3 Infract	ructural Assets were revalued as at				
	ed portion of Buildings disposals:	SO JUILE Z	or by wor icsuit	יייי איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז	0.7/0
кечан	1 1 0 1	channel 4	faataatha signa	luarta bridgas	1260 75
	Roading assets: - kerb &				(260,75
	Water assets: - water i				(116,34
	Sewerage assets: - sewer			inections	(822,31
	Stormwater assets: - stormv				(25,37
	Other assets: - airport	light repla	acement		
*4 Revalu	ed portion of investments maturing	included t	the following:		
				er Notes matured	(60

Note 26 to come



Masterton District Council (the Council) has a Treasury Management Policy in place to manage the risks associated with financial instruments. The Council is risk averse and seeks to minimise exposure from its treasury activities. The Council has established Council approved Liability Management and Investment policies. These policies do not allow any transactions that are speculative in nature to be entered into.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. The Council is exposed to equity securities price risk on its investments, which are classified as financial assets held at fair value through equity and fair value through P & L. This price risk arises due to market movements in tradeable securities. This price risk is managed by diversification of the council's investment portfolio in accordance with the limits set out in the council's Investment policy.

The Council holds shares (equity instruments) in NZ Local Government Insurance Corporation and NZ Local Government Funding Agency, none of which are publicly traded. Change in value is calculated by calculating the council's share of the reported value of the entity's equity.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The council is not exposed to currency risk, as it does not enter into foreign currency transactions.

Interest rate risk

The weighted average return on the council's investments (after fees) in the year to 30 June 2022 was -8.52 per cent (last year 1.73 per cent) and on the Council's borrowings (as shown in Note 24) the weighted average interest rate being charged at 30 June 2022 is 3.85 per cent (last year 3.95 per cent).

Fair value interest rate risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Borrowing issued at fixed rates exposes the council to fair value interest rate risk. The council's Liability Management Policy outlines the minimum and maximum level of borrowing (40 per cent and 90 per cent) that is to be subject to fixed interest. Floating to fixed interest rate swaps have been entered into to hedge the fair value interest rate risk arising where the council has borrowed at floating rates.

In addition, investments at fixed interest rates expose the Council to fair value interest rate risk. If interest rates on investments at 30 June 2023 had fluctuated by plus or minus 1 per cent, the effect would have been to decrease/increase the fair value through P & L and/or equity reserve by \$246,100 (2022 \$246,100). If interest rates on borrowings at 30 June 2023 had fluctuated by plus or minus 1 per cent, the effect would be to decrease/increase the surplus/(deficit) in future periods by up to \$517,000 (2022 \$500,000) as a result of higher/lower interest expense on borrowings.

Cash flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Borrowings and investments issued at variable interest rates expose the council to cash flow interest rate risk. The Council manages its cash flow interest rate risk on borrowings by using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps. Such interest rate swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings at floating rates and swaps them into fixed rates that are generally lower than those available if the council borrowed at fixed rates directly. Under the interest rate swaps, the Council agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed contract rates and floating-rate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional principal amounts.



Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party will default on its obligation to the Council, causing the council to incur a loss. Due to the timing of its cash inflows and outflows, the council invests surplus cash into term deposits. The council also holds reserve funds that are invested in a number of financial instruments, according to criteria in the Investment Policy. These investments can give rise to a credit risk. The council invests funds only in deposits with registered banks, local authority stock and corporate bonds of BBB credit rating or better, and its Investment Policy limits the amount of credit exposure to any one institution or organisation and the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in less than A rated instruments. Investments in other Local Authorities, via the LGFA, are secured by charges over rates.

The council has no significant concentrations of credit risk in its general debtor assets as it has a large number of credit customers, mainly ratepayers, and the council has powers under the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 to recover outstanding debts from ratepayers.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will encounter difficulty raising liquid funds to meet commitments as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The council aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available. In meeting its liquidity requirements, the council maintains a prudent level of investments held short term to enable operational access to funds if required.

The Council manages its borrowings in accordance with its funding and financial policies, which includes a Liability Management Policy. These policies have been adopted as part of the council's Long-Term Plan. The council is a shareholder in the NZ LGFA and has \$50.0 million from them at 30 June 2022. There are two cash advance facilities with Westpac and ANZ. The maximum amount that could be drawn down using these facilities during 2021/22 was \$10m(2021\$10m). The intent of using these types of facilities is two-fold: 1) to assist meeting cashflow requirements on capital projects prior to conversion to longer term debt, and 2) to enable floating-to-fixed interest rate risk management instruments to be used. As at 30June 2022 no money had been drawn against the CAFs (2021\$0m).

The maturity profile of the Council's interest-bearing investments is disclosed in Note 11 with a split between cash, deposits of less than three months, financial assets of less than 12 months and financial assets with terms greater than 12 months. The table on the next page shows the financial assets exposed to credit risk and the credit ratings of the investments.

Note 26b to come

Contractual maturity of financial liabilities

Note 26b contains a table which discloses the relevant maturity groupings of the Council's term liabilities. The table on the next page analyses all the council's financial liabilities based on the remaining period from the balance date to the contractual maturity date. Future interest payments on floating rate debt are based on the floating rate on the instrument at the balance date. The amounts disclosed are the undiscounted cash flows and include interest payments.

The table also includes the Council's derivative financial instruments that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. A negative cashflow indicates that Council receives a net interest amount.

Note 26c to come

Sensitivity Analysis





The table below illustrates the potential effect on the surplus or deficit and equity (excluding accumulated funds) for reasonably possible market movements, with all other variables held constant, based on the Council's financial instrument exposures at balance date.

Note 27 to come





Capital Management

The Council's capital is its equity (or ratepayers' funds), which comprise retained earnings, revaluation reserves and special funds and reserves. Equity is represented by net assets.

The Local Government Act 2002 [the Act] requires the Council to manage its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealings prudently and in a manner that promotes the current and future interests of the community. Ratepayer's funds are largely managed as a by-product of managing revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealers.

The objective of managing these items is to achieve intergenerational equity, which is a principle promoted in the Act and applied by the Council. Intergenerational equity requires today's ratepayers to meet the costs of utilising the Council's assets and not expecting them to meet the full cost of long-term assets that will benefit ratepayers in future generations. Additionally, the Council has in place asset management plans for major classes of assets detailing renewal and maintenance programmes, to ensure ratepayers in future generations are not required to meet the costs of deferred renewals and maintenance.

The Act requires the Council to make adequate and effective provision in its Long-Term Plan (LTP) and in its annual plan (where applicable) to meet the expenditure needs identified in those plans. And the Act sets out the factors that the Council is required to consider when determining the most appropriate sources of funding for each of its activities. The sources and levels of funding are set out in the funding and financial policies in the Council's LTP.

The council has the following types of Council-created Special Funds and Reserves:

- Reserves representing accumulating asset replacement provisions
- Reserves representing developer contributions towards assets and infrastructure
- General purpose reserves originating from asset sales and carried forward funding
- Restricted reserves intended for special purpose assets or originating from a bequest.

Reserves for asset replacement are used where there is a discrete asset for which renewal or replacement expenditure is required to be met over and above annual revenue.

Developer contributions taken under the District Plan are held in reserves and applied to asset development projects, giving effect to the intent of the District Plan, to help fund the impacts of growth.

Interest is added to reserve fund balances as per the Council policy of protecting the reserve funds against inflation while maximising the interest return for use on Council development projects. Full interest is allocated to bequest and special purpose asset reserves. Deductions from reserves are made based on Council's Annual Plan decisions on the funding source for a range of expenditure.





Note 28 Purpose and Application of Special Funds and Reserves

Plant and Equipment Depreciation Funds

These funds are built up from depreciation on plant and equipment and are used to fund replacements.

General Capital Reserves

These funds have been set aside from the sale of assets, the most significant of which was the sale of Wairarapa Electricity shares in 1996. Forestry sale proceeds are added to this reserve. Funds can be utilised for new asset purchases and to fund one-off Council projects and grants.

Investment Interest Fund

These funds are generated by receiving the proceeds of interest earnings on investments, after allocating interest at the rate of inflation to all other special funds balances. The funds are applied to offset debt servicing costs on specific projects including the CBD upgrade, Chapel Street stormwater line and Castlepoint seawall.

Reserves and Development Funds

These funds represent reserves and development contributions that are generated from the District Plan provisions for financial contributions on development and subdivision. The funds can only be applied to the purpose for which they were taken, i.e. development of assets on reserves and general district development.

Buildings Depreciation Funds

The Council has a series of specific depreciation reserve accounts for assets such as Senior Housing, the District Building, Trust House Recreation Centre and parks and reserves buildings. Depreciation funds on these assets are accumulated in these funds and used for renewal expenditure as required.

Roading, Bridges and Flood Damage Funds

Most roading renewal expenditure is funded from rates and NZTA subsidies, but some funding for the Council's share of bridge renewals and street furniture is being built up in this fund. Roading contributions taken as per the District Plan financial contributions are accumulated in this fund and a separate fund for responding to road flood damage is also part of this group. Use of these funds can be for roading and bridge renewals, upgrades and flood damage.

Urban Infrastructure Depreciation Funds

Depreciation on urban infrastructural assets is accumulated in this fund and applied to renewal of those assets. Infrastructure contributions taken as per the District Plan financial contributions are accumulated in this fund and utilised on renewing and upgrading the network assets.

Miscellaneous Funds

These funds are made up of surpluses and deficits of various distinct entities under the Council's control. Separate balances are maintained for a number of rural water and sewerage supplies and the Dog Control carry forward surpluses. A separate Special Funds account represents a balance of funds carried forward. They are generally rated for specific items, but not spent. The sums are identified at year end and carried forward so they can be applied to the expenditure for which they were raised. The Council has also utilised or borrowed from these funds to advance projects and repay back to the fund, e.g. Wairarapa Combined District Plan project.





Notes to the Accounts					Note 28
MOVEMENTS IN SPECIAL FUND	S & RESERVES	- 2022/23			
	Opening	Transfers	Transfers	Closing	
	Balance	Out	In	Balance	Budget
Plant & Equipment Funds	1,103,544	(420,586)	667,421	1,350,379	1,257,559
General Capital Funds	4,604,301	-	415,000	5,019,301	4,853,300
Investment Interest Fund	509,867	(505,000)	475,396	480,262	606,677
Reserves & Development Funds	1,886,934	(649,824)	1,441,813	2,678,923	2,214,033
Building Depreciation Funds	5,790,453	(1,912,948)	1,848,215	5,725,720	8,522,370
Roading, Bridges & Flood Damage	6,279,447	(4,158,732)	1,577,354	3,698,069	1,608,435
Urban Infrastructural Depreciation	6,115,229	(4,224,113)	3,648,488	5,539,605	5,416,099
Miscellaneous Funds	2,030,766	(2,355,972)	596,087	270,881	-1,649,751
Total	\$28,320,541	(14,227,176)	\$10,669,773	\$24,763,138	\$22,828,722
				Actual	Budget
Analysis of Transfers 'OUT' of Funds & Reserves			2022/23	2022/23	
Funding of Capital Expenditure from special funds & reserves			10,845,025	18,435,042	
Funding of Operating Expenditure from special funds & reserves			3,382,151	3,703,048	
			14,227,176	22,138,090	
Analysis of Transfers 'IN' to Funds	& Reserves				
Reserves & Development Contributions received			1,441,813	653,500	
Infrastructure & Roading Contributions received			2,078,003	3,054,998	
Carry forward funding for on-going	g project commitm	nents		361,555	203,002
Interest earned and retained in sp	ecial funds			6,313	4,000
Interest earned and allocated to Ir	vestment Interest	fund		475,396	231,000
			Sub Total	4,363,080	4,146,500
Depreciation funded into asset replacement reserves funds				5,850,700	6,151,023
	Total of Transfe	rs into funds fro	om Operations	10,213,781	10,297,523
Proceeds from sale of plant & equi	pment assets		-	40,992	20,000
Proceeds from sale of land & build		ng forestry harv	ested)	415,000	5,345,000
	•	rs into funds fro	· -	455,992	5,365,000
			-	10,669,773	15,662,523





Notes to the Accounts

Note 28 (contd)

Special Funds & Reserves - Explanation of variances from Budget:

The balance of Special Funds & Reserves, at \$24.77 million, is \$1.94 million or 8.5% more than budgeted.

Plant & Equipment Fund of \$1.35m is 7.4% more than Plan

Several fleet vehicle replacements were delayed due to availability.

General Capital Funds \$5.02 million is \$166K or 3.4% more than Plan

The proceeds from the sale of the Bentley Street ex-Borough depot are reflected in the balance.

Reserves & Development Funds at \$2.7 million is \$465k or 21.8% more than Plan

Reserves Contributions received of \$1.44 million were 120% more than planned. Expenditure from these funds was \$429K less than budgeted largely due to not all sprortfield building upgrades progressing.

Building Depreciation Funds \$5.7 million is 33% less than Plan or \$2.8 million

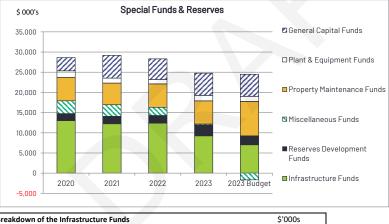
The sale of Panama land was planned and the proceeds expected to have been receipted into this fund. The land disposal was held up with the legal process so the closing balance is significantly less than planned.

Roading & Infrastructural Assets Funds \$9.2 million is \$2.2m more than planned

Financial contributions for roading were expected to be used on Millard Ave and Kitchener St upgrades, but both jobs have not progressed, but financial contributions from related developments have also not been received. Offsetting this net saving has been the need to draw on the Flood/Storm Damage fund to the extent of \$1.85 million versus the plan of \$512k. This fund's closing balance is \$1.62 million. The Council share of the Colombo Road bridge replacement \$1.99 million was drawn from the Roading depreciation fund. Urban infrastructure funds balance of \$5.5m is 2.3% more than planned. The balance of these funds declined by \$575k as more infrastructure renewals work was spent than was able to be funded from current revenue.

Miscellaneous Funds of \$271k compares to Planned balance of -\$1.65 million.

The use of carried forward balances during the year was \$565k less than planned with savings on the cost of the combined district plan review and not spending other carried forward balances to the extent planned. A total of \$1.355 million has been 'borrowed' to achieve the planned rates smoothing that was a feature of the LTP. The figure that was planned to be 'borrowed' from these reserve funds in 2022/23 was \$1.835 million. A total of \$2.395m currently needs to be repaid from current revenue over the balance of the 2021-31 LTP period.



Breakdown of the Infrastructure Funds	\$'000s	
* 3 Waters depreciation and financial contributions	\$5,540	
* Roading depreciation and financial contributions	\$5,319	
* Flood/Storm Damage Fund	(\$1,621)	
	\$9.238	





Note 30

tes to the Acc	counts	Note 29
\$ 2021/22	RECONCILIATION OF NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 2022/23
\$ 9,916,467	Operating Surplus / (Deficit) - Add (less) non-cash items	\$ 10,559,466
14,527,220	Depreciation and amortisation	17,225,696
(1,723,633)	Vested asset gains	(5,440,267
151,985	(Gains)/losses in fair value of biological assets (forestry)	(90,879
-	(Gains)/losses in fair value of investment property	
(144,263)	Other non-cash items	159,941
	- Add (less) items classified as investing or financing	
1,753,405	(Gains)/losses on disposal of property, plant & equipment	2,107,502
(3,453,234)	(Gains)/losses on change in fair value of financial assets/liabilities	(565,583
	- Add (less) movements in working capital items	
(738,147)	(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(4,772,456
46,050	(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	(79,699
(601,307)	(Increase)/decrease in Inventories	179,002
46,667	Increase/(decrease) accounts payable	6,499,831
(17,563)	Increase/(decrease) in employee entitlements	52,320
(1,468,960)	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	1,146,451
5 18,294,687	Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	\$ 26,981,324

Notes to the Accounts

RATING POLICIES REPORT	2022/	/23	2021	/22
RATES REMISSIONS	No.	\$	No.	\$
The cost of the Council's Rates Remission Policy is summarised b	elow.			
Rates remissions were given on:				
Community halls, volunteer & charitable groups	64	94,261	65	88,676
Sporting, arts and cultural use	22	47,277	22	44,389
Land protected for conservation or heritage purposes	84	19,281	84	18,102
Rate penalty remissions*	3,765	437,146 *	3,618	367,439
Uniform charges on non-contiguous units	5	1,680	6	1,975
Urban land with rural use	4	4,647	6	5,928
Total (as per Note 3) 3.944	\$604.291	13.311	\$526.509

* Note: The majority of these penalty remissions were given to properties which had a direct debit (DD) in place to clear the instalment by the end of the quarter. At the penalty date they had a balance due on which an automatic penalty has been calculated, then remitted. These relate to penalty remissions on 3,765 properties. Higher penalty remissions from last year are due to more people choosing to pay by direct debit.

No estimate has been attempted to establish the value of rates revenue which would have been chargeable on those properties which the Rating Act 2002 makes non-rateable. If those properties had been rateable the Council would have still collected the same total rates to fund its activities and the rates-in-the-\$ would have been less, effectively spreading the rates required over more properties and other ratepayers' rates less.

RATES POSTPONEMENTS - Subdivision Developments

Under the Council policy on Rates Postponements for subdivision developments, zero (2022 = 0) ratepayers have received the benefit of being allowed to postpone 50% of the rates on unsold sections.

- Postponements for Hardship or Against Equity

In 2022/23, no properties (2021/22 = 0) requested or were allowed to postpone rates based on the Council's policy for postponement under extreme financial circumstances, or for postponement against equity on the homes of elderly ratepayers.



otes to the Accounts				Note 31
ACTUAL VERSUS PLAN ANALYSIS		2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Treasury Policy	Policy Limit	Actual	Budget	Actual
Net External Debt* as % of Operating revenue	150%	42.2%	42.5%	39.9%
Net Interest expense as % of Op revenue	10%	2.1%	2.0%	3.1%
Net Interest expense as % of Rates revenue	15%	4.0%	3.6%	5.5%
Long Term Debt (external) per capita		\$1,783	\$1,903	\$1,724
Major Variations from Plan Explanations for major variations in the Financial Statemen Statement of Comprehensive Revenue & Expense The accounting surplus of \$10.56 million compares to & Losses and Vested Assets, there was a net overall s Total Operating Revenue of \$79.9m	e the budgeted figure o urplus of \$6.73m vs a	of \$12.98 million sur Plan of \$8.62m.	plus. After exclud	-
* Revenue recognised but not budgeted includes gains \$0.85m. After eliminating these and the budgeted gai This is largely the higher than planned revenue from V Subsidies & grants of \$20.6m was \$6.3m (43.8%) more subsidy of \$17.5m vs a Plan of \$10.4m - the extra bein planned). Government funding towards Hood Aerodre claimed. Offsetting this were unplanned Other Govern grant provided to use for cyclone relief grants.	from vested assets of n on asset disposal, op Vaka Kotahi (see belov e than planned. The m g due to subsidies on ome upgrade project v	\$5.44m and gains o berating revenue is t w). ajority of this variar storm damage costs was planned at \$3.5	n revaluation of ot \$6.78m more than nce is due to Waka s incurred during t m but only \$0.4m	ı planned (+10.2%) ı Kotahi roading he year (and not was able to be
 Financial contributions of \$3.7m were less than plann of increasing contributions over the last three years at area. Finance revenue of \$1.0m was \$0.67m better than plan 	nd comes from the co	ntinuing high level o	of subdivision activ	vity in the urban
 prior to use for debt repayment. * Other operating revenue of \$10.36m was within 1% o including building services revenue being \$0.2m (12% revenue was 25% up on the planned level.) down, solid waste re	venue being \$0.2m	(5%) down and M	awley Holiday Par
Total Operating Expenditure of \$69.4m Personnel Costs (* This is due to a number of budgeted positions not bei	are less than Plan by	\$0.91 m		
Other Expenses of \$33.8m ar			28.5%	
There were unders and overs of operating expenditur				
 Roading costs, including depreciation, were \$6.6m (43 response and cleanup costs of \$5.2m (unplanned). W cost, but the Council has had to draw on the Flood Da 	aka Kotahi subsidy ha	s been taken into ac	count to fund a hi	igh proportion of t
* Operating costs across the 3 waters, excluding deprec Additional revenue of \$0.5m (including stimulus fundi responding to the weather events during the year hav put aside into depreciation resrrves as a result of the l	ng) helps offset some re resulted in this signi	of this extra spendi ificant over-expend	ng, but costs asso	ciated with
 Solid waste costs were some \$248k (4.4%) less than be planned. This is also reflected in the reduced revenue 	figures (down 5% on	planned).	eived at the transf	fer station than
* Operating costs in the Community Facilities activities				
* Higher than planned expenditure in Community Deve activity a grant to Pukaha was not planned, but was fu	inded from external re	evenue.		
 Across the Regulatory activities, they were 7.2% unde budgeted on regional planning and a parking survey. I being achieved as the volume of consents dropped of 	Building Development			
* Across the Corporate Services activities of the Council				
* Interest costs were more than planned due to pre-fun	-	rity, with the cost of 3 months to balance	fset by interest ea cash flow needs f	rned on deposit o
those early-drawn funds. Also, a short-term bank facil extraordinary costs incurred post-cyclone and before	Waka Kotahi confirme			
extraordinary costs incurred post-cyclone and before Depreciation & amortisation * Depreciation increased following an unplanned fair va	Waka Kotahi confirme <i>is more than Plan by</i> lue adjustment as at 3	\$1.26 m 30 June 2022 on infr	7.9% astructural assets	
extraordinary costs incurred post-cyclone and before Depreciation & amortisation * Depreciation increased following an unplanned fair va	Waka Kotahi confirme <i>is more than Plan by</i> alue adjustment as at 3 as more than Plan by	\$1.26 m 30 June 2022 on infr \$2.62 m	7.9% rastructural assets	

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lotes to the Accounts	Note 31 (contd)
ACTUAL VERSUS PLAN ANALYSIS	
Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2023 * Current assets of \$22.9m is \$5.9m higher than planned as there were more receivables, particularly Waka Kot storm damage work.	ahi roading subsidies on
 Property, equipment and other assets are \$8.3m less than planned as a number of capital projects did not pro including the Animal Shelter, Youth Hub, sportsfield buildings, airport development and Panama land improve Infrastructural assets are \$133.5m (16.1%) more than planned due to the revaluation of this class of assets be anticipated in the Plan. The increase in value reflects the higher costs of replacing these assets in the current l environment. 	ments. ing more than was
 In current liabilities, Creditors & other payables are \$13.76m which is 35.3% more than the last year due to th contstruction work underway at 30 June 2023. Employee liabilities have increased 4.8% on last year. This incl increasing 0.3%. 	
 The current financial liabilities Plan expected the valuation of derivatives to still be negative, but interest rate to the extent that they have been revalued to now be assets. 	markets have moved
* Non-current financial liabilities are less than budgeted due to less borrowing for capital projects. The valuatio instruments reflects the financial market-based valuation where these instruments are now 'in the money'.	n of derivative financial
 Statement of Movements in Equity * Overall the Council's Equity is \$135.4m (14.4%) more than anticipated in the Plan largely due to the revaluatio assets which was not anticipated in the plan. 	n of infrastructural
* Special funds and reserves are \$24.8m which is \$1.9m or 8.5% more than planned. Reasons include less draw contributions funds than anticipated and greater flows into funds from developer contributions.	ing on depreciation and
 Statement of Cashflows * The net cashflow from Operating Activities of \$26.98m is 91.8% of the planned figure. This is due to the high I Waka Kotahi at 30 June 2023. 	evel of receivables from
 Investing activities saw less capital expenditure than planned (\$32.5m vs \$41.9m). See explanations of capital below. 	expenditure variance
* The Plan allowed for \$8.5m of external borrowing to fund capital expenditure. Only \$5.0m was needed to fun capital projects that did proceed. The repayment of loans that was planned was completed.	d those loan-funded
Capital Expenditure	
Subsidised roading renewals were \$10.3m versus the Plan of \$11.6m, including the replacement of the eastern bridge over the Waipoua (costing \$4.17m). In addition, \$4.7m was spent on retaining structures as a result of events. Further storm event spending is recorded in operating expenditure.	
* Two non-subsidised roading projects (Kitchener St extension and Millard Ave urbanisation) had \$4.99m allowed only \$0.21m has been spent to date. The Council's cost share of these projects is still expected to come from Contributions collected via the provisions of the Wairarapa Combined District Plan.	Roading
* A total of \$3.3m was spent on urban water reticulation assets, including water meter installations. This compa \$2.7m. The additional costs relate to several projects and and contracts running over from the prior year. Sor funding was used, as planned and close to \$2.1m from depreciation reserves.	
* The Sewer renewal programme was stepped up during the year following a series of weather events that resuservices disrupted and overflows on private properties. Infiltration of storm and ground water into sewers is to increased focus on sewer renewal and relining was implemented, but has meant planned expenditure has beer reticulation renewals totalled \$3.86m which included \$0.71m funded by Government 'Better Off Funding'. Thi planned. A number of reticulation renewal contracts were able to be completed using pipe relining technique work, \$1.5m more debt has been raised for this activity than planned (substituted from other areas).	he cause and so an en exceeded. Sewerage s compares to \$1.5m
* The stormwater upgrades programme spend was \$475k versus the plan of \$320k.	
In Parks and Facilities the completion of the Waipoua pedestrian/cycle bridge was carried into the 2022/23 ye unplanned) while some renewal projects have not been able to be completed (recreation trails and sportsfile particular). The Archive was successfully moved into leased premises where shelving was installed (\$0.62m) . Pensioner housing renewals spending was only \$115k of a \$500k budget while no spending was incurred the u land drainage as the land disposal and associated development have yet to be completed.	d buildings in as per budget.
 The Plan included a provision of \$300k to progress a new Civic/Events facility. Only \$186k was spent as the pr re-focus following the October 2022 Council election. 	oject was paused to
The Airport upgrade capital project had a total of \$6.7m of capital expenditure allowed for in 2022/23 to prog widening and land purchase for the runway extension. The tendering process has taken longer than expected escalated, causing a reset on the scope of work. As external (Government/Kanoa) funding is involved, that res negotiated with Kanoa. Work done has included resurfacing the refueling area, design and tendering of the runway of the result of the result of the result of the result of the runway area.	and the costs have et needed to be
reseal work and a land purchase has been committed. Construction work is now expected to be done in early The new animal shelter project progressed with a revised design and tendering process underway. The contra	
September 2023 with a revised budget. The youth hub at the skatepark was to be completed in 2022/23, but the supplier of the building went into liq	
Council has had to write off the investment to date. Also, the fleet vehicle budget was not fully spent as vehic delays in delivery of replacements.	
* Vested Assets include the infrastructural assets from subdivisions that have been provided by developers (\$5.	44m).



otes to the Accounts			Note 32
OMMITMENTS			
As at 30 June 2023			
This statement provides information about the	funds that the Council is commi	tted to spending o	on major
contracts and projects and discloses information	n on contingent liabilities.		
Capital Commitments			
•	2023	2023	2022
Activity	No. Of Contracts	\$	\$
Roading	7	5,641,442	6,758,493
Water Services Wastewater Services	7 10	1,584,429	1,423,352
Community Facilities - construction	0	1,392,177 0	294,818 105,820
construction	24	8,618,049	8,582,482
Capital commitments represent capital expendi	ture contracted for at balance d	ate, but not yet in	curred.
There are 24 significant construction contracts i	in progress at 30 June 2023 (202	2 = 22). These we	re:
 Roading contracts in progress at 30 June 2023 in relating to the July 22 extreme weather event, E Project. Ten wastewater reticulation renewal contracts 	Blairlogie Langdale retaining wal	l and Willow Brus	h Walls Recovery
Sussex St, Matai St, Bolton Rd, Worksop Rd, Sou	uth Rd, High Street, Colombo Rd	& Herbert St, Kur	ipuni St,
* Seven water reticulation contracts were commi Queen Street, Cornwall St, Worksop Rd, Betts A			nnister Street,
There were a number of professional and maint Professional services contracts commitments h facilities. These are invoiced based on schedule Maintenance contract commitments have beer	have been made for wastewater, d rates or on an hourly basis.	, roading, legal and	d community
In addition, there are facilities management cor	ntract commitments for the Recr	reation Centre and	d Mawley Park.
Operating Lease Commitments (as a lesse	ee)		
Council leases property in the normal course of	its business. Two of these have	reverted to mont	hly; the
Wairarapa Archive and the Geneology Centre at	t 79 Queen Street. The main Cou	incil customer ser	vice centre at
161 Queen Street lease was renewed in July 202			•
digitisation project and records storage was ext	ended to November 2022. A ne	w Archive lease o	n 3 Albert Street
was started April 2022 for three years.			
Future aggregate minimum lease payments pay			
	able under non-cancellable oper	-	
Not later than one year		2023	2022
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five year	Γ	2023 228,006	2022 241,782
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five year: Later than five years	Γ	2023	2022 241,782
Later than one year and not later than five year	Γ	2023 228,006 437,555	2022 241,782 662,842
Later than one year and not later than five year Later than five years	s	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561	2022 241,782 662,842
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council b	s	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561	2022 241,782 662,842
Later than one year and not later than five year Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council L perating Lease Commitments (as a lesso	s by any of the leasing arrangeme	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561 nts.	2022 241,782 662,842 (\$904,623
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council b	s by any of the leasing arrangeme br) ber of leases in place. Residenti	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561 <i>ints.</i> al tenancies are n	2022 241,782 662,842 () \$904,623 ot included as
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council L perating Lease Commitments (as a lesso In the course of it's business Council has a numl	s by any of the leasing arrangeme or) ber of leases in place. Residenti bds. The non-cancellable leases i	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561 <i>ints.</i> al tenancies are no include 20 for graz	2022 241,782 662,842 \$904,623 ot included as ring, (2022 = 16),
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council & Operating Lease Commitments (as a lesso In the course of it's business Council has a numl they have two weeks to one month notice perior 15 sporting groups, including a mix of ground ar other properties (2022 = 17). 47 of these leases	s by any of the leasing arrangeme or) ber of leases in place. Residenti ods. The non-cancellable leases i nd building rentals (2022 = 15), i s expire in the next 12 months (2	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561 <i>ints.</i> al tenancies are no include 20 for graz 31 Airport sites (20	2022 241,782 662,842 \$904,623 ot included as ting, (2022 = 16), 022 = 31) and 15
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council b Operating Lease Commitments (as a lesso In the course of it's business Council has a numl they have two weeks to one month notice perior 15 sporting groups, including a mix of ground ar other properties (2022 = 17). 47 of these leases (2022 = 23) and 18 have a term greater than five	s by any of the leasing arrangeme or) ber of leases in place. Residenti ods. The non-cancellable leases in nd building rentals (2022 = 15), is s expire in the next 12 months (2 e years (2022 = 20).	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561 <i>ints.</i> al tenancies are no include 20 for graz 31 Airport sites (20 2022 = 37), 16 with	2022 241,782 662,842 () \$904,623 ot included as cing, (2022 = 16), 022 = 31) and 15 hin five years
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Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years Total Non-cancellable operating leases There are no restrictions placed on the Council & Operating Lease Commitments (as a lesso In the course of it's business Council has a numl they have two weeks to one month notice perio 15 sporting groups, including a mix of ground ar other properties (2022 = 17). 47 of these leases (2022 = 23) and 18 have a term greater than five A number of leases are in the process of being r future aggregate minimum lease payments to b Not later than one year	s by any of the leasing arrangeme or) ber of leases in place. Residenti ods. The non-cancellable leases i nd building rentals (2022 = 15), i s expire in the next 12 months (2 e years (2022 = 20). renewed or are on year by year r re collected under non-cancellab	2023 228,006 437,555 0 \$665,561 ints. al tenancies are no include 20 for graz 31 Airport sites (20 2022 = 37), 16 with renewals. The cu- le operating lease 2023 476,181	2022 241,782 662,842 0 \$904,623 ot included as tring, (2022 = 16), 022 = 31) and 15 hin five years rrrent value of the as are as follows:

150



Notes to the Accounts	Note 33
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES and CONTINGENT ASSETS	
As at 30 June 2023	
Contingencies	
Town Hall & District Building - Earthquake Prone Impairment	
Comprehensive assessments of the earthquake rating of the Town Hall & District Building were a qualified structural engineer during 2016 and as a result of being below code, the older parts of closed to the public and Council staff were relocated to alternate premises. A written report whi remediation and strengthening options has been received and costed. The estimated cost of the four and five times the value of the buildings. At 30 June 2022 the Council had consulted a numb Annual Plans and LTPs) on broad options for the future of the buildings. The 2021-31 LTP include new civic facility on another site. The future of the Town Hall and District Building remains unce action (demolition or strengthening) is required before 2026. The Council's main administration Waiata House and the old buildings now are fully non-operational. A write-down to their impairs recognised in 2016/17.	the buildings were ich provided e work is between ber of times (via it's es provision for a rtain, but some building is now
Contaminated Sites	
The Council is aware of the existence of three sites within the Masterton urban boundary which contamination as a result of the operation of former gas works. The Council is meeting its obliga to disclosure about these sites pursuant to the Resource Management Act and has commissione levels of contamination and continues to undertake monitoring as required.	ations with respect
The former gas works site in Bentley Street was sold by the Council in 2022/23.	
The Council purchased, for a nominal sum, a piece of land on the corner of Church St and Colom has some sub-soil contamination and subsidence problems and is used for passive recreation. Or part Council ownership, part private. Studies have been commissioned by Council to establish th contamination is not causing any threat to the current occupiers, but has accepted no liability for	ne other site is in hat the level of
Local Government Funding Agency (LGFA) Guarantee	
As stated in Note 23 (Provisions) and Note 26a (Financial Instrument Risks), the Council is a share of the LGFA which has a credit rating of AA+. The Council holds \$0.1m value of shares and \$0.1m That brings with it obligations in terms of the guarantee liability which has been disclosed in the Council has been unable to determine a sufficiently reliable and fair value for the guarantee and recognised a liability or contingency value.	n uncalled capital. se Notes. The
Court proceedings	
1 As reported in the 2022 Annual Report three legal proceedings had been filed against the Council's role in building consenting processes. One relates to structural issues with the Wa hospital which was built in 2006/07, the second relates to plumbing issues in the Glenwood Mass the third relates to a private house and the owner challenging whether Council staff executed a Glenwood Masonic Hospital claim has been withdrawn, while the private house claim is subject process. In the two current cases, there is currently no indication of the likelihood of Council's d successful or otherwise, so no financial provision has been made.	irarapa DHB conic Hospital and duty of care. The to the legal lefence being
2 The Wairarapa Hospital claim (progressed to trial by Te Whatu Ora) was the subject of a four we in August 2023. The judgement has yet to be released. Council and it's insurers and legal represe strongly defended the claim. There is no indication of that defence being successful or otherwise	entatives have



Notes to the Accounts	Note 33 contd
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES and CONTINGENT ASSETS As at 30 June 2023	
Contingent Assets - insurance receivable The Council has settled all claims brought against it by Masterton Trust Lands Trust with respect issues they disputed with an engineering design company. The Council's insurers have reserved t respect to accepting cover for one of the claims. A decision on the matter is subject to a legal de of Appeal on a separate case, but one with similar facts to MDC's - ie weathertight issues were a insurance cover has been reserved. In the Council's view, the legal and settlement costs remain the insurers. There has been a decision by the Court of Appeal (in August 2023) in favour of the which points to the potential for claiming legal and settlement costs back from insurers. The sur There were no other contingent assets.	their decision with ecision of the Court Iso challenged and receivable from Council involved,
Notes to the Accounts	Note 34
EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE	
There have been no events after balance date that are material to the financial statements other than the Wat programme.	er Services Reform
Legislation passed in December 2022 established four publicly owned water services entities to carry out respon delivery of three waters services and related assets and liabilities currently controlled by local authorities. A water enable the transfer of these assets and liabilities to the water services entities, is currently before Parliament.	
On 13 April 2023, the Government announced further proposed amendments to the number of water services their establishment dates starting from early 2025, with all the water services entities to be established by 1 Ju the transfer of assets and liabilities is therefore uncertain until amendments to existing legislation are passed.	00
The national election in October 2023 has seen a change in government and created uncertainty about the wat time of writing, no government has been formed and changes to the previous regime's initiative have been sig	





AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE He arotake pūtea me te tūtohu ture

[Section Cover Page]

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY

Compliance

The Council and management of the Masterton District Council confirm that all the statutory requirements in relation with the Annual Report have been complied in accordance with Clause 34 of Schedule 10 of the Local Government Act 2002, with the exception of the late adoption of the annual report as disclosed in Note XX.

The Council and management of Masterton District Council certify that all the statutory requirements of the Local Government Act 2002, including the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014, regarding financial management and borrowing have been complied with.

The service performance information has been prepared in accordance with the Public Benefit Entity Financial Reporting Standard 48 Service Performance Reporting.

Responsibility

The Council and management of Masterton District Council accept responsibility for the preparation of the annual Financial Statements, Statements of Service Performance, reporting as per the regulations and the judgements used in them.

The Council and management of Masterton District Council accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the financial statements, the statements of service performance and reporting as per the regulations.

In the opinion of the Council and management of Masterton District Council, the annual Financial Statements, Statements of Service Performance and reporting as per the regulations for the year ended 30 June 2022, fairly reflect the financial position and operations of Masterton District Council.

Gary Caffell Mayor

Kym Fell Chief Executive

David Paris Manager Finance

Date: November 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDIT NEW ZEALAND

Mana Arotake Aotearoa

TO THE READERS OF MASTERTON DISTRICT COUNCIL'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Masterton District Council (the District Council). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Jacques Du Toit, using the staff and resources of Audit New Zealand, to report on the information in the District Council's annual report that we are required to audit under the Local Government Act 2002 (the Act). We refer to this information as "the audited information" in our report.

We are also required to report on:

- whether the District Council has complied with the requirements of Schedule 10 of the Act that apply to the annual report; and
- the completeness and accuracy of the District Council's disclosures about its performance against benchmarks that are required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014.

We refer to this information as "the disclosure requirements" in our report.

OUR AUDIT WAS COMPLETED LATE.

We completed our work on 24 May 2023. This is the date on which we give our report. We acknowledge that our audit was completed later than required by Section 98(7) of the Local Government Act 2002. This was due to an auditor shortage in New Zealand and the consequential effects of Covid-19.

OPINION ON THE AUDITED INFORMATION

In our opinion:

- the financial statements on pages 92 to 147:
 - present fairly, in all material respects:
 - the District Council's financial position as at 30 June 2022;
 - the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
 - comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Reporting Standards;
- the funding impact statement on page 82, presents fairly, in all material respects, the amount of funds produced from each source of funding and how the funds were applied as compared to the information included in the District Council's annual plan;
- the statements of service performance on pages 18 to 75:
 - presents fairly, in all material respects, the District Council's levels of service for each group of activities for the year ended 30 June 2022, including:





- the levels of service achieved compared with the intended levels of service and whether any intended changes to levels of service were achieved;
- the reasons for any significant variation between the levels of service achieved and the intended levels of service; and
- complies with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand; and
- the statement about capital expenditure for each group of activities on pages 84 to 91, presents fairly, in all material respects, actual capital expenditure as compared to the budgeted capital expenditure included in the District Council's long-term plan; and
- the funding impact statement for each group of activities on pages 84 to 91, presents fairly, in all material respects, the amount of funds produced from each source of funding and how the funds were applied as compared to the information included in the District Council's long-term plan.

REPORT ON THE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

We report that the District Council has:

- complied with the requirements of Schedule 10 of the Act that apply to the annual report; and
- made the disclosures about performance against benchmarks as required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014 on pages 79 to 81, which represent a complete list of required disclosures and accurately reflects the information drawn from the District Council's audited information and, where applicable, the District Council's long-term plan.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER – UNCERTAINTY OVER THE WATER SERVICES REFORM PROGRAMME

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 34 on page 147 which outlines developments in the Government's water services reform programme which will affect the District Council in future years.

Legislation passed in December 2022 established four publicly owned water services entities to carry out responsibilities for the delivery of three waters services and related assets and liabilities currently controlled by local authorities. A water services Bill to enable the transfer of these assets and liabilities to the water services entities, is currently before Parliament. Until the Bill is passed, the financial impact of the transfer on the District Council, remains uncertain.

On 13 April 2023, the Government announced further proposed amendments to the number of water services entities and to stagger their establishment dates starting from early 2025, with all the water services entities to be established by 1 July 2026. The timing of the transfer of assets and liabilities is therefore uncertain until amendments to existing legislation are passed.

BASIS FOR OUR OPINION ON THE AUDITED INFORMATION

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. We describe our responsibilities under those standards further in the "Responsibilities of the auditor for the audited information" section of this report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the audited information.





RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COUNCIL FOR THE AUDITED INFORMATION

The Council is responsible for meeting all legal requirements that apply to its annual report.

The Council's responsibilities arise under the Local Government Act 2002 and the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014.

The Council is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare the information we audit that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the information we audit the Council is responsible for assessing its ability to continue as a going concern. The Council is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to amalgamate or cease all of the functions of the District Council or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE AUDITED INFORMATION

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the audited information, as a whole, is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of this audited information.

For the budget information reported in the audited information, our procedures were limited to checking that the budget information agreed to the District Council's long-term plan.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited information.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

• We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the audited information, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Council's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Council.
- We determine the appropriateness of the reported intended levels of service in the statement of service performance, as a reasonable basis for assessing the levels of service achieved and reported by the District Council.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Council and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast a significant doubt on the District Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the audited information or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our





conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the District Council to cease to continue as a going concern.

• We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the audited information, including the disclosures, and whether the audited information represents, where applicable, the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Council is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the information included on pages 3 to 152 but does not include the audited information and the disclosure requirements.

Our opinion on the audited information and our report on the disclosure requirements do not cover the other information.

Our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the audited information and the disclosure requirements, or our knowledge obtained during our work, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENCE

We are independent of the District Council in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

In addition to our audit of the audited information and our report on the disclosure requirements, we perform a limited assurance engagement related to the District Council's Debenture Trust Deed. Other than these engagements, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the District Council.

Karen Young

Audit New Zealand On behalf of the Auditor-General Wellington, New Zealand





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6.6 2024-2034 LONG-TERM PLAN UPDATE

File Number:

Author:	Tania Madden, Acting Manager Strategy and Governance
Authoriser:	Karen Yates, Manager Strategy and Governance

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to provide the Audit and Risk Committee with an update on progress with the development of the 2024-34 Long Term Plan.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Audit and Risk Committee

- i) Receives the 2024-34 Long-Term Plan update report.
- ii) Notes the risks identified in this report.

CONTEXT

Under section 93 of the Local Government Act 2002, councils are required to prepare and adopt a Long-Term Plan (LTP) every three years.

Section 93 of the LGA stipulates that the purpose of a long-term plan is to:

- describe the activities of the local authority; and
- describe the community outcomes of the local authority's district or region; and
- provide integrated decision-making and co-ordination of the resources of the local authority; and
- provide a long-term focus for the decisions and activities of the local authority; and
- provide a basis for accountability of the local authority to the community.

The LTP is Council's key planning document setting out council's strategic direction, activities and projects over a ten-year period, including services that will be provided, projects to be undertaken, how much will be spent, how it will be paid for and how performance and success will be measured.

The LTP process offers a timely mechanism for reviewing Council's services and activities, its financial policies, and for assessing/addressing any gaps or conflicts in our strategic direction.

Preparation of an LTP is a significant project that involves collaboration across all areas of council.

The 2024-34 LTP must be adopted by Council by 30 June 2024.

DISCUSSION

In May 2023 the Audit and Risk Committee endorsed the scope of work, and noting it is not possible to comprehensively review all components of the LTP in one planning cycle, also endorsed three priorities for the 2024-34 LTP, being:

1. The Revenue and Policy Review.



- 2. Levels of Service Review.
- 3. Budget Review.

The three priority areas identified for full review as part of the 2024-34 LTP are:

1. Revenue & Finance Policy

The draft Revenue & Financing Policy (R & F Policy) was adopted for consultation on 18 October 2023. Further information is included in the adoption Report 4.1 available on the <u>Masterton District</u> <u>Council website</u>.

Consultation launched on Friday 20 October, and closes on Monday 20 November 2023. At the time of writing 33 submissions had been received. Hearings are scheduled for 29 November 2023, and deliberations on proposed changes will be held as part of the Council meeting scheduled for 13 December 2023. New valuations from Quotable Value (QV) are also due in early December. Any policy implications resulting from the valuations will be considered early in 2024.

Council is consulting on a proposal to maximise user fees wherever possible, while ensuring they are fair and achievable. The impact of the proposal on fees and charges will be determined when the Council sets its fees and charges as part of the LTP process.

2. Levels of Service Review

Council committed to undertaking a full review of levels of service for the 2024-34 LTP, with the emphasis being on achieving efficient, effective and equitable service delivery that is appropriate for our community.

Asset Management Plans for infrastructure assets are currently being workshopped. Any potential changes in levels of service resulting from asset management discussions will be costed and considered through the budget review process. Any significant changes that are proposed will be consulted on.

Council workshopped levels of service for most other activity areas over May-July 2023. Key opportunities for potential change/improvement to be explored further include:

- Customer Services needs and opportunities
- Community Development priorities
- Identification of land and rural halls that could be divested or repurposed
- Sports and Facilities needs analysis and opportunities
- Street Tree Maintenance and Policy review
- Playground Utilisation needs and opportunities
- Public Toilet Facilities utilisation and needs
- Grants Structure review



The cost implications of any follow up action will be factored into budgets for Council consideration; and work that is confirmed will be programmed into the 2024-34 LTP and/or feedback will be sought as part of the LTP consultation process, noting any significant changes to levels of service must be consulted on.

3. Budget Review

Budget reviews are underway currently, with an initial draft budget scheduled to be shared with Council mid-December 2023. As noted, any options identified as part of the level of service review will be incorporated into the budget review, along with any other 'new or different' expenditure that is identified – e.g. if something new or different is required given legislative change or community growth/demand. Other drivers such as inflation assumptions and depreciation increases as a result of asset revaluations will also be identified and incorporated.

It is noted that Council has signalled a desire to minimise future rates impacts for our community, especially in the current economic climate and there will be an emphasis on identifying efficiencies/cost savings and providing the Council with options for prioritising revenue opportunities and spending.

Other Policy Reviews

In addition to the Revenue and Finance Policy, a range of other policies are scheduled for review as we develop the LTP. In May 2023 it was noted that other policy reviews will be targeted given they were reviewed as part of the 2021-31 LTP process.

The other policies scheduled for review are:

Policy:	Current Status:
Treasury Management PolicyLiability Management PolicyInvestment Policy	Review Complete - Reviewed by Audit & Risk in May 2023.
Development & Contributions Policy	Review early 2024
Postponement & Remission of Rates on Māori Freehold Land Policy	Currently being reviewed.
Rates Remission Policy	Reviewed with Revenue & Finance Policy
Rates Postponement Policy	Reviewed with Revenue & Finance Policy
Significance & Engagement Policy	Review has commenced. No substantive changes

	have been identified to date.
Asset Management Policy	Review Complete – Policy is included in this agenda for Audit and Risk endorsement.

Other LTP Work

The **Environmental Scan** was finalised in September 2023. A copy of the E-Scan will soon be available on the Council's website in the LTP 2024-34 hub, which is currently being developed.

Updates on other LTP related work that is currently being progressed includes:

- Forecasting Assumptions
 - **Climate change assumptions** have been workshopped with Council. A follow up workshop will be held to consider the implications for Council assets and activities, and the role of governance.
 - We initially indicated that revised population and growth assumptions would be workshopped with Council in June. That was then deferred to October given resourcing constraints in the Strategy & Governance team, and given the publication of the Housing and Business Capacity Assessment and the draft Future Development were pending. These documents are now available publicly and work on the growth assumptions is underway, noting there has been further delay given resource and capacity constraints in the Strategy & Governance team continue.
 - The BERL financial indicators are used as the basis for our financial assumptions.
 These have now been released and staff will review the financial assumptions as part of the budget review and assumption development process.
- Asset Management Plans for Roading, Solid Waste, Parks and Open Spaces and Property and Facilities are being progressed. Workshops have been held recently to consider the Roading and Three Waters AMPs, noting three waters AMPs were progressed by DIA with support from our team. Solid Waste, Parks and Open Spaces and Property and Facilities AMPs will be workshopped with Council through November 2023.
- A draft **Communications and Engagement Plan** for the 2024-34 LTP is being developed. This will be workshopped with Council and finalised once the key issues for consultation are confirmed.
- **Strategic Vision and Outcomes** for the 2024-34 LTP have been workshopped with Council. A new diagram of the strategic framework is being developed reflecting the strategic priorities Council have identified for the 2024-34 LTP (in no particular order):



- Progressing toward co-governance with mana whenua
- o Growing community connections and mana/pride
- Improving our infrastructure
- Managing our growth and development well
- Improving our resilience through climate action
- Underpinned by key values of: Affordability; Equity; Mana/Pride; Trust and Accountability

These strategic priorities will support Council decision making when prioritising projects and budget for the 2024-34 LTP.

- A **Strategy Stocktake** is underway to assess how current strategies and policies align with Council's priorities, and to identify any gaps or conflicts. The assessment will be workshopped with Council.
 - Noting that the need to refresh (and most likely repurpose as a framework) *He Hiringa Tangata, He Hiringa Whenua* (Council's Wellbeing Strategy) has already been identified. This work will be scheduled for Year 1 of the 2024-34 LTP.

Over the next three months we will also:

- Review Council's **Infrastructure** and **Financial Strategies** drawing on our Asset Management Plans and feedback from workshops to inform the Level of Service, Budget and Revenue and Finance Policy Reviews.
- Undertake a **targeted review** of Council's **performance measure** framework to reflect any changes to levels of service and/or investment that are confirmed, noting a full review was undertaken for the 2021-31 LTP.
- Confirm budgets and issues for consultation and begin drafting the **Consultation Document** to be adopted in March 2024.

Uncertainties and Assumptions

As previously reported, there are always uncertainties in an LTP process. Council's assumptions will acknowledge any uncertainties and how we have responded to those. We will use the best data or information that is available to us at the time a decision is required and will clearly state in our assumptions the data or information that we have relied upon and any potential limitations of that. We will also outline the potential consequences of, for example, higher or lower growth, inflation, interest rates etc.

For 2024 key uncertainties that have been identified to date include:

• Three Waters Reform – the recent general election has resulted in a change of government which currently presents some uncertainty regarding the future of the Three Waters Reform. We are considering how the LTP will reflect three waters while awaiting further direction from the new government.

- There is also the potential for other changes in policy given the change in government, which we will continue to monitor and respond accordingly.
- Economic uncertainty will impact our financial assumptions and cost estimates in particular. We will draw on BERL 2023 forecasts for our financial assumptions.
- Potential outcomes or implications of the Wairarapa Combined District Plan review process were signalled in May 2023. The proposed Plan is currently out for consultation, with hearings to be held in 2024. Any changes are unlikely to be confirmed for the 2024-34 LTP, but we will consider the proposed Plan in the development of the LTP.

LTP Project Risks

Risks and associated mitigation strategies identified by the project team were included in the May 2023 and August 2023 reports to the Audit and Risk Committee.

As reported previously, the key project risk currently is capacity to complete the work required for the 2024-34 LTP noting staffing shortages and vacancies and competing priorities in the Strategy and Governance team; the Finance team; and the Assets and Operations (A&O) team, noting the A&O team lead the development of AMPs and the Infrastructure Strategy.

The following actions have been undertaken to mitigate the risk to the LTP project:

- The Strategy & Governance Team have reprioritised the work programme to focus on LTP related work, noting some other work (such as non LTP related policy reviews) have been paused and/or deferred until current vacancies are filled.
- Contract support has been secured to lead the Revenue and Finance Policy workstream, and to support the review of Remissions on Māori Freehold Land Policy.
- The Senior Policy Advisor has been supporting work on the Parks and Open Spaces and Community Facilities AMPs, enabling the A&O team to prioritise work on the Roading, Three Waters and Solid Waste AMPs.
- Staff across all teams are working additional hours to progress the work needed to deliver the 2024-34 LTP and its component parts alongside the 2022/23 Annual Report.

SUMMARY OF CONSIDERATIONS

Strategic, Policy and Legislative Implications

Under the Local Government Act 2002 (LGA), councils are required to prepare and adopt a Long-Term Plan (LTP) every three years.

Section 93 of the LGA stipulates that the purpose of a long-term plan is to:

- describe the activities of the local authority; and
- describe the community outcomes of the local authority's district or region; and
- provide integrated decision-making and co-ordination of the resources of the local authority; and



- provide a long-term focus for the decisions and activities of the local authority; and
- provide a basis for accountability of the local authority to the community.

An audit of the LTP Consultation Document and the final LTP document are undertaken by Council's Auditors, Audit New Zealand, to ensure Council has complied with the requirements of the Act in developing it's LTP.

Significance, Engagement and Consultation

The adoption of an LTP is a significant decision. The Local Government Act (LGA) requires Council to follow the Special Consultation Procedure (SPC) as prescribed in Section 83 of the LGA when adopting an LTP. The SCP requirements include adopting a Consultation Document, consulting for a period of at least one month and providing opportunities for our community to be heard.

Financial Considerations

Substantive resourcing is required to produce an LTP. This is primarily existing staff time with support from external consultants and legal advisors where necessary. Core project team members reflect the breadth of work and include staff from Finance, Policy, Asset Management, Communications and Community Development teams.

In addition to staff time, key costs include the cost of the audit process; any engagement and consultation that is undertaken; external consultant costs needed to support any element of the LTP process (eg asset management plan risk chapters); and support for any research or supporting information needed – e.g. to ascertain accurate costings for projects, to undertake condition assessments of assets etc.

Budget provisions across asset and corporate departments of Council total some \$270,000. These sums have been allowed for across the 2022/23 and 2023/24 Annual Plans. It includes the cost of the LTP audit which is expected to be close to \$100,000 and excludes staff time.

Implications for Māori

The communication and engagement plan will identify opportunities for iwi, hapū, marae, hapori Māori to contribute to the decision-making of the LTP 2024-34.

Communications/Engagement Plan

A communications and engagement plan is being developed for the 2024-34 LTP

Environmental/Climate Change Impact and Considerations

Climate change implications and actions will be considered as part of the development of the LTP 2024-34.

ATTACHMENTS

Nil



6.7 THREE MONTHS TO DATE FINANCIAL REPORT QUARTER 1 2023/2024 (COVERING REPORT)

File Number:

Author: David Paris, Manager Finance

Authoriser: Kym Fell, Chief Executive

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document acts as a 'placeholder' for the report 'Three Months to Date Financial Report Quarter 1 2023/2024' which was unable to be completed in time for the circulation of the agenda due to the Finance Team dealing with audit queries in relation to the Annual Report over the past two weeks.

The report will be sent out to members under separate cover.

7 PUBLIC EXCLUDED

RESOLUTION TO EXCLUDE THE PUBLIC

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the public be excluded from the following parts of the proceedings of this meeting.

The general subject matter of each matter to be considered while the public is excluded, the reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter, and the specific grounds under section 48 of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 for the passing of this resolution are as follows:

General subject of each matter to be considered	Reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter	Ground(s) under section 48 for the passing of this resolution
7.1 - Minutes of the Audit and Risk Committee Meeting held with the public excluded on 23 August 2023	s7(2)(a) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of deceased natural persons s7(2)(c)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
	confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely to prejudice the supply of similar information, or information from the same source, and it is in the public interest that such information should continue to be supplied	
	s7(2)(c)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely otherwise to damage the public interest	
	s7(2)(d) - the withholding of the information is necessary to avoid prejudice to measures protecting the health or safety of members of the public	
	s7(2)(e) - the withholding of the information is necessary to avoid prejudice to measures that	

	prevent or mitigate material loss to members of the public s7(2)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to enable Council to carry on, without prejudice or disadvantage, negotiations (including commercial and industrial negotiations)	
7.2 - Health and Safety Quarterly Report	s7(2)(a) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of deceased natural persons	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7
7.3 - SLT Risk Discussion	s7(2)(c)(i) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely to prejudice the supply of similar information, or information from the same source, and it is in the public interest that such information should continue to be supplied s7(2)(c)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information would be likely otherwise to damage the public interest	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7